Europa; How oil weapon can be blunted

# **Vational** steel strike hreatened on 2% offer

William Sirs, leader of the steel industry's est union, last night rejected the British Corporation's 2 per cent pay offer as in the abortive Dublin-summit, and in the aborti

# Union 'livid' at pay and jobs package

il Routledge

week's notice of indus-

ntre-right

is poll in

n Dec 3.—Partugal re-the centre right Demo-

Miance to power today, ars after welcoming the ow of nearly half a cenright-wing dictatorship. Democratic Alliance cap-

118 seats on the main-On the Azores and a. the Social Democratic

one of its components, other seven seats to give liance half of the 250

took three of these seats 1976 general election re expected to do the

would give the Alliance

of 128 seats, a majority over the combined oppu-

of Socialists, Communists, me deputy from the e-left People's Demo-

rancisco Sa Carreiro, the

old lawyer who leads cial Democrats and the

e is expected to be ted Prime Minister by on Ramalho Eanes once

sa Carneiro said the elec-

ith a turnout of close on

rise of the Portuguese

cent, showed the com-

and their continuing

in the democratic pro-

dario Soarcs, the Socialist conceded defeat during the as results showed a

away from his party to the right or to the

por Alvaro Cunhal, the

unist's secretary-general.

he election was a victory

Sa Carneiro has been

y critical of President

whom he has accused of

ately supporting the left contemplating a military ential type of govern-The Alliance has made it

that it will not support nudature should General seek a second presidentm in 1981. —Reuter.

zal's new rulers, page 6 rd Levin, page 12

is party

result has been

the new Parliament. seas Portuguese postal to return a further four is will be counted on per 12. The Alliance

iance

rtugal

itional strike is brewing cent pay offer and manit plans to cut the work-y about 50,000. tiators from the largest

unions to accept 2 per cent across the board and local, self-financing "efficient working arrangements" in place of traditional national bargaining. Deals at works or divisional level might yield up to 10 per cent more but only if justified by "improved, proven performance results".

The ISTC negotiators rejected this formula as divisive, and the union's position will become clearer after the 21-man executive meets in London on Friday. Mr Sirs added: "Our people are beginning to get more aggressive. They are absolutely fed up of being on the receiving end. We have lost over 40,000 jobs over the past two years nators from the largest
the industry, the Iron
el Trades Confederation,
av rejected within
a wage package tabled
British Steel Corporahey recommended the
executive to issue "a
directive" to the entire
ector membership. ector membership. villiam Sirs, general sec-of the ISTC, last night le room for doubt that truction will be for an end. We have lost over 40,000 jobs over the past two years without the traumatic events in Germany and France, and this is all the thanks we get. Steelworkers are still working in a dirty and dangerous industry, and they are being asked to do it for a 15 per cent reduction in strike, hut almost cerot before early January. lustry's wage agreement t expire until December the union would then

it for a 15 per cent reduction in their standard of living." tion.
is no mistaking the ness of the labour rela-isis. Mr Sirs said: "Our s are livid, and they are The steelworkers are unlikely to agree to go to arbitration, as the industry's disputes procespared to accept. They dure provides, and a five-minute eached the stage now adjournment after the initial regardless of what rejection of the 2 per cent offer regardless of what rejection of the 2 per cent offer to the industry—they left the two sides at stalemate. coing to accept this sort BSC refused to improve its which they regard as offer. to the industry—they going to accept this sort

insulting."

Orieves said in a state-corporation's position ment later: "The corporation t bluntly by Dr David is convinced that to add submanaging director stantial extra wage costs to managing director nel and social policy), nsisted: "We cannot current losses would be gravely irresponsible and, in the long run, contrary to the interests of to do any more. The e that we are bust." He
"It's like Mother Hubhere's nothing in the meed for performance improvements to be reflected in actual

which last week amountinancial results throughout the half yearly loss of BSC. The scale of improvement and expects "worse to needed is such that it calls for has embarked on a new major change to be accepted. f job cutbacks aimed at major change to be accepted.

12 an industry employ to be unpalatable ones affecting.

13 000 people and production possible plant closures and levels of manning.

14 BSC is hoping to get through

its partial closure of Shotton and Corby steelworks "quite fast", and will then turn its attention to cutting the labour will affect some of the ints that the unions were safe from rationforce at Llanwern and Port Tal-bot in South Wales, Consett in co Durham and the Normanby sponse to the claim put everal unions for rises than 20 per cent for staff and manual f and manual Park Anchore works in Sciun-BSC asked the thorpe Linconshire.

## Thatcher pledge to keep asking for more By Fred Emery

Political Editor

Mrs Margaret Thatcher said yesterday that she doubted whether Britain would get that "broad balance" in its EEC budget contributions next year which she has been so vociferously demanding. But site would keep asking for more.

But the Prime Minister seemed, if not chastened, to want to show her more reasonable side, claiming all the time that it was not a bad "start" to have been offered £350m of the £1,000m reduction she had sought in Britain's estimated contribution next year. contribution next year. There would now be intense

diplomatic activity to try to increase Britain's receipts from the Community in time for the planned summit next February. Mrs Thatcher seemed to nint that the meeting would not take place unless all the figures had been agreed beforehand. She did not say how much less she might agree to than the original £1,000m demanded, but she did not deny that assump-tion by Mr Callagaen, leader of the Opposition.

The solution lay in reforming the "structure" of the EEC common agricultural policy.

That would take time; that could bring "broad balance"; the Community had to do it; it must by next spring do its best to increase Britain's receipts, plus retaining the £350m cut in our contributions offered in Dublin.

The "structure" had to be reformed within 18 months, that is, the end of Britain's financial year 1980-81.

year 1980-81.

Mrs Thatcher was also brought for the first time to speculate on British countermeasures if we failed to get our way. To Mr Alexander Eadie, Labour MP for Midlothian, she said there were only two ways: to prevent further progress in Community decisions, which would be disruptive; and to withhold Britain's budget contributions. She insisted that the latter had not so far been considered; had not so far been considered; But she noted that it was more direct while the former was "more disruptive". She no longer called it "illegal".

## Labour call to leave the Nine Labour's home policy com

mittee came close to pushing the party towards withdrawal from the EEC last night. A resolution was approved setting up a study group to examine alternatives to membership, as well as calling on the Govern-ment to cease paying all EEC taxes and boycotting EEC



reading Neues Deutschland, the newspaper of the East German communist party, while attending a conference of his Social Democranic Party in West Berlin yesterday. Herr Brandt launched a strongly worded

wall: Herr Helmut attack on Herr Franz Josef Strauss, who will Schmidt, the West German Chancellor, lead the conservative opposition in next year's elections. A victory for Herr Strauss, he said would lose Germany the hard-won confidence of the world. Instead there would be fear in Germany, fear for Germany fear Full report, page 6

# British move to end Rhodesia deadlock They could not negotiate by By David Spanier They could not negotiate by telephone in this way. He said that Lord Carrington's statement, would be studied overnight and that the Patriotic Front leaders, Mr Joshua Nkomo and Mr Robert Mugabe would give their full comments and response today. Dr Zvobgo, Mr Mugabe's spokesman, noted that Lord Carrington had not said the conference was ending. "He can't go ahead without us. He

can't go ahead without us. He

knows that ". Meanwhile, the delegation led

by Bishop Muzorewa, the Prime Minister, have let it be known

that they are planning to return home to Salisbury today.

In his statement, which followed a meeting with Cabinet

colleagues, Lord Carrington said that the Patriotic Front's response to the British ceasefire proposals was a mixture of

repetition and unreasonable pro-

proposals could not be altered

side to accept a ceasefire but

I hope very much that the Patriotic Front will reconsider

the decision", he said, "so that the conflict which has already

'No one can oblige either

Diplomatic Correspondent

Diplomatic Correspondent
Lord Carrington, the Foreign
Secretary, warned the Patriotic
Front last night that if they
cannot agree to a ceasefire in
Zimbabwe Rhodesia, Britain
would go ahead with a settlement without them.
Although he said: "No doors
have been firely closed" have been finally closed", it

is clear that the consitutional conference from which so much was hoped is now on the verge of collapse. The Government made an Order in Council last night

Order in Council last night making provision for a British Governor with full legislative and executive powers, Lord Carrington said in a press statement. He is expected to be sent to Salisbury shortly. The full text of the independence constitution will be enacted by the British Parliament within the next few days, Lord Carrington added. "I'do not despair of reaching

agreement; but I am as close agreement; but I am as close to despairing as I have been in the whole three months of this negotiation," the Foreign Secretary said, looking strained and speaking with some emphasis. He said that it was "indefensible to continue the war". If the ceasefire proposals were accepted, the practical details of their implementation would of their implementation would need to be settled by the end of the week at the latest.

The Patriotic Front spokesman, speaking immediately after hearing Lord Carrington's grim decision, said that earlier in the afternoon the British had cancelled a meeting with them, because they would not give a "yes" or "no" answer, as Lord Carrington was demanding.

# action at BBC television

resumed at noon today. The engineers had taken the action because of their dissatisfaction at the progress made on

secretary of the union, said after a meeting of the general execurive: "The BBC and the ABS have reached final agreement on the formula produced at the Advisory, Conciliation and Arbitration Service on The action which the British Government was now taking would leave it open to the Friday for settling the present

Patrionic Front to participate in the settlement. But Lord Car-rington implied that so far as he was concerned the British The BBC would take back everyone who had been off the payroll as a result of the dispute-about 600 people tive's meeting a small action committee went to Broadcasting

# Union ends

By Kenneth Gosling Industrial action by BBC television engineers was called off last night after the BBC and the Association of Broadcasting and Allied Staffs reached agreement on a formula devised on Friday. Normal working will be

grading claims. Mr Anthony Hearn, general

dispute over grading. The ABS is instructing its members to return to full normal working at noon today.'

provision had been made for further arbitration if further negotiation failed to resolve outstanding issues by the end of next month, Mr Hearn said. the licences. In the stockmarkets the Towards the end of the execucourt's decision had been widely anticipated with the result that Ladbroke shares.

House to see BBC officials to ensure, in the words of Mr Hearn, that both sides fully understood the implications of

## Three clubs closed by Ladbroke after appeal By Marcel Berlins and Richard Allen Three London casinos operated by the Ladbroke group have been closed for gaming after the rejection of appeals against the loss of their

had been noted, and the owners traced through a police computer in Nortingham; commissions had been paid to people introducing gamblers to the Casinos, based on how much they lost; lavish dinners were given and customers were

given and customers were lured

The law requiring a 48-hour

period between application for membership and being allowed to gamble had been broken.

Judge Friend sar with four magistrates and their decision was unanimous. Ladbroke did what they did "knowing what they were doing and knowing they are doing and knowing they were doing and knowing they were doing and knowing they are doing they

they were doing and knowing

they were jeopardizing their chances, and in spite of that went on doing it", the judge

He rejected Ladbroke's argument that the licences should be restored because the group had been restructured and the

gaming operations hived off to

a separate company, City and Provincial Gaming Holdings,

If that could affect the court's decision, he said, "it

would simply mean that every limited liability company could breach the law as much as it wished, and, when the conse-

which have been under pres-

to 62p.

with new directors.

appeals against the ross of their licences.

After a hearing lasting four-weeks, Knightsbridge Crown Court yesterday upheld a decision by licensing magistrates last July that Ladbroke were not "fit and proper persons" M Fontaine : No recollection of

## not "fit and proper persons" to run the casinos. The casinos affected are the Ladbroke Club, the Hertford Club, and the Park Lane Casino. The group has a fourth casino, the Park Tower, which was not directly involved in the appeal, though it is expected to be closed when its licence renewal application is heard. The future of Ladbrokes 11 provincial casinos may also be in doubt. Iudge Friend, in rejecting Frenchman back to earth with a bump

From Ian Murray Paris, Dec 3

Judge Friend, in rejecting the appeals, described Ladbroke's conduct in running their casinos as "disgraceful". During the hearing, the court had been told of various breaches of the Gaming Act.

The registration numbers of cars parked near rival casinos to the minst claim to have spent the past seven days as the guest of creatures from outer space it was not a particularly happy homecoming.

was not a particularly happy homecoming.

M Fontaine disappeared after becoming separated from two friends when they spotted a light in the sky over Clérgy Pontoise (Val d'Oise) last Monday. He spent most of his first day back at Pontoise police station being interrogated by hard-headed French policemen. It would be difficult to come down to earth with a

to come down to earth with a harder bump.
So far, M Fontaine, aged 19, has not confessed himself to be a hoazer. Nor has he, on the other hand here while to tell a hoaxer. Nor has he, on the other hand, been able to tell anyone what life he has met at the outer edge of the galaxy. M Fornaine simply says he cannot remember what has happened to him.

What he says he can remember has the says he can remember he had been says he can remember he says he says he can remember he says he say

What he says he can remember is similar to what his two friends, M Jean-Pierre Prevot and M Saloman N'diaye, told police under intensive questioning a week ago.

He says he remembers help-ing to load up their shooting

brake to go to Gisors market at 4 o'clock last Monday morning, when they noticed a bright light in the sky, descending to earth. While his friends went to find a camera he says he drove towards the light.

Then, he told police, he saw the light, as hig as a tennis hall, to the right of the car but getting closer until it landed on the bonner. Then, he said, he fells attended to the said.

quences came upon them, they could alter the structure and say that it was all being done by someone else and that they did not have to suffer.

The judge ordered Ladbroke to pay the legal costs of all four objectors to the renewal of their licences: the police, the Gaming Board, the Playboy Club, and the South Westsaw the light engulf the car and then disappear upwards. minster licensing justices who had originally refused to renew

Instead, he says, he found himself in the road today at the very spot to which he had driven. Sceing no car, he said he thought it must have been stolen while he was unconscious, so he walked to M. N'diaye's flat nearby.

Two hours later the three friends were to the police.

sure all year, slipped away 3p to 139p. Shares in a rival gamfriends went to the police, saying they had waited for M. Prevot. Police say that was long enough for them to concoct a ing group Coral Leisure, whose former casino director, Mr Bernard Coral, faces Gaming story. Commandant Roger Courcous, Act conspiracy charges, rose 2p in charge of the Pontoise police station, said: "We are There was stock market

speculation last night that bids swimming in fantasy."

If the three admit their story could be in the offing for Lad-broke and Coral, was a hoax they could be charged with insulting the law

Casino operators, page 12 | charged with insulting Financial Editor, page 19 | and the forces of order.

## brought so much suffering to the people of Rhodesia and to the neighbouring countries can be brought quickly to an end." He went on to say that Britain could not wait for ever for the Patriotic Front's reply. Zanu picket paper, page 6 the formula. Iranians keep polls open all

night to boost 'Yes' vote

authorities ordered polling sta-tions to remain open all night to boost the turnout in the two-day referendum which is certain to give approval to Ayatol-lah Khomeini's Islamic consti-

Electoral beadquarters said the polling stations should stay open until officers were satisfied that all voters in their locality had had a chance to

Cast their ballots.
Voting was originally scheduled to end at 6 pm, but officials appeared to want to bolster the "Yes" returns in the face of generally low turnouts. Votes cast against the constitu-tion, which gives Ayatollah Khomeini command of the armed forces and a right of

president, were negligible.
Opponents of the charter,
particularly in the troubled particularly in the trooped ethnic border regions, were concentrating on a boycott cam-paign. Official voting figures were generally well down on the referendum last March which abolished the monarchy and created an Islamic repub-

Officials reported active voting today at a polling station opposite the American Embassy, here fundamentalist Islamic students are holding 50 Americans hostage to back their demand for the extradition of the deposed Shab. The 400 students occupying the embassy

Tehran, Dec 3.—The Iranian all polled "Yes" votes yester-uthorities ordered polling sta-ons to remain open all night into the building.

The official result of the referendum is likely to be announced at the end of the week.-Reuter. Lackland Air Force base, Texas, Dec 3.—The deposed Shah of Iran was given tempor-

ary asylum inside this military base as the United States author rities sought a permanent place of exile for him. Washington, Dec 3,-Tho

State Department attacked Senator Edward Kennedy today, saying his comments on Iran could interfere with negotiations to free the 50 American hostages held in Tehran. The senator said that the Shah's government had been hah's government had been one of the most violent

regimes in the history of man-kind." The interests of the kind." The interests of the United States, he said, lay "with the Iranian people." Mr Hodding Carter, the State Department spokesman, called the senator's remarks "unfor-tunate and not helpful." Speak-ing for Mr Vance, the Secretary State, he expressed regret "any such statement which shifts the focus of concern away

from the hostages and may interfere with delicate negotia-Republican sharply criticized Senator Kennedy's statements.—Reuter Kennedy attack, page 6

# Woman who fell from plane was worried about health

husband because of her concêrn.

A Hertfordshire police spokesman could not confum a Hertfordshire report that Mrs Ritblat feared she had cancer. "I know nothing about that, but I do know that her health was worrying her," he said.

investigating bow the door of the Beechcraft Super King Air releasing the door.

Mrs Isabel Rithlat, who fell 200 in which Mrs Rithlat was 1,000ft to her death from an flying could have opened aircraft on Sunday, was worried against the slipstream. vesterday that Mrs Ritblat, checked that Mrs Ritblat was aged 42, cut short a ski-ing boliday in Switzerland with her Mr John Ritblat, her hus-band the chairman of the British Land property company,

flew back from St Moritz to

Heathrow vesterday. Eagle Air Services, of Leaves den. Hertfordshire, who operate the aircraft for Mr Ritblat, soid hat her health was worrying Yesterday that the door could not have opened accidentally. There are no suspicious Mr Derek Payling, a senior circumstances surrounding the pilot said: "Some consider-accident, but the police are able force" would have been needed to pull down a lever



Simpson (Piccadilly) Ltd., London, W1A-2AS (11-734 2002 Open until 7.00 p.m. Thursdays, 5.30 p.m. Saturdays.

# Dollar shaken by Iran crisis

The dollar fell to a new record low against the Deutsche mark as the price of gold soared by \$16.5 an ounce. Currency markets were shaken by the continuing crisis between the United States and Iran and fears that anti-American feeling is spreading to other Middle East countries. The dollar's fall would have been heavier. but for intervention by central banks Page 17

The unofficial strike by 55 engineering workers at Charing Cross Hospital, London, ended after an agreement was reached with the help of Acas, the conciliation service. The first new patients will be admitted today. The peace formula commits both sides to seek a permanent resolution to the workers' difficulties Page 2

Teachers seek 50 pc rise

Five cleared of bank plot

Israeli Prime Minister, containing detailed allegations that Israeli security forces have tortured Arabs suspected of being terrorists. Page 7

## Belfast prison officer murdered by IRA The Provisional IRA last night murdered a prison officer in Belfast. Gunuen attacked him

at his home and he was dead on arrival at hospital. In a political development in the hospital. In a postical development in the province the prospect grew of a new Unionist party being established after the refusal of the Official Unionists to join the Government's proposed constitutional conference. Mr William Craig, former MP for Belfast. East, is threatening to resign if the party continues to insist on boyconting the conference.

Page 3

Hospital workers go back

Teachers' leaders will be pressing for pay rises averaging nearly 50 per cent on present salary levels over the next nine months, the National Union of Teachers said. That would raise the present average salary of £5,500 a year to more than £2 000.

The Court of Appeal quashed the convictions of five men, including a Bank of England official, who were accused of conspiring to defraud the bank of more than flm in dollar premium rebates. Jail sentences ranging from four years to nine months were set aside Page 4

Israel torture alleged Amnesty International is understood to have sent a document to Mr Menachem Begin, the

Talks on 'black' coal ship Peace talks are to be held to end the blacking by Newport dockers of a ship loaded with American coking coal and bound for the Llanwern steelworks in South Wales. The dockers acted after a request from miners in South Wales who are angry at the British Steel Corporation's decision to import coking coal

Inflation reaches 17 pc

A high rate of retail price inflation until well into next year has been forecast after the release of the latest industrial price figures. But relatively good figures for factory gate prices brought down the wholesale inflation rate for the past six months to an annual rate of 17 per cent Page 17

Drug hunt death: Wanted man known as "The Duke" found dead on a playing field in east London Fourth TV channel: Pressure group attacks

IBA proposels and suggests ways of protecting independence of Channel Four 3 Jail pressures: Prison Officers' Association's decision to end overtime agreement will put system under strain

Puerto Rico: Two American sailors killed and 10 passers by injured in ambush Paris: Senator accuses French TV of subservience

Arts, page 9
John Russell Taylor visits The
Great British and other London
exhibitions related to photography; John Fercival reviews
Nureyev's new ballet of Manfred,
Sport, pages 10, 11 Letters: On the Dublin summit. from Professor D. C. Watt and Mr Paul Bareau; on fees for overseas, students, from Professor Anthony Flew and Professor S. W. Tackman Leading articles : Soviet economy :

Features, pages 12, 15 Peatures, pages 12, 15
Marcel Berlins and Richard Allen
on the problems of London's
asino operators; Bernard Levin on
Portugal's vote for democracy;
Ivan Barnes looks at life on Capitol Hill; Fashion for success, by
Prudence Glynn Obitoary, page 14 Dr Alice Carleton, Mr Harry Abrams

Nureyev's new ballet of Manirea, sport, pages 10, 11
Cricket: West Indies dominate Australia in Test, England promote Willey and Miller; Rugby Union: Oxford and Cambridge teams for Twickenham; Racing: Desmond Stoneham on French

hardly mored Financial Editor: Speculators in gold: Ladbroke bad for the

Business News, pages 18-21 Stock markets: Gold shares stood out in a listless day. The FT index slipped 2.2 to 418.5. Gilt edged

gold: Laurone one for the sector.
Business features: Rugh Stephenson on the British Government's renewed interest in the European Monetary System; John Carrington and George Edwards on why Namuralan economics and Keynesian economics and monetarist theory are not incom-patible; John Buxley on prospects for the process plant industry

12 Obitmary 14 Sports 10, 11
14 Parliament 8 TV & Radio 23
12, 15 Premium Bonds 11 Theatres, etc 8, 9
15 Sale Room 2 2 25 Years Ago 14
13, 18 Science 14 Weather 2 Home News 2-4 Eridge
European News 6 Business
Overseas News 6, 7 Church
Appointments 14, 21 Court
Arts 9 14 | Diary 16-21 Engagements 11 Features 1 Law Report

# Talks arranged to end dockers' blacking of ship carrying coking coal to South Wales

igest pu

ing or ming he R

i the

arranged for tomorrow in the dispute that prevented a ship loaded with American coking coal bound for the Llanwern steelworks in south Wales Barry having sent ashore a The steel corporation from entering Newport docks member of the crew with an decided to boost its coking vesterday morning.

the ship after a request from the South Wales area of the National Union of Mineworkers, who are angry at plans by the British Steel Corporation to import about 27 per cent of its coking coal requirements in the financial year to

Lemos, loaded 13,000 tonnes of coking coal, was turned away from Newport docks after several unions, including the Transport and Gen-eral Workers' Union, which

More Shell

depots shut

by dispute

By Our Labour Staff
Petrol supplies in parts of

Britain are increasingly threat-

ened after the dispute involv-

ing tanker drivers employed by Shell intensified yesterday.

Drivers at five more depots ceased work and 30 of Shell's

6 depots are now idle. The

Some petrol stations have had

to close, supplies at others are low. Shell said yesterday that

many garages are conserving their supplies by reducing open-

ing hours and rationing custom-

The shortage will be serious by the end of this week. No attempts to end the dispute are

planned after the failure of talks at the Advisory. Concilia-

tion and Arbitration Service on

Most stations carry supplies for 10 days. Because the price

rise of 2p a gallon, announced by Shell last week, had been

anticipated, many garages took

involved in the dispute, which centres on the Transport and General Workers' Union's claim that the company is trying to reduce the number of it divers and realize them.

of it drivers and replace them

Shell supplies just over a fifth of the petrol market.

Large cities and particularly south-east England are likely

to be the first areas to be

Depots which closed yester-day were Shell Haven, in the

A man nicknamed "The Duke" and described by police as of prime importance in their

lant for the ringleaders in a large-scale drug smuggling operation has been found dead on a playing field in Hackney,

a playing return in Indicately, east London.

The body of Colin Osborne, aged 50, of Wallington, Surrey, was discovered on Saturday

night. A post-mortem examina-tion revealed that he had died

rescuers last night.
The alarm was raised

Sunday when a party of five porholders failed to report back at the headquarters of the South Wales Caving Club, near

A rescue team of club mem-

'The Duke' found dead

Potholers' bodies found

who died after being trapped potholers at the entrance.
in floods were strapped on Police named the three sur stretchers and brought nearly viving potholers as Mr John half way out of the caves by Absolem, aged 31, of Oak Ter-

bers went to the Ffynnon Ddu caves, above the Swansea valley,

The dead men were from the Birmingham area.

nearly

£2,000,000

was realised at Sotheby's in London last

year for Autograph Letters, Literary and Musical Manuscripts and Historical

Documents.

The forthcoming sale on Monday 17th December, 1979, will

include

An important collection of poetical

manuscripts, letters, notebooks and

printed works by Rupert Brooke.

The archive of philosophical and personal

papers of G. E. Moore, O.M.

The papers of Augustus John, O.M., R.A.,

including sketchbooks.

The archive of poetical manuscripts of

Stevie Smith.

Enquiries about this sale should be addressed to Roy Davids.

Sotheby's

Sotheby Parke Bernet & Co., 34-35 New Bond Street, London W1A 2AA Telephone: (01) 493 8080

Telegrams: Abinitio, London Telex: 24454 SPBLONG

in hunt for drug gang

contract labour.

Between 750 and 800 men are

extra supplies.

By Craig Seron

ers to four gallons each.

dispute is over the use of out-side contractors to transport

decided to black the cargo. After being refused entry to a solution to

injured hand: It is also under stood that the captain of the ship. Captain George Paterias, made a plea to enter the docks to take on fresh food and water. These were later sup-

plied from Barry.

A spokesman for Newport docks said it was costing about £1,000 a day to keep the ship anchored in Barry Roads, and Mr James: Heaven, the dockers' leader, said that if the Maria Lemos tried to use other Bri-tish ports to unload her cargo dockers would impose a similar bovcott.

"avord a lot of

Pay ballot: The miners are to receive up to £2,55 a week in addition to the 20 per cent rises that were the subject of last week's pithead ballot.

rne BL management when vehicle production was being crippled by strikes and conse-quent lay-offs over the dismissal of Mr Robinson and the dis-

ciplining of three other shop

stewards.
The dismissal came after a

statement by Sir Michael Edwardes, the BL chairman

claiming that Mr Robinson was actively trying to undermine

the company's recovery strategy despite an overwhelming shop

floor vote in support.
The union inquiry, which will

be conducted by Mr Gerry Russell, executive member for the North-west, Mr John Wheat-ley, Wales, and Mr Kenneth

Cure, Midlands, is due to open at 9.30 am. The mass lobby has been called for 9 am.

If enough workers attend.

TUC acts over

Sunday Times

Railcard scheme

British Rail is to extend its half-price travel senior citizen railcards system from January 6 to take in a possible 700,000

Sir Peter Parker, the chairman said in London last night that the scheme is to include

all those of state pension age.

Nine painters who were sus-

pended after being caught sleeping on a factory night

shift were dismissed yesterday.

They were found at about 5 and one day last week by senior management at the factory of

Coles Cranes, a Sunderland company which has won the Queen's Award to Industry four

Painters caught

extended

represents the dockers, and the came from the Weles TUC, per cent majority required National Union of Railwaymen, which called for a meeting under union rules to antinorize decided to black the cargo. with the NCB and BSC to find strike action (our Labour Editor writes).

> The new increases, payable from January 1, are the result of a working party report on payment for time spent going down the pit and cleaning up after work That is the so-called "waiting washing and winding time", which was seized on by the Heath govern-ment as a way out of its last confrontation with the National Union of Mine

> It did not buy the miners off then, but the demand has appeared in successive wage claims and was granted in principle as part of the sertle-ment in March, 1979, and the working party has now put a value on this bitherto unpaid

## Hospital strikers go back to work

Health Services Correspondent Charing Cross Hospital, Lon-don, should be working nor-mally next week. Fifty-five unofficial strikers in the engineering department returned to work yesterday on a formula worked out at a meeting with the Advisory, Conciliation and Arbitration Service (Acas).

The hospital, crippled for five weeks, with up to 517 of its 793 beds empty, is reopening in a series of tiny steps. Yesterday walking casualties were being admirted to the accident department, and about half a dozen patients who had been sent to other hospitals because of the strike were admitted. From today some of the 377 patients who have had to be added to the waiting list be-cause of the strike will begin to be admitted, together with-any out-patient whom doctors decide should be admitted.

Tomorrow or on Thursday the accident and emergency department will reopen to ambulance cases.

Under the agreed return-to work formula the management accepted that one of the two men dismissed because of a refusal to replace a filter in an operating theatre, and who had not appealed within the agreed period, should be allowed to do so. He will now be paid until the appeal is heard.

The other man appealed early in the dispute and the hearing, by an area health authority panel, is due next Friday. It was also agreed that there should be a joint commitment by management and the two unions concerned to try to resolve permanently the diffi-

culties of workers in the engineering department of the hospital.
These meetings will have to find answers to three years of bickering about conditions and procedures which finally exploded with accusations of bloody-mindedness by trade unionists and unreasonableness

or ineptitude by managers.

The strike made National Health Service history in that in its last week doctors and nurses forced unofficial pickets to withdraw, allowing tanker drivers to deliver to nearby empty oil tanks.

# Teachers to press for 50% pay increase

By Diana Geddes

Teachers' leaders will pressing for pay rises averaging nearly 50 per cent on present salary levels over the next nine months, it was made clear yesterday by the National Union of Teachers. That would raise the teachers' present average salary of £5,500 to more than £8,000. The teachers have a claim before the Clegg commission on pay comparability for a 38.7 per

cent increase in salary levels at March 31 this year. Since then they have bad a 9 per cent in crease, plus £6 a month on account, which brings the total account, which brings the total Clegg claim to 29 per cent on

he was confident that the commission would uphold the kind of claim the teachers were

Lords Bill

decision

Opposition

Dr Owen strongly opposes

Labour anti-EEC group

Cabinet decision.

The Cabinet is to reexamine

understood that EEC member

ship involves a continuou

To the question why Britain had never negotiated "deter-

Dr Owen answered that it was

not just the fault of politicians.

He went on: "British diplomats appear to have a particularly marked tendency, as was first demonstrated in the 1930s, to

and appease.
"This tendency is today most

evident amongst some Eurocrats who have specialized in EEC matters, who have not only a long-standing European commit-

ment hut a certain disdain for

the rough and tumble of poli-

after he established "a more assertive, self-confident negotiating stance" in July, 1977, "Whitehall was always trying to

soften the line, avoid a crunch, trade off fish, or give on North

Sea oil. They are by nod and wink trying today to do the same to Mrs Thatcher's new toughness."

ics."
Dr Owen complained that

negotiation.

next April's pay round to pre-serve their newly won position. "It is obvious that we would not settle for 13 per cent, when inflation has been running at over 17 per cef.", Mr. Jarvis said in reference to the normal Burnham pay negotiations, which are separate from the

Clegg study

If the teachers get what they are asking for they would receive a 13 per cent rise from January 1 (half the Clegg 9 per cent and £54 on accounts ekready paid); a further 17 per alredy pid); further 17 per cent or so from April 1 as their ordinary annual pay rise; and the rest of the Clegg award, amounting to 14.5 per cent,

Mr Fred Jarvis, general Mr Jarvis said that when secretary of the NUI, said that they met the Clegg commission on Friday Professor Clegg had said that he was still not cer-tain whether he could produce making. If they were awarded an interim report on teachers' the full 38.7 per cent, the pay before the first instalment teachers would be seeking in fell due on January I.

# Cash hitch for medical

A large new medical school at Newcastle University may stand unopened and unused to years as a result of the Government's spending cuts, the university says in a statement

issued yesterday.

A big programme of expansion in medical and dental education was under way at Newcastle upon Tyne. The Department of Health and Social. of the Opposition, last week threatened obstruction of all Government business unless there was a change of mind, but Department of nearm and sound.

Security had indicated that it wished that programme to continue, the university says. A new-dental school had been opened Mr Norman St John-Stevas Leader of the House of Com mons, said he was committed by

£13.4m to the building of the remained, it was clear that the public expenditure cuts would

tages in their schooling. Two of the science cand dates who had been given con ditional offers this year had n A level physics classes at the school, and so were having t teach themselves. It was no the quality of teaching the

More Oxford

inner Londor

Oxford colleges have decide

to set up a scheme wit, slightly lower than norms

grades, designed to encourag

more pupils from inner Lor

don comprehensive schools t

apply to the university t

study philosophy, politics an

the kind to have bee arranged for inner Londo

Last year five college University, Magdalen Lad Margaret Hall, St Hilda's an

St Catherine's agreed to offe

places to science candidate from inner London wh

achieved a B and two Cs at level; instead of the normarequirement of an A and two

Eight conditional offers wer

made last year for entry last September. Seven candidate achieved the minimum grade required, and five of thos achieved the higher standar

normally required of science

The five colleges were s

pleased with the first year candidates that they hav

decided to extend the schem

offers this year to 10 pupils.
Dr Margery Ord, fellow c
Lady Margaret Hall and coo

dinator of the science scheme

said that A level results we not the only test of a pupi

potential.
The aim of the scheme we

to draw the attention of range of pupils who would no

otherwise apply to Oxford, an

who perhaps had bad to contend with certain disadvan

Conditions

and have made

It is the second scheme c

places for

pupils

By Our Education

requirements in

conomics (PPE).

London schools but the quartity, Dr Ord said. Five colleges and half Corous Christi, Keble, Man field, Oriel and Somerville, at the PP participating in the PP ... scheme, which will apply t students starting courses i September, 1981.

### under review school By Michael Hatfield By Our Education Correspondent The Cabiner's determination local government Bill in the House of Lords appeared to be

less inflexible last night after discussions between Government business managers and the Mr James Callaghan, Leade

dental school had been opened two years ago, and the medical school was due to open in 1984.

On present indications it would be impossible either to equip or to staff the medical school, the university says. Yet the Government had committed

The Cabinet is to reexamine the issue on Thursday after a meeting between Mr St John Stevas, Mr Michael Jopling, the Goyernment Chief Whip, Mr Michael Foot, Shadow Leader of the House, and Mr Michael Cocks, Opposition Chief Whip. Mr St John-Stevas was told that the Opposition regarded the Bill as highly controversial, particularly as it involved particularly as it involved financial matters. mevitably lead to a big contrac-The Bill is due to be presented to Parliament today. in many other areas of university

## Students at polytechnic attack director decision

By Ian Bradley

The students' union of the Polysechnic of North London good brain".

(PNL) has described as Dr MacDows could be unacceptable. decision by a selection comittee to recommend only one name to the Court of Governors when He is an expert on numismatic it meets their week to decide and was assistant keeper of the on a new director for the poly-department of coins and meda-

The committee, which met 1956 to 1960. last Thorsday to consider a list. He has also been a principa of eight candidates, decided to in the Department of Educatio short-list only 'Dr David Mac. and Science and was assistan Dowald, who is assistant direct secretary to the University of the polytechnic with Grants Committee from 1970 t responsibility for academic 1973. pianome.

of Governors, which meets next "It is not just a question of ou Monday, will appoint Dr Mac finding Dr MacDowall in Dowall as the successor to Mr acceptable. The process b Terence Miller, who is resign-

ing next month.

Mr Miller's eight years as a lit was effectively arrange director have been marked by a year ago when he was brough long and bitter clashes with left wing students. In a recent interview with The Times he said

that his successor would nee Dr MacDowall: was Master of University College, Durhan

until he was appointed assistar director of NPL last Januar

That decision makes it vir vice-president of the PNL strainly certain that the Court dents union, said yesterday of Governors, which meets next "It is not just a question of or which he was selected we totally undemocratic.

# Homes plan to let councils

By John Young

conference in London organ-ized by SHAC, the London Housing Aid Centre, made no reference to the imminent penal rates of mortgage in-terest; Instead he emphasized the advantages of shared ownership, whereby a house buyer exceeds the resale purchases only a part of the Government will co-equity, with the option of sub-wards the shortfall.

"We will put beyond legal doubt the right of existing shared owners to purchase the balance of the equity, where such a provision is in their contract of sale."

shared ownership. The same will apply to local authorities undertaking new building for

powered to improve homes for sale as well as for rent. Where exceeds the resale value, the Government will contribute to-

S Wales: Mainly dry, rain at times, mainly light, hill fog; wind SW, moderate oc tresh; max temp 12° to 13°C (54° to 55°F).

N Wales, NW England: Mostly 7.47 am N Wales, NW England: Mostly cloudy, occasional rain; wind SW, fresh or strong; men temp 10° to 11°C (50° to 52°F).

Lake District, leie of Man, SW Scotland; Argyll, N Ireland: Rain, heavy at times, clearing to bright periods but also blustery showers; wind S, earing W, fresh or strong, locally gate force at times; max temp 8° to 9°C (46° to 48°F).

NE Hugland, Borders, Edipology, Dundee, Glasgow: Rather cloudy, rain at times; especially in afternoon; wind SW, veering W, fresh or strong, localy gavie force at times; max temp 8° to 9°C (46° to 48°F). Moon sets: Moon rises:

High Water: London Bridge, 1.51 am, 7.2m (23.6ft); 2.6 pm, 7.1m (23.4ft). Avonmouth, 7.23 am, 13.5m (44.3ft); 7.47 pm, 13.5m (44.3ft). Dover, 10.55 am, 6.8m (22.2ft); 31.23 pm, 6.7m (22.1ft). Hull, 6.5 am, 7.4m (24.4ft); 6.29 pm, 7.5m (24.5ft). Liverpool, 11.21 am, 9.5m (31.1ft); 11.41 pm, 9.4m (30.8ft).

A cold front with a deepening wave will move slowly SE.

Area forecasts:

ntervals: wind SW; moderate or the 46°F).

resh; max temp 12° to 13°C
Aberdeen, Moray Firth, NE (54° to 55°F).

W Midlands, E, central N Eng.
Scotland. Orkney; Shetland!
Becoming cloudy, rain, heavy at time, showery later; wind S, veer-time, wind Sw, moderate or fresh; max temp
10° to 11°C (50° to 52°F).

Chainel Islands, SW England,

Thursday: After some rain at first. (54" to 55"F).

W Midlands, E, central N England: Bright at first, becoming
cloudy, some rain later; wind
SW, moderate or fresh; max temp
10" to 11"C (50" to 52"F).



London: Temp: max, 6 am to 6 am, 12°C (54°F). Humidit 5 pm, 82 per cent. Rain, 24 L to 6 pm, 0 lin. Sun, 24 hr 5 6 pm, 3.4 hr. Bar, mean st level, 6 pm, 1,022.9 milita 1,000 millibars=29.53in.

Labour Reporter Peace talks have been

Dockers refused to handle

next March.
The Greek cargo vessel

Newport the vessel turned round and last night was lying at anchor about two miles off

By R. W. Shakespeare

Shop stewards in the Mid-

lands have called for a mass lobby by British Leyland work-

ers tomorrow morning outside the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers' hall in

Birmingham, where a three-man executive inquiry by the

AUEW will be opened into the dismissal of the Communist convener, Mr Derek Robinson.

The joint shop stewards' committee from BL's Longbridge plant, where Mr Robinson was convener, are pressing for the union leadership to "vindicate him of all charges and press the company for his reinstatement"

The AUEW national execu-

Northern Industrial Correspondent

people getting hurt", Mr George Wright, general secre-tary of the Wales TUC, said.

coal imports because it is cheaper than to buy from the coalboard and because it is under strong pressure from the Government to break even next year. Sir Derek Ezra, chairman of the NCB, said during a wisit to Cardiff last week that the BSC plans could affect 3,000 mining jobs in South

lar boycott.

Latest indications are that the
Peace moves in the dispute vote will not produce the 55

Stewards call for mass BL lobby

over the Robinson affair have

already amounted to more than £70m of vehicles.

It was only yesterday that the assembly lines returned to full production with the recall of the last of the workers laid off. A few remaining workers still laid off from body-pressing pool are due to be recalled

Day shift only: For the first time in 20 years car assembly at Cowley is to be limited to the day shift (Our Oxford Correspondent writes).

Austin Morris said yesterday that it planned to stop the Marina nigh shift in January,

when 600 workers would switch to the day shift.
The Marina programme will be maintained at 2,500 cars a

tive undertook to set up the BL production will be affected, inquiry during crisis talks with Losses during the stoppages ek, or 32 an hour, under the

£49,000 Lagonda: A £10,000 price increase was announced yesterday for one of Britain's most expensive cars, the Aston Martin Lagonda (above). The car now costs £49,933 and with a waiting list extending into 1982 many would-be owners face the prospect of further price rises (Our Motoring Correspondent writes).

Mr Alan Curtis, cochairman and managing director of Aston-Martin, said: " We realize Thames Estuary, Newport, Gwent, Falmouth, Portslade, this is a large increase, but it is unavoidable. Development costs have been enor-

from natural causes. Scotland Yard is still investigating his death, It is believed to have been caused by a heart attack. Hampshire police appealed

for help in tracing Osborne

after a customs officer was

shot dead in east London in

October while working with

drugs squad policemen from the Hampshire force on an 18-

viving potholers as Mr John

race, Ogmore Vale, Bridgend,

Mid-Glamorgan; Mr Richard

John Morgan, aged 33, of Church Terrace, Nant-y-Moel, Bridgend; and Mr Richard David-Jones, aged 24, of East Street, Brynclydach, Rhondda Valley.

mous and this, coupled with the increasing price of raw materials, has given us little choice. There is no point in selling the

car at a loss." To reduce the waiting list Aston is planning to increase production from one car a fortnight to three a week in the middle of next year. A strikingly styled four-door saloon and at over 17 feet one of the largest cars made in Britain, the Lagonda was first seen at the London Motor Show in October,

## Seven Oxford students face charges magazine dispute

From Our Correspondent By Our Labour Staff Attempts are under way to resolve a dispute over a demar-cation issue that resulted in the loss of about 300,000 copies of University police and college heads yesterday began investi-gations into an incident in Turl The Sunday Times colour maga-zine on Sunday.

Street, Oxford, on Sunday night, when firemen were petred with missiles by a large crowd after they had answered The dispute occurred at Sun Printers, of Warford, where the magazine is printed, and did not affect the newspaper itself. two hoax calls. . Police arrested seven under The demarcation issue is between members of the National Society of Operative Printers, Graphical and Media Personnel and the Society of Combinet Allied Trades graduates and charged them

Graphical Allied Trades. An official of Sun Printers said last night that attempts through the TUC print industries committee were being made to resolve the dispute

with offences under the Public Order Act.
Guests had to be evacuated while firemen checked a hoax call to the Mitre Hotel.

# no going back on Britain's EEC demands and certainly no back-ing out of the EEC, Dr David Owen, Foreign Secretary in the

By Fred Emery

last government, last night called for all-party support against any Whitehall tendency In a speech to the Richmond Fabian Society, Dr Owen sugested a tough middle way, in which party political polariza-tion would be averted and Mrs Thatcher encouraged to use the

Asserting that there can be

leverage which he claimed the Labour government had built As a pro-Marketeer, Dr Owen,

# As a pro-Marketeer, Dr Owen, who now has the energy post in the Shadow Cabinet, is thus coming out strongly against the anti-Europe faction personified in his colleague, Mr Peter Shore, who is now shadow Foreign Secretary. Just as Dr Owen ensists that Labour's battles must be fought from the inside of the party, so he insists that the EEC fight must take place within. The British, he said, had never fully

Planning Reporter

Housing and Construction.

authorities to guarantee outno-ing society mortgages, he said. For the first time authorities will be able to take entire res-ponsibility for a defaulting mortgagor where a building society wishes to release itself from the risks of a bad debt

Mr Stanley, speaking at a

# Record £25,000 paid for a Russian icon

The sale of icons at Sorte the ownership of a double-sided processional icon painted with the Mother of God of the Sign and St Nicholas, and dated Novgorod 1531, it was sold to van Rijn, a noted Dutch dealer for £25,000 (estimate £15,000 to £20,000). That was a record price for any Russian icon but a Byazntine example has reached £36,000.

£36,000.

An Italo-Cretan icon of the Birth of Christ went to a Lebanese dealer, possibly acting on behalf of a Greek buyer, at £23,000 (estimate £10,000 to £15,000).

A printed buyer, paid £0,500

the Mother of God painted in miniature. They, too, came from Novgorod, daring from the early sixteenth tentury. The estimate was from £2,000 to £3,500. The price may reflect a new interest in the early nel Henry Eyre, who visited the town in that year. At Christie's a sale of

and English and Continents glass, where 11 per cent of a total of £69,066 failed to find

Nagarja, dating from between te renth and the twelfth cen-

Dominik Blemann, inscribed Frazensbad 1849. It may show the children of the von Traumansdorf family, or more probably those of Lieut-Colored Barry Englishment of Lieut-Colored Formans and Lieut-Colore

Cutinental porcelain made a total of 5264,030, with 17 per cent bought in. As in New York on Friday and Saturday, Meissen groups were popular, a crinoline group of lovers with a birdcage making £15,000 (estimate £10,000 to £12,000). It was modelled by J. J. Kandler.

An Italo-Cretan icon of the termin and the twelfth cenhalist went to a lebanese dealer, possibly actioned it went to Eskenazi at thimble. It was a Meissen ing on behalf of a Greek buyer, at £23,000 (estimate £5,000 to £15,000).

A private buyer paid £,0,500 buyer paid £8,500 for an inner ground (estimated £1,200 to for six scenes from the life of corded triple-portrait goblet by £1,500).

# guarantee mortgages Times Newspapers said last night that 1,548,000 copies of The Sunday Times had been printed, with sales of about 1,479,000 copies.

New moves to encourage home ownership, to be included in the forthcoming housing Bill, were outlined yesterday by Mr John Stanley, Minister for

The Bill will give new, comprehensive powers to local authorities to guarantee build-

"This provides a means whereby first-time buyers can get their feet on to the home ownership escalator, without raising major new implications for public expenditure," he

Whether selling to sitting tenants or improving properties for sale, both local authorities and housing associations will have the option of offering either outright or observed owners him. The expression of th

Authorities will also be em

# By Huon Mallalieu

eby's yesterday seems to have encouraged not only the auc-tioneers but also the dealers. Despite initial doubts about

flect a new interest in the ear-lier schools and examples. Socheby's also sold Asian art

The most notable lot in the former sale was a Pala black stone stele with the figure of a

Weather forecast and recordings

Last Owarter December 11. Lighting up : 4.24 pm to 7.18 am.

London, East Anglie, SE, central S England, E Midliands: Mainly dry, some bright or sunny intervals: wind SW; moderate or bresh; max temp 12° to 13°C.

(54° 10 55°F).

W Midland.

WEATHER REPORTS YESTERDAY MIDDAY : c, cloud ; d, drizzle ;



to 48°F).

Central Highlands, NW. Scotland: Rain clearing to bright
periods but also winny showers;
wind S. veering W. strong or gale
force; max temp 7° to 8°C (45°
to 46°F).

Vide orgai what. then rans your 2ULDI maci

inth Can v at the TUCY inat.

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7-47

At least 1,200

By Ian Bradley
More than 1,200 projects to relieve urban deprivation are in danger of ending in 1981, according to research to be presented on Thursday by the National Council of Social

Services.

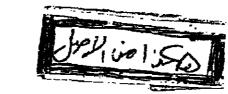
The projects involved are those in the Traditional Urban Programme, which was begun in 1968 and continued by successive Conservative and

cessive Conservation Labour governments.

community

projects in

danger



# idependence of 'TV4' New party ust be ensured. 'essure group says

e proposals to protect the endence of the fourth sion channel were pubyesterday by a pressure composed of all the main al parties and five bodies

nently associated with the Channel Four Group ed a strong attack at a n press conference on the endent Television Author-recently announced pro-for the channel, due to broadcasting in 1982. group, which is seeking ting with Lady Plowden, ian of the IBA, is opposed e authority's proposals our members of the board e controlling company come from the independlevision companies. That, ms, would give them a measure of control over tion and scheduling. urges that Channel

should not become an-weapon in the ratings igainst the BBC; nor its programmes be to those of independent on through complementreduling and programme ns between the two

lvocates the offer of 100 it finance to programme ers in most cases, to pronaller independent sup-and promote plurality. other two proposals are ie channel should begin itting only when potenogramme suppliers are and when there is ed and adequate finand that the channel's idence from all other is should be clearly lished by calling it

asting, described the proposals as "an ". They meant ITV2 by ck door, he said, and have a number of dis-

come much more popular, with all the serious programmes being put on ITV2.

Mr Michael Morris, MP, said that he could see the perperua-tion of the advertising mono-poly that had held British industry to ransome, particularly over the last five years, the rates rising by 30 per cent a year on a "take it or leave it" basis.

asis. Mr Ian Rowland-Hill, general Writers' Guild secretary of the Writers' Guild, said that more writers needed greater opportunities to get their ideas and scripts on to the screen in the way they were originally intended; there were fewer people between the writer and the screen when they worked for an independent producer.

producer.
East Midland's plea: The East
Midlands region will make a final attempt tomorrow to per-suade the IBA to designate it as a separate television region with its own commercial company (Arthur Osman writes from Nottingham).

Representatives of five county councils, Derbyshire, Leicestershire, Lincolnshire, Nottinghamshire and Northamptonshire, and Conservative and Labour MPs will meet Lady Plowden to dis-cuss what they consider is an overwhelming case for the region to be served by a separate company.

The meeting will be the climax to a sustained campaign by the group, which believes "that the best interests of some four million people are not met by being served by a commer cial television company (ATV) also covering the West Mid-lands and based in Birming-

It said: "The lack of studio ember of the group, Mr
Whitehead, MP, who
the Annan committee,
considered the future of

a matter of great concern. The
money is here.

"Our attack has not been aimed at ATV. They have an almost impossible job and have ended up pleasing no one. "The public meetings held in consequences, including the region as part of the IBA's riously damaging the consultative programme on the all for innovation new contracts have clearly iw severe effects on the shown dissatisfaction

# may be formed by **Unionists**

There is a prospect that a new Unionist party will be established in Northern Ireland after the Official Unionists' refusal to join the Covernment's

Open division exists over the open division exists over the issue although it is impossible to gauge yet whether it is sufficient to cause a split. But there is concern at grass roots level that the leadership appears to be moving increasingly towards an integrationist line.

Mr William Craig, former MP for Belfast, East, is threatening to resign if the party insists on boycotting the conference. He would not confirm last night that he might set up a new party, but said he might feel obliged to join a party firmly committed to restoration of Stormont parliament.

He can claim considerable rank and file support, but is probably not in a position to mount a heavy offensive against his party. Mr Craig, who was dislodged

from Belfast, East at the last election by Mr Peter Robinson, said: "The possibility of a split must be real. I do not see how you can have in one party a section of the membership favouring integration ad another section pursuing devolution. It has got to make up its mind where it stands."

There is a growing feeling in Belfast that the Government's constitutional talks might begin with a "token" meeting at Stormont before Christmas. Today Mr John Hume, leader of the Social Democratic and Labour Party is to meet Mr Humphrey Atkins, Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, at

Mr Hume is prepared to an emergency meeting of the partys influential constituency representatives in the next day

Police in Belfast were investigating last night the killing of a man shot in bed. A telephone caller claimed that the man, a Roman Catholic, was shot by the Ulster Freedom Fighters.



Children from Wells Primary School, Woodford Green, Essex, concentrating at the National Gallery yesterday on their answers in a Christmas quiz. Up to 12,000 children take part in holiday events every year.

# Judge upholds rights of mistresses

ruling that a woman was entitled as relevant to financial redistrito financial credit for giving bution is to encourage relationher busband before they were said. But occasions on which a married.

seeking a lump sum payment from her former husband, should not be penalized because she spent most of their life together as his mistress. Mr Justice Wood said in the High Court Family Division. He awarded her £8.000.

The judge said he did not think his decision would do anything to undermine the institution of marriage.

"It will be said by some that

mistresses' rights yesterday by which existed before marriage the best years of her life" to ships outside marriage", He court was likely to feel that The woman, now divorced and justice required such recognition were likely to be few.

The judge had heard that the couple, who were not named, lived together for 25 years before they married in 1971. But as man and wife they stayed together for only four or five

The judge said that the woman, now 56, was "faithful, loving and hard working", and had given the best years of her life to her husband. He came to Britain as a Polish refugee during the war. They lived to-

the husband was married in Poland and his divorce did not come through until years later, they had not married until 1971. A few months after the marriage they separated and she divorced her husband last year after he had deserted her.

The husband, aged 68, oppos ing her application for money to help her to set up a new home, argued that the Matri-monial Causes Act, 1973, was aimed at ensuring justice between husband and wife, not

The judge said the woman had been devoted to her hus-band and their son and had worked hard, both maintaining the home and helping to build up the family engineering busi-

Coal board buys

aid mining plan

The National Coal Board has bought the eighteenth-century home of the Manvers family. Thoresby Hall, in the heart of

Sherwood Forest, Nottingham-

It bought the Gothic-style building and 15 acres of land

for an undisclosed sum so that mining can continue from the

Thoresby colliery, near by Difficulties arose when it was

found that extensions of under-ground workings planned from the pit would affect the struc-ture of the hall.

Visitors can continue looking round the building for the next two years. The hall is being leased back to the Manvers Estate and the family will con-

mansion to

Labour governments,
Under the programme, which applies to the "second division" of deprived urban areas in Britain, the Government provides threequarters and local authorities the rest of the cost of specific projects, nearly half of which are voluntary community initiatives.

Although the Government is continuing the programme and funding new projects, it has said that it will not continue to fund projects which end in 1981.

The only way those projects

The only way those projects can be continued is if local authorities provide all the

authorities provide all the money.

Mr Robert Davies, development officer of the national said vesterday: "A large number of well-tried community initiatives are going to disappear in 1981. At a time of severe strain on local authorities the voluntary sector will be very vulnerable.

"We feel that the least a government committed to voluntary initiative cand do is to discuss the future of these projects with local authorities."

projects with local authorities."
Mr Davies said that the
London Borough of Brent had
17 projects which would expire
in 1981. They included a day
nursery, a neighbourhood law
centre, a women's centre, a centre, a women's centre, a mobile citizens' advice bureau, a minibus and a voluntary work organizer.

### Solo appeai

Ernie Wise, the comedian, ia to make a solo television appearance at Christmas to broadcast an appeal on BBC 1 in aid of the 5500,000 restoration fund for Peterborough Cathedral.

# vie dismissal 'not discussed

larold Thompson, chair- friend and a man in his profesi the Football Associaenied in the High Court ay that the FA was on ge of dismissing Mr Don. when he quit as the played" d manager to go to the

denied discussing the and added: "I do not hat if we were on the r and things like that". denied he had been to Mr Revie while Mr was manager or that he terfered with the selecthe England team. He iving evidence in Mr court challenge to the ) year ban on his taking domestic football.

er, Mr David Coleman, evision sports presenter, vidence for Mr Revie, id: "My experience of vie, both as a personal

handling

en TV set

sion, was that he was always 100 per cent committed to whatever he was doing, whether it was his family life, his professional life or the games he

Mr Robert Johnson, QC, for the FA, asked Sir Harold if there had been an occasion Mr Revie with resign unless Sir Harold added: I do not we were on the England team. when Mr Revie-threatened to Sir Harold replied: "Not in

my memory".

Sir Harold said the magnitude of the public's reaction to Mr Revie's resignation was enormous, "as much as if there had been an outbreak of

Mar".

Asked to comment on his statement that Mr Revie had behaved badly, he said: "I believe that to be true, so did my colleagues in the FA, and so far as one could tell, so did nearly everybody in this country."

Mr Justice Cantley said it was

Revie's action courteous", and the same as if Mr Revie had read in the papers that Sir Harold had

papers that Sir Harold had dismissed him.

Asked what effect the resignation had on the England team, Sir Harold said: "I think some, frankly, were glad that Mr Revie had gone."

He continued: "It was the

unanimous view of the Com-mission (considering Mr Revie's action) that behaviour had been deceitful. He and his FA colleagues had been fair to Mr Revie. "We did been fair to Mr Revie. "We did our utmost to ensure he could explain or justify his conduct", he seid. "We tried to bend over backwards to be fair to him." Sir Harold said that allega-tions that Mr Revie had tried to "fix" matches while in charge of Leeds were "a remarkable story which it would be very difficult to fabricate without an enormous would be very difficult to fabricate without an enormous

imagination."

The hearing contines today.

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# Court told of scuffle over tballer fined

Morley, aged 24, the Villa footballer, was fined a magistrates at Birming. esterday after he ad-handling a stolen tele-set worth £325. set worth E325.

Morley was arrested early lay by officers from the crimes squad, Mr a Roberts, for the prosessaid. He was taken is home in Rosslyn Road, Coldfield, to Queen's police station in Aston made a full admission of

Roberts said the set was from a nursing home in Lancashire. on Sep-Vorley pleaded not guilty giary and the charge was sed when the prosecution i no evidence. For the ag offence he was also d to pay £30 costs. In were being made in hire in connection with inglary and arrests were ed soon, Mr Roberts said.

nade a full admission of it in the offence".

I to recovery h Castle, the heart transman, drove for the first to Papworth Hospital in idgeshire yesterday to are the 108 days since his ion. He had been mak-e trip by bus.

# ife's lover admits being accessory after killing

Peter West, aged 38, a mattress where he was killed ire, yesterday to being defence. cessory after the fact to illing of Mr Frederick lan, said by his wife to

Ensvestite. West, of Ivel Court. vorth, Hertfordshire, and nistress. Mr Chapman's Margaret, aged 32, of ey Letchworth, have both ed not guilty to murder. Anthony McCowan, for the union, told Mr Justice and the jury yesterday te charges of assisting Mrs nan to dispose of her hus-body and the bed and

eeper, pleaded guilty at with a spade was put to Mr Jans Crown Court, Hert- West at the request of the

Mr McCowan continued: " In the submission of the prosecution, West knew of what was intended in advance, and was present at the time of the kill-ing, and was the person who

actually wielded the spade."

The accused were "an astute and imagniative pair". Their first story had gone wrong. The second one, that Mrs Chapman had drugged her husband with sleeping tablets, then summoned Mr West, who wielded the spade, came out after the couple had been kept apart for some hours by the police. The trial continues today.

## maggots in sandwich was breaking up a turkey and stuffing sandwich for her son, aged 18 months, when she saw something moving in it. Eight live maggots were found in the

A lunch at a public house ended in a scuffle in the kitchen between a stockbroker and a director, magistrates at Selby, North Yorkshire, were told yesterday.

Double M Carerers of

Regent Street, Barnsley, South Yorkshire, were fined £50, with £75 costs, for selling food with £75 costs, for selling food that contained maggors.

Mr John Sliebg tholme, for the prosecution, said that Mr Jon Goldstone, aged 32, a stockbroker, of Verdure Avenue, Brooklands, Sale, Cheshire, stopped with his family and friends at the Cild Man Inn. near York.

Mrs Goldstone, he added,

remains of the sandwich with Mr Goldstone and they could not find any maggots.

hve maggors were round in the stuffing. Mr Goldstone called Mr Sydney Moor, the manager.

Mr Slightholme said that at first Mr Moor, a director of the company, denied there were any maggors in the sandwich. Mr Goldstone followed these than the first hard the sandwich and the sandwich that the sandwich was the light that the sandwich and the sandwich that the sandwich was the sandwich that the sandwich was the sandwich that the sandwich was the sandwich was the sandwich was the sandwich was the sandwich with the sandwich was the him into the kitchen and there was a scuffle.

Mr John Dubbin, for the company, which pleaded guilty, claimed that Mr Goldstone had started the dispute in the kitchen. The chef inspected the remains of the sandwich with

Train protest ends in fine

The court was told that British Rail's conditions of sale had not guaranteed Barrie Percival a seat, and that he had refused to move when asked.

Mr Percival, aged 37, of Ashprington, near Totnes, pleaded not guilty and said he moved from the track as soon as he f27 for a first-class return ticket on the Penzance to Pad-dington express was so annoyed at bein gunable to find a seat on the train that he sat down in front of the engine at Exeter and delayed it for 10 minutes.
Yesterday magistrates at Exeter fined him £200 for from the track as soon as he was asked. He said after the hearing that British Rail's first-class service was poor. obstructing an engine and £25 for obstructing the engine

## Woman further remanded on secrets charge

Pamela Elizabeth Ann Lamble, aged 44, was further remanded until next Monday when she appeared at Bow Street Magistrates' Court, London yesterday on a charge under the Official Secrets Act. Miss Lamble of Temple Dene Ovenue, Staines, Surrey, dtscribed as a student, was charged under section 1 of the Act that on November 22, with-Act that on November 22, within the inner London area, she attempted to communicate information to another person which might be useful, directly or indirectly, to an enemy.

The application for a remand in custody was made by acting Chief Supt R. Wilson, of the Special Branch.

demning British immigration policy is likely to provide maximum embarrassment to the Conservative Government during the debate today on its plaints in early 1970. proposals for changes in immigration rules.

The disclosure is made by the Joint Council for the Welfare of Immigrants JCWI. It says the report makes clear beyond doubt "that the Government, which is in possession of the report, will be knowingly acting in violation international bunian rights obligations if its discriminates against the husbands of non-United Kingdom born non-United Kingdom born women living in this country".

The history of the secrecy surrounding the findings goes back to December 14, 1973, when the commission adopted a report arising out of 31 applications lodged by East African Asians against the United Kingdom. It as know nthat the report found a breach or breaches of

of the violations and the legal reasoning of the commission has been unknown, because the report has never been pub-

The Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe, to which the report was submit-

By Our Home Affairs

race and crime "suggests that there may be good ground for

the general suspicion that the police are prone to 'pick on' black people," the Commission for Racial Equality said yester-

day.
"The fact that the very high

arrest figures for blacks appear in street crimes where black people are identifiable tends to

bear this out." The police had

lack of concrete evidence for the allegations that were made

about racial bias in the police

force.
The findings are in a bulletin

of the Home Office research

unit, which says that in 1975 arrests of blacks in the Metro-

politan Police District consti-tuted 40.4 per cent of all "sus-

pected person " arrests and 37.1 per cent of all arrests for what is classified as "other violent

The proportions for robbery (28.7 per cent) and assault (20.7

rer cent) were next highest, and for all other indictable

crime, arrests of blacks were 11.1 per cent of the total. Yet

mated to be 4.2 per cent.
"This population ratio gives

an arrest rate for blacks for

street thefts for example,

"This is so much higher than

rately reflect the respective involvement of blacks and

whites in criminal activity and,

rion in the

that for whites.

orga:

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always maintained there was a

A copy of the report has come into the possession of the JCWI which initiated many of the East African Asian com-

The report finds it established that the Commonwealth Immigrants Act, 1968, had racial motives and that it covered a racial group, the joint council says. Provisions from the Act was carried for from the Act were carried for-ward into the Immigration Act, 1971, now on the statute book: The report concludes that

the Act discriminates against citizens of the United Kingdom and colonies who were of Asian origin on grounds of their colour and race. It notes that other elements of immigration law and regulations give preference to whites.

The JCW I adds: "It confirms its view that discrimination based on race could of

itself amount to degrading treatment within the meaning of Article 3 of the convention and recalls that 'a special importance should be attached to discrimination, based on to discrimination based on race: that publicly to single out a group of persons for differential treatment on the basis of race might in certain circumstances constitute special form of affront human dignity '."

men bear disproportionately on blacks may account for some of the difference". But, the report

says, no direct evidence is

Possible explanations of the

rossible explanations of blacks observed may lie partly in their social circumstances. Black unemployment is given in the report as an example. Though

it was apparently not directly

related to black arrest rates it was disproportionately high

in all areas and of a different order of magnitude from white

Explanations may lie also in

a greater black propensity to engage in crime, particularly the least serious kind of street

crime. The arrest figures point

in that direction and victims' reports lend further credence

to the possibility.

"Finally, they may lie in a greater impact on blacks than

on whites of policing; support for this possibility lies in the

fact that blacks are most heavily arrested for two kinds

of offence in which there appears to be considerable

scope for selective perception by police or potential or actual

explanations, let alone their weight relative to each other."

The bulletin article, on "race crime and arrests", was by Tom

In a second article Carole

centres are left out of calcula

tions, there is evidence that

West Indians tend to live in

unemployment

criminals.

F. Willis.

Police District in 1975 was esti- no data to test these possible

which is 15 times higher than Rees, Philip Stevens and Carole

might have been expected that Willis suggests that when data

it prompts the questions for police divisions are studied whether arrest figures accu- and typical areas such as city

if not, whether the hypothesis areas with high recorded rates that the suspicions of police of robbery.

Research 'shows black

people are picked-on'

ted, did not send the report. The council says that the forme Affairs Correspondent for decision by the Court of report is of particular relations and disclosure of a secret Human Rights, did not itself evance to the Government's report by the European Comtake action, and kept the recent proposals by reason of a
mission of Human Rights conreport secret, the JC WI says.

section which deals with the complaints of three men who were refused permission to join their wives in the United

The commission noted that the Commonwealth Immigrants
Act, 1962, as amended,
exempted from similaration control the wife of a Common-wealth citizen resident in the UK, while there was no corresponding provision for a husband wanting to join his wife. The commission concludes there was interference

the respect for family life, guaranteed by Article 8 because the Government prevented the reunion in the United lingdom of a family who were all citizens of the United Kintdom and colonies. "Still more significantly, the commission also considers there was a breach of Article

14, read in conjunction with Article 8, in that the Act "dis-

criminated against male immi-

grants on the ground of their Ministers have admitted that the proposals now to e introduced will discriminate on the ground of sex, the JCWI says. ground of sex, the JCWI says. In that respect they will have the same effect as the provisions in the previous Act which led to a violation of the

Winning touch: This photograph of Mrs

Thatcher and her husband is one of 10 that

won for Ian Torrance, of the Scottish Daily Record, the British Press photo-

grapher of the Year title and £1,000, in the

Midland Bank British press pictures

Shipping Correspondent

next year were "remote",

spite of a large increase in capacity and the breakdown of

the pooling agreement between operators, Mr Keith Wicken-

den, chairman of European Ferries, said in London yester-

Largely because of three big ever, from comfortable

Ferries price war 'remote'

Prospects of a price war be about a fifth more while among cross-Channel ferries traffic was unlikely to rise by

new ferries for his own com- comfortable ships next year

TUNED INTO THE 80'S ALREADY

## Whitehall brief: Mr Callaghan's secret bequest to Mrs Thatcher

# Planning for a future nuclear deterrent

In two weeks time Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, will open discussions in Washingson in Washington with President Carter with the aim of securing access to the most advanced American technology on submarine-launched strategic nuclear missiles. The Prime Minis ter hopes to have a squadrop of five boats, complete with Tri-dem missiles, capable, when on station, of lurking undetected between the thermal layers of the North Atlantic by the early

All the indications are that Mrs Thatcher will get what she wants from the United States Government, at a price. When she rises in the Commons next month to announce her plan for sustaining the British nuclear deterrent well into the twenty-first century, a classic political row is inevitable.

Many Labour backbenchers will be vocal in their demands that the United Kingdom be the that the United Kingdom be the first nuclear power to relinquish its capability. The people to watch, however, will be on the Opposition front bench, particularly Mr James Callaghan, Mr Denis Healey and Dr David Owen. If they baulk at the cost in an era of expenditure cuts, or suggest a cheaper (and less effective) land-based or airborne system, it will represent one of those operations in hypocrisy that oppositions can so easily mount when their private intentions in Govern-

awards for 1979.

pany. Townsend Thoresen, capa-

city across the Channel would

On fares, however, there were

likely to be more special offers in the off peak period rather

than cuts in the peak summer rates, which might actually rise, Mr Wickenden said.

Travellers will benefit, how

faster and more

more than a tenth.

second year running, Regional Press Photo-

grapher of the Year; was first in the News

section; second in Sport, and second in

Picture Essay. The last was won by Terry Fincher, of Photographers International,

settled

Equal pay case

A case under the Equal Pay Act, 1970, against the British Medical Association was settled

Mrs Patricia Everott, secre

fary to the association's central

committee on community medi-cine, filed an application

against her employers in September, 1978, after the secre

association committees, all men, were promoted to the assistant secretary grade and she was left at the executive secretary grade.

Two months ago Mrs Everett was made an assistant secretary

vae made an assistant secretary

and yesterday she withdrew her application to the industrial tribunal at Woburn Place, Lon-

Mr Michael Heseltine, Secre tary of State for the Environ ment, has upheld an order by the Lake District Special

Planning Board that caravans

at Lord Kagan's Ullswater

home, Eusemere, must be moved. The caravans have been

used by employees and guests of Thomas Casson and Brothers, of Gannex Mills, Elland, West Yorkshire.

Caravans must go

of the three other

out of court

out of court yesterday.

For one of the most secret of all Mr Callaghan's Cabinet committees was that which he convened to consider the options for a third generation British nuclear deterrent. In Mr Callaghan's judge

ment the matter was 100 deletate to put before the Cabiner's Defence and Overseas Policy Committee (DOP), upon which sat one or two sticklers who might have reminded him of the party's manifesto com-mitment in the October 1974. general election, which stated: We have renounced any intention of moving to a new generaof strategic inuclear

meapons."
Instead of taking it to the DOF, Mr Callaghan convened a small, ad hoc committee which did not even carry a Cabinet Office number in the "GEN" series, such was its secrecy.
These who met under Mr Callage. series, such was its secrety.
Those who met under Mr Callaghan's chairmanship at No. 10 were Mr Denis Healey, then Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dr. David Owen, then Foreign Secretary, and Mr Frederick Mulley, then Secretary of State for Defence, working as a committee of four.

mittee of four.

The history of this committee of four, as it must be called in the absence of a proper title, spanned 15 months.
In January, 1978, the Minisory
of Defence and the Foreign and
Commonwealth Office sought
ministerial approval for the pre-

pare papers for the committee of four which would meet, from

of four which would meet, from time to time, to consider them. The first, chaired by Sir Antony Duff, a Foreign Office, depury secretary, examined the politi-cal and military implications of a third generation nuclear deterrent. The second, a techni-cal group, under Professorcal group under Professor Ronald Mason, chief scientific adviser to the Ministry of Defence drew up a list of possible delivery systems.

By the time Parliament was dissolved, the committee of four had reached no firm conclusions but certain things had become but certain things had become clear. The intention was to proceed to a third generation despite the 1974 manifesto commitment. Mr Callaghan favoured it; so did Dr Owen. Mr Healey felt the same although as Chancellor, he was worried about the cost Mr Mulley was agnostic. As Secretary of State for Defence, he was institutionally in favour; was institutionally in favour; intellectually he was against. The other item the committee

rarine borne. The only visible sign of this highly secret ratiocination was the compressise wording on the deterrent that Mr Callaghan managed to insert into Labour's last election manifesto: In 1974, we renounced any inten-tion of moving towards the pro-

duction of a new generation of nuclear weapons or a successor to the Polaris nuclear force; we resterate our belief, that this is the best contres for Britain. But many great issues affecting our allies and the world are involved, and a new round of strategic arms limitation negotiations will soon begin. We think it is essential that there must be full and informed debane about these issues in the country before any decision is taken.

The incoming Conservative

The incoming Conservative Government would have been told nothing about Mr Callaghan's committee of four under the Whitehall convention preserving the sanctity of former administrations papers. What cannot have escaped Mrs Thatcher's attention, however, when she came to establish her own Cabinet committee on the nuclear deterrent (MISC 7. a larger and more broadly based group than Mr Callaghan's quartet) was the degree of detailed preparatory work that officials were swiftly able to place before it What MISC 7 received were the Duff and Mason reports with new "tops and tarks" added to distinguish them from the originals given to the committee of four.

It would be nice to think that

Mr Callaghan, as part of the "full and informed debate" on the deterrent for which he will, doubtless, call, might come clean and tell the Commons, when the time comes, about the work of his secret group and the wider considerations that led hink so commendably, to put country above party in this case.

## Notice give to end priso overtime agreement

By Our Home Affairs Correspondent The hard-hit prison will be under even grepressure in the new year the result of a decision by Prison Officers' Associatio give notice to end an over

agreement. Under the agreement formed grades may be required work up to 10 hours's time a week. The prisons kept going only by the chours staff work. In practice, uniformed

work an average of 12 h overnme a week The May committee represently: "We have recently: "We have troubled about the exten which the prison services dependent on overtime wor by uniformed grades."
Although the officers are anxious to work overtime its own sake, they have bee dependent on it for hi wages. The May committee that the median gross we exercises of prison officers cluding overtime, was £1 compared with £88.2 for ma men aged 21 and over wor full time, whose pay was affected by absence. The fi for all men was 193.9. The extent to which to officers rely on overtim

excluding overtime: lofficer £77.9; manual £75.7; all men £82.8. The effect of the endin the agreement will be that Home Office can no lo nome Othice can no lo treat overtime as " pulsory". But negotiation said to be proceeding with Prison Officers' Associa

above average wage packe

shown by comparative fig

Some local governors are keen to work out deals their men, as otherwise to could be chaos in arrangen for producing people in c.

It was officially estimated in England and Wales 1976 court and escort dutie million prison officer

hours at an annual cost at prices of £6.8m. The ducies involve a lo to match court hours and cause an establishment ma many miles away from court it serves.

Of the two million man la was estimated that 80 (or 15,500 a week) represe the overtime being worker local prison and remand co

More pressure is likely result from a two-day co ence of the Prison Offi Association which begins to in London.

## The Crown case against Mr Wales was formidable, Lord Justice Lawton said, but Judge Buzzard's method of dividing his summing up had unduly prejudiced Mr Wales's defence. The summing is valetien Hunt for soldie called off

The Army and police called off their search in Yorkshire Dales for Tro Leeds.

Trooper Jones, aged disappeared a week ago di sever storms while on exercise to qualify as a ve teer for the Special Air Ser Regiment. His rifle, s clothing and other equip were found on a river bank ir is believed he was s

# Five men cleared of £1m bank fraud plot way Judge Buzzard summed up the case at the Central Criminal Court. After making general observations about the case as a whole, Judge Buzzard had simmed up the case of each accused separately taking the jury's verdict in that case before starting to sum up against the next accused.

of England official, who were alleged to have joined a plot to defraud the Bank of more than film in dollar premium rebates, had their convictions quashed and jail sentences set aside by the Court of Appeal At the Central Crimmal Court

on June 23 lest year John Martin Wales, aged 43, of Huntsmead Close, Chislehurst, Kent, a Bank of England manager, was jailed for four years conspiring - to - obtain - cash

by deception.

Adrian Winston James, aged
34, a solicitor, of Cannon Hill
Drive, Bray, Berkshire, was
sentenced to nine months for
furnishing false information
for the purposes of the Exchange Control Act, 1947.

Reginald Thomas Atkins, aged 55, a businessman; of Tamworth Lane, Shirley, Birmingham, and John Stuart Robson, aged 51, of Toulyns Close, Hutton, Essex, were each jailed for two years for conspiring to obtain cash by deception. Leonard Basil Ash, aged 41, of Platt Lane, Normanton on the Wold, Nottingham.

their appeal hearing. Mr James had already been freed on bar pending appeal, and Mr Ash was freed at the end of his appeal hearing in October, when the Court announced that his appeal would be allowed. Lord Justice Lawton, giving judgment yesterday, said the Court of Appeal had had to

also been defective.
In Mr Robson's case, the trial are got two years for conspir-acy and forgery.

In Mr Robson's case, the trial judge quite wrongly directed the jury that the prosecution's case against him was supported by evidence given by a secre-

The summing up in relation to Mr Wales on corroboration had

against the next accused.

That had led to the jury

having to spend three nights in an hotel and coussel for all the accused had criticized the judge's approach. Lord Justice Lawton said

there had been no proper balance in the judge's treatment of Mr James, who had been subjected in the wimess box to

hostile; and innecessary questioning by the judge

The evidence against Mr Ash, he communed was strong but the trial judge's directions in his case had been anadequate

approach.
Justice Lawton said

Two other men jailed for their parts in the conspiracy were refused leave to appeal against their three year sentences. They were Brian Turner Wooding, aged 55. a solicitor, of Petworth Road, Millord, Surrey, and John Sidney, Barnes, aged 48. a company director. of Cliff Drive, Canford Cliffs Poole. Dorset.

Law Report, page 15 | away by Good water.

# Judge gives warning after freeing man who suffocated his dying mother

From Our Correspondent

A distraught man suffocated his mother, who was dying from cancer, Mr Justice Watkins VC, wa stold at Cardiff Crown Court

bis plea of not guilty to murder but guilty to manslaughter accepted by Sir Alun Talfan Davies, QC, for the prosecution Sir Alun said Mr Jone's conduct flowed from a state of anxiety,

despondency, and despair.

Mr Jones had already seen his father die a painful deathfrom cancer, and at the time of his mother's death was suffer-ing, a medical report stated,

from an abnormality of mind had no regrets and had do which impaired his responsifier his mother's sake bility. a statement to the police

went to his mother's bedroom on January 9. He had said: "It Court yesterday.

On January 9. He had said: "It Keith Malcolm Jones, aged was constantly on my mind be-29, a post office engineer, of fore I did what I did... I Wyndham Road, Cardiff, had spoke to my mother, and asked ber for the second time if she wanted me to end it for her. She nodded, 'yes' I was not sure she understood my question, but I am sure in my own mind it was the humane thing

"I told my wife what I was going to do. She said she would stand by me. I suffocated my mother with one of the pillows on which she was lying". He

Mr Jones had described how he Mr Jones learnt that went to his mother's bedroom mother had cancer, he als suffered a nervous collapse had gently ended his moti life and use strength to do it.

Giving Mr Jones a co Watkins said he would not it to be thought that he condoned killing in any cumstances.

He extended mercy to Jones because of the unu coincidence of the illness the burden and strain to W

# Adding to the hazards of Scottish air travel

There are pleaty of natural hazards at the small airports dotted about the Scottish islands and Highlands. Sheep are shep-herded away from the landing fields in the Orkney Islands when an aircraft is due and in summertime propeller tips scythe concave grooves in the tall grass.

The tide floods twice a day across the cockle strand at Barra on the tip of the Heb brides, dictating the daily schedules from Glasgow and Stornoway.

A story goes that the airport manager advised an approaching aircraft: "The wind is 195 degrees strength two, and the water is halfway up the gulls

Burrowing rabbits have given the airfield at Colonsay the texture of a Gruyère cheese and two atrocious summers have made the airstrip on Hoy waterlozzeci and unusable.

To the hazards provided by nature have been added a government policy that could prove more damaging than the combined ravages of rabbits, tide and torrential rain. The Govern-ment, in its dislike of lame ducks and of unprofitable org-Civil Aviation Authority and the British Airports Authority should not lose money.

The difficulty that creates for the small, socially vital air serRegional report

Ronald Faux Edinburgh

vices providing a swift link be rween remore communities and the nearest town or city is that the airports from which they operate are about to become for more expensive to land on and In Orkney, for example,

Loganair has developed a net-work of scheduled flights to nine of the islands, which replaces sea voyages lasting several hours with flights of a few minutes. Tourists, peripatetic teachers, veterinery sur-geons, doctors, ambulance cases and schoolchildren are whisked between the islands and Kirkwall, capital of Orkney, on daily flights rarely interrupted by bad weather.

The Orkney service has been so successful that for two years it has run without subsidy. A similar pattern of flights in Shetland recently the profit. The Western Isles Council supports the company's Benbecula and Berra and aid

from the Highland Regional Council and the Scottish Development Department. In all, Loganair flies 700 dules a week in Scotland, mostly without subsidy.
"We shall be the worst hit

and we are extremely worried about the effects of this new policy on services that have proved vital to the remote areas and keep some islands breathing." Mr Scott Grier, the company's financial director,

Last year there was an over-all growth of 17 per cent in the number of passengers, but now landing fees at Aberdeen, Edinburgh and Glasgow are to rise substantially. In addition, local authorities have sharply increased the rates bill at some airports and the price of fuel has risen disproportionately. Costs could increase several hundred per cent and the domestic airlines are being

frightened to death. The man in the street cannot understand what is happening, particularly
when he sees Laker slashing
the fares to America and
Europe " Mr Grier added.

In fact, from yesterday it.
tecame mure expensive to fly
from Landon on Shedend the

from London to Shetland than from London to New York Loganair is attempting to case the hardship caused by the ncrease on its small price sensitive services by offering promotional a fares to the

visiting friends and relative islanders and allowing heaviest burden to fall

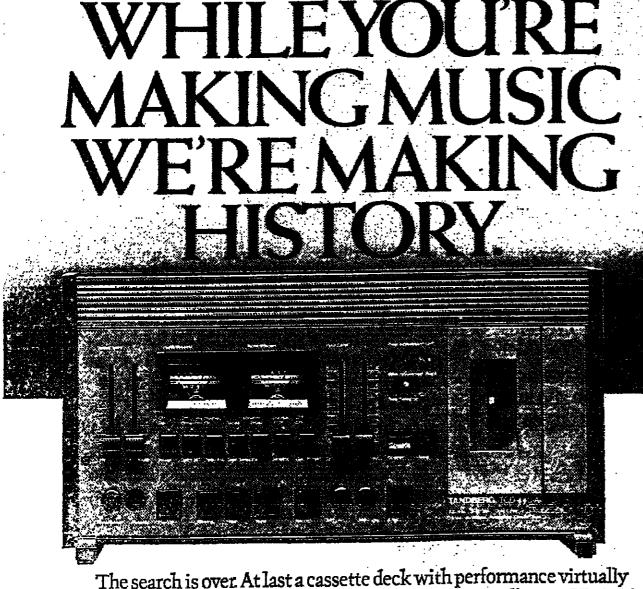
The Civil Aviation Author likewise aims to put the hig increases on that part of market best able to pay, North Sea oil industry. fees for an S61 helicopter type that services the oil forms, will rise to £260 a-1

ing. Meanwhile, authorities are pushing up t rate charges on airports steeply that in the case Kirkwall the extra land charges will be immedia swallowed up by the dema from the council. from the council.

Local authorities expecsocial service, but inevit

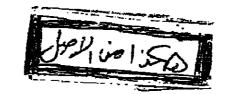
the costs will richocet down line and come to rest in the of the passengers. The company has conside avoiding the CAA increases reopening the old military field at Hatston, which is the to Kirkwall than the pre-

zirport and is now used to g tion, where everyone that everyone else increase amounts of money, can mean fewer flights and economia operation. The fear must be that in long term there could be return to the days when it only by seagulis.



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Esso are pulling out all the stops to find new sources of oil and gas.

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And do you know what encourages us most about putting our cat through the hoop and teaching it new tricks?

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The world's leading energy company.

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e ide

trupt he

Leaders of the Portuguese Democratic Alliance, Senhor Freitas do Amaral, left, Senhor Francisco sa Carneiro and Senho

# Portugal's new rulers propose policy reforms

Lisbon, Dec 3.—The platform call for the creation of jobs, of the four-party Democratic tax cuts and a reduction in the Alliance of the centre right cost of living. which gained control of Parlia-ment in the Portuguese election today, calls for reforms in constitutional, economic and social matters, as well as in

The main points include the creation of a market-based econ-omy similar to that of the EEC countries, improvement in the standard of living, decentralization of government and revision of the constitution.

It also calls for complete participation in Nato and integration into the EEC through development of regular, formal

In social matters, the Demo-cratic Alliance proposes to promote equality and to improve public services in education, health and housing.

The proposed constitutional vision could not be undertaken before next year's general election, and might include the use of a referendum.

On national defence and foreign policy, the Alliance calls for making the armed forces answerable to the civil Government, and for the defence of peace and inter-

national justice in the causes of democracy and human

cratic Party or Dr Francisco Sa Carneiro, who is the dominant leader of the Alliance, the Christian Social-Democrats of Diogo Freitas do Senhor Amaral, the small popular Monarchist Party, of Senhor Goncalo Ribeiro Telles and the Reform Movement, which was not represented in the former Parliament.

The Democratic Alliance

The victory of the Alliance was heralded by the right-wing press as a "change of society." "Never have so many Portu-guese said 'no' to socialism," said the newspaper O Dia in a

comprises the Social Demo- formed after the new Assembly meets in the middle of the month, faces a difficult term because of the Alliance's narrow majority and the opposition of Dr Sa Carneiro to President Ramalho Eanes.

The Alliance will be con-fronted with a politically rein-forced opposition because of Communist gain of seven seats. However, the victory of the especially in Alentejo, con sidered a leftist stronghold and the collapse of the Socialist Party, indicate a trend to the right.—Agence Prance-Presse. Bernard Levin, page 12 Leading article, page 13

## Sharp SPD attack on Herr Strauss

From Patricia Clough

Berlin, Dec 3 Herr Willy Brandt, chairman of the Social Democratic Party (SPD), today launched a blister-ing attack on Herr Franz Josef Strauss, telling West Germans that they would lose the hard wonc onfidence of the world if he became Chancellor.

He said a victory for Herr Strauss in next year's Bundestag elections would mean fear in Germany, fear for Germany and fear of Germany. It would be a political gamble, "in which we Germans have much to lose and nothing to win ".

Herr Brandt was speaking at Social Democratic congress here in which the party will be pre-paring for one of the most important election campaigns ince the war, the contest between Herr Schmidt and Herr

Strauss. For all the strong antagonism towards Herr Stauss in the SPD, Herr Brandt's attack was excep tionally sharp. The opposition candidate was, "a zealot without a faith, a missionary without a mission." He was at the time domineering and rebellious against moderation, reason and tolerance.

energy made him the symbol of a ruthless "elbow society". Herr Brandt said Herr Strauss would plunge West Germany back into the conditions of the pre-war Weimar Republic when division and strife led to the collapse of democracy

At stake in the election was the confidence that the world now had in West Germany. This confidence, which we have built up with much effort, is our capital. We must not squander it. Germany cannot afford Strauss instead

Herr Brandt made much of feur among many West Germans, not only of Herr Strauss but of the future, the nucertainties of the world situation, the energy crisis, Iran, and of an increasingly

anonymous society.

The slogan of the congress is "security—and also certainty—in the 80s".

in the 80s.".

All over the country posters depicit Social Democratic Ministers as confident, experienced and reliable. Herr Schmidt, for insance, is shown in absolute command at the helm of his yacht.

The message of the posters and from congress is one of reassurance. reassurance.

Jogger shot dead

OTT 2:

F. . .

2000

Brussels, Dec 2.-A Belgian camekeeper. Herman Dhainaus, who shot and killed a jogger, lichael Waroquier, aged 33, as he was passing through a wood near Mons told police that the jogging was frightening the came. The gamekeeper is now in

From Charles Hargrove

Senator Henri Caillavet, the

and television, has

expert of the Upper House on

mounted his charger again to

battle against the windmills of

the former ORTF, the French

broadcasting organization split

in 1974 into four autonomous—but not, their

critics say, independent-com-

The fact is that neither

under the sway of the centra-lized ORTF, nor since its

break-up, have viewers had

access to programmes of a variety and quality compar-

able, the experts readily admit, with those of the BBC and

But they maintain that the

setting up of an independent channel would be a cure worse than the disease, instead of an incentive to productive compe-

# Dilemma for Britain in **EEC** budget threat

From Michael Hornsby Brussels, Dec 3
The threat by the European Parliament, strongly backed by British Conservative MPs in the Assembly, to throw out the EEC's draft budget for 1980 is

facing the British Government with a delicate dilemma. One effect of such action, according to senior officials at the European Commission, would be to rule out any possibility of funds being found to reduce Britain's big net contri-bution to the Community budget next year along the

Thatcher. At last week's summit meet-ing in Dublin the Prime Minister failed to get her EEC colleagues to agree to a cut of £1,000m in Britain's budget deficit. But the Commission posals for increasing spending from the budget in Britain. If the draft of the 1980 budget were to be rejected by the Parliament when it meets next week in Strasbourg, the Commission would then have to use an emergency procedure

out on a month-by-month basis exactly one-twelfth of the previous year's expenditure. Provisional estimates suggest that this would mean that the Commission could only pay out about £780m a month next year instead of some £835m in the draft of the budget as it now stands. That would imply a shortfall over the whole year

It will be difficult enough anyway to meet the British demands because the amount by which the overall sie of the budget can be increased is limited by the imminent

exhaustion of revenue sources The best estimate in Brussels is that the budget can only be increased by another £1,600m

At that point further expan sion of budget revenue will come up against the limit of I per cent on the portion of value added tax which member states are obliged to hand over to Brussels to finance expenditure on Community policies.

The Reads of government agreed in Dublin that any budget help for Britain must stay within the 1 per cent limit. There is, in any case, great reluctance among some member states, including BZitain, to raise the limit until there is clear progress towards a reordering of he Community's spending priorities with less money going on agri-

If expenditure were held this, it would thus appear to mean that financial relief the scale being demanded by Britain could only be achieved by a severe cut in agricultural spending, which consumes 75 would be impossible to get agreement on that in the time scale envisaged by Mrs scale envisaged by

Yet, while there would be short-term problems for Britain if the Parliament did reject the budget, there is a strong British national case for encouraging the Parliament to seek more control over Community spending

In order to throw out the budget the Parliament needs a two-thirds majority of all votes cast and a simple majority of the total membership of the

## Conciliatory tone on fish adopted by Mr Walker

From Our Own Correspondent Brussels, Dec 3 A conciliatory note

struck here today by Mr Peter Walker, the Minister of Agriculture, at the opening of a meeting with his counterparts from other EEC member states to discuss the establishment of a new common policy on fish-ing rights.

The meeting had been awaited with some interest as the first test of Britain's attitude towards EEC negotiations after the failure of last week's "summit" meeting in Dublin to give Mrs Thatcher the £1,000m cut the Prime Minister wanted in Britain's net contri-bution to the Community

Mr Walker told journalists that his aim now as before Dublin was the setting-up of a

of rather tame journalists (by

British standards at least) has revived the debate whether

the left maintains-the Govern-

ment's control of television is

even more complete than under General de Gaulle, but

The accusation is that none

up "hot potatoes" like the diamonds affair until the press

had provided an ample excuse

The burden of M Caillavet's criticism in his report to the

Senate which came up for dis-

cussion today, is that French

television programmes are only

dash of colour", that political broadcasts are flat and leni-

rive, that advertising is gaining more and more ground, and that there prevails in several channels a form of stardom and old-boy relationship which

is detrimental to information.

"People time in to Gicquel or Morousi or Duhamel (the

lukewarm water with a timic

more subtle in its methods.

four of the relevision channels took

for doing so.

Senator accuses French television of subservience

ment.

common policy that would "sensibly conserve the fishing stocks of Europe and deal with member states"

Mr Walker said that he was pleased with the bilateral talks he had over recent weeks with most of his Community partners. He believed that "with hard work over the coming months" one of the Community's achievements Community's achievements next year could be a new fisheries policy.

Despite his conciliatory tone.

Despite his conciliatory tone, however, Mr Walker made clear that Britain's basic demands remained "in no way different" from those put by the previous Labour Government. These include a lion's share for British fishermen between 12 and 50 miles from the British coast and exclusive rights within 12 miles.

ment, politics: information loses its consistency and weight from day to day." Neither on the first nor the

second television changels "is

there a programmes policy ins-pired by an overall view of all

the cultural possibilities." The third channel, in M Caillavet's

view is the only one inspired by a unity of will, and of clear

and simple choices. On this

made a genuice regionalization

possible. He singled out for

special praise its late night news broadcast, which gave complete reviews of events " in

spite of the derisive means at

Although advertising is, in strictly limited, the Socialist senator

describes it as a "deep seazed evil". In addition to the advertising of products, which is open and limited to certain time spans, he says, there is an indirect and insidious form of editorial publicity which takes the form of promotion of so-called "cultural" products.

"There is no doubt", according to the report, "that the composition of programmes the preserves of a few privileged producers.

"His remedy is to change His remedy is to change this remedy is to change the firectors of the three channels should be elected by their boards, not appointed by their boards, not appointed by their term of office should be longer. At all events, he concludes, something must be done to arrest the noticeable drop in viewers.

channel, programmes

its disposal "

# WEU clash

on arms

purchases From Our Own Correspondent Paris, Dec 3 The Western European Union Assembly, the only European assembly with responsibilities in the field of defeuce, had plenty of matters to get its

teeth into when it opened here They include the proposal response to developments by the Warsaw Pact; the Salt 2 agreements and their impact on European security; and the situation in the Middle East, the subject of a powerful report by Sir Frederic Bennett by Sir Frederic Bennett (Britain: Conservative).

When it came to that bardy the organization an streamlining of European arms purchases and production, the delegates could be expected to provide the usual confrontation between "Atlanticists" and what might be called "Euro-

most of the French members were absent detained by the debate in the French National Assembly on the defence estimates. The report, written by Mr Karl Heinz (Luxembourg, Liberal) came in for some sharp French criticism.

M Jacques Baumel, a Gaullist deputy did not bear about the bush. He said that its recommendation for the creation of a "market of defense materials covering the whole of the alliance" showed the ultimate objective of the text. "In such conception, there would no a conception, there would no longer be a proper European solidarity. One would, in the event of a unification of the Atlantic armaments market, winess a distribution of tasks which must inevitably confine European industries to the role of subcontractors and producers of low technology equipment." of low technology equipment

## Strike curtails Spain's weather service From Our Correspondent

Employees meteorological service went on strike today but those involved in "minimum essential ser-vices" for safety and national defence were ordered by the government to remain on duty. Government to remain on duty. Skeleton crews furnished essential weather reports at four principal airports after the 48-hour strike began at 7 am. Their union warns that unless the demands are met a strike of indefinite length will follow.

is often dependent on outsid

interests, which, at the limit can undermine the independ-ence of the television com-

panies, in which there is a cli-

under pressure of entertainers

(film producers, theatre direc-tors, record makers among

M Caillayer notes that be-

tween January 1, 1978 and April 3, 1979, intensive editorial publicity was carried out the three channels for 38

books by 74 permanent staff members. Three broadcasts

the preserves of a few privi-

# Mr Kennedy breaks ranks with attack on Shah as President prepares to announce candidacy and Republican, bave been forced to rally round the flag, and to proclaim their support for him.

Washinston, Dec 3 President Carter will formally mnounce tomorrow that he is a candidate for reelection next year. The original plan was for the President to make a fight ing speech at a fund-raising dinner and then to set off on a nour of half a dozen states. getting his campaign off to a

This was thought neces the opinion polls. Evens in Iran heve spoit his plans, but have helped him politically He has had to cancel al his out of town engagements since the American Embassy in Teltran was seized a month ego, and has abandoned his tour of the

dent has been the eclipse of Senator Edward Kennedy's active campaign, which has been on the inside pages of newspapers while all attention has been concentrated on the President.

Furthermore, the President has won considerable approval for his handling of the crisis so far. His rivals, Democratic

or him.
The announcement of the President's candidacy will be followed by a series of "house parties" to raise money in every state in the Union. As in 1976, Mr Carter is concentrating on the early cancus and primary states to begin with mosably lows, where his people profess guarded optimism.

Lows begins choosing delegares to a state convention, which will in turn choose dele-

to the Democratic cancusés held across the state on January 21. Mr Carrer's victory in 1976 began in the snows of Iowa and he hopes to repeat the achievement this advantage to the Presitime. The first regular primary, on February 27, will be in New iampshire.

Senator Kennedy has already discovered that there is no strong national move to draft him for the Democratic nomina-

around rocking the bost on Iran up until how, but yester

offered a severe conficient of the Shan in a statement that by implication criticized Mr. Carter and his predecessors.

The senator claimed that the Shah "ran one of the most violent regimes in the history of mankind, in the form of terrorism and the basic funds per violations of human rights in the most crucial circumspances

to his own people."

He asked rhetorically. How
do we justify the United States on the one hand accepting that molvidual because he would like medividual because he would like to come here and say here with his unipteen billions of dollars that he's stolen from Iran, and ar the same time say to Hispanics who are here illegally that they have to wait nine years to bring their children to this

Mr Kennedy was here criti-Mr Kennedy was here criticizing policies followed by every president since Roosevelt, including his brother and Mr Carter. The most conspicuous recent defenders of the Shah, of course were the Republican presidents Mr Nixon and Mr Ford, and their Secretary of State, Dr Henry Kissinger.

Hint of compromise in eight-point list of demands

# Iran given Kurds' autonomy plan

cratic Party, the Marxist Leuin

ist Komala movement and the

In a preface, it pointedly re-calls that Ayatollah Khomeini,

military oppression which the Kurds believe they endured under the Shab's regime should

The demands are listed as

At a secret meeting in the of morth-western Iran, leaders of the country; five million Kurds have pre-sented the Iranian Revolutionary Council with an eight-point plan for Kurdish autonomy. whose revolutionary guards im-posed their own ruthless pacifi-cation of parts of Kurdistan last month, has several times stated that the economic, political and

The document, which contains the most detailed and specific demands to have been made by the Kurds since their secessionist revolts began more than 30 years ago, calls for an enlarged Kurdish province, a freely elected Kurdish Assembly and a guarantee of autonomy to be written into the new Iranian

The paper listing these demands, a copy of which has been made available to The Times, was handed over by Shakh Ezzedin Hosseini, the Kurdish spiritual leader, to Mr Daryush Forahar, the Iranaan Consequence and page 15 demands of the Consequence of the consequ Government negotiator, six days ago. Mr Daryush is scheduled to return to Kurdistan tomorrow to give the Revolutionary

Council's reply.

If the Kurds receive no satisfaction from this, then latest ceasefire—which mplemented after ferocious fighting around Mahabad and Sanandaj last month—may not be renewed when it runs out pean narionalists".

Some fireworks were bound to be caused by the adoption of the defense committee's report on this subject while most of the Franch manhaer of the Control of the Cont

and be specifically referred to suitution 2 That the Kurdish region which is at present divided into four transan provinces. Flam, Kermansah, Kurdistan and West Azerbaijan, should be recognized as an autonomous unit. Kurdistan " should be elected by a free direct and secret vote. The Assembly will choose

Kurdish region.

for Kurdistan should be officially recognized

"National Assembly of an autonomous government of Kurdistan which will control all economic, social and cultural and local security in the

4 The Kurdish language should be recognized as the primary language in schools and for official letters. After the fourth year of primary studies, the The paper was signed by taught in schools.

5 Part of the national budget should be devoted to Kurdistan and that this regional budget of the three main political groups in Kurdistan; the ortho-dox communist Kurdish Demoand that this regional budges should be expanded to take account of: the backward economy that has been imposed on Kurdistan in the past.

6 Kurdistan representatives should play a role in central

defence (the Army), the with the central government.

B. Democratic freedoms such as freedom of the press, free speech, political and religious.

The document makes it cle

is theoretically met in the wording of the constitution.

Foreign policy, national

economic planning should rest eedom should exist all over

that the Kurds are prepared to "negotiare" on these demands and that Shaich Hosseini might therefore be prepared to make some compromises. He would, for example, have to accept a government promise of later changes in the constitution if his first condition was to be Although the eighth deman

such basic rights are not going to be allowed to infringe the teners of Islam—a caveat in the constitution of which the Kurds are deeply suspicious. agreed last month that the Kurds should be allowed some

Revolutionary Council form of self-government but they did not specify the powers that might be given to a Kur-

## Calls in US for Shal to face martyrdom

A notion gaining group here as the Tehran embass hostage crasis drags on is the the Shah could end it ar-stroke by voluntarily returnin to Iran as a martyr. On froda The New York Times printed letter from a reader in Clev land, Ohio which became the subject of comment on rad and television.

Ic began: " The Shah of Ire has a golden opportunity i use what gift of time remains: . Will he die unmourne save by his closest relatives. some hospital room . . . or w he return to Iran to justi himself and in so doing relie the pressures that threaten ti peace of the world?"

The letter went on to sa gest that the Shah could u his Tehran trial to justify I and his father's regimes. at would win worldwide resp for his heroism.

The idea was repeated terday in the New York Dai News by the well regarded a unnist Mr Jinny Bres! "Somewhere," he wro there has to be a bugle su moning the man to get to without coercion or prom end the danger for others." Quoting from Charl Dickens, Mr Breslin said th

for the best of th ented with a chance nobility, to save the lives men who are here now, children who are yet to In his only reported reacti

to such suggestions, the Sh was said to have told an int viewer several days ago ti he may be many things, but was not crazy.

Even if he were to be thing along the l nes of mart en, it is unlikely that For, howeper loudly United States Administrat would protest that it played part in his decision. hostages would see his retu their terror tactics.

At the United Nations, me ing on the terms of a rest tion to be presented to Security Council this week. main feature will certainly a powerful appeal for release of the hostages, there is no agreement ammembers yet on what the It ians are to be offered

In the two evenings debate in the Security Com over, the weekend, spea hostage-taking In addition. courses of action.

## Few Americans have moved out of Kuwait

Kuwait, Dec 3.—National guardsmen armed with machine guns took up positions outside the United States embassy here after anti-American demonstra-3.00 people were dispersed by Kuwaiti security forces, no arrests were

Although Kuwait was one of 4 Muslim countries where the 14 Muslim countries where the United States has urged its nationals to undertake only official usvel, the embassy said today that few Americans had left. An embassy spokesman said there were about 2,500 Americans living in Kuwait. About 20 dependants had left after Musliments of the Musliments of th after Washington's safety direc-tive but the move was only temporary, he said.

The State Department urged its diplomatic missions in the 14 countries to evacuate depen-dants and non-essential personnel on a voluntary basis because of tensions following the iranian crisis.

The spokesman said the em-bassy had offered to help de-pendants leave Kuwait if they rished but he said there had wished but he said energy and heen no requests. Apart from diplomitic staff, there are Americans working here with oil companies and other private Libya apologizes: The Libyan

Government has apologized to the United States for yesterday's attack on the American embassy in Tripoli, State De-partment officials said in Washngton today. But they said the alopogy was

nsufficient without stringent

new security measures to pro-

other United States citizens in

Libra

The United States vesterday protested strongly to the Libran Department spokesman called "inadequate and unresponsive actions" to protect the American mission.—Renter.

## advertised a commercial film czech reformist of the top television entertain. ers. Some variety programmes Dr Kriegl dies

Dr Frantisek Kriegl, a lead-ing reformist of the Prague Spring, died yesterday in Prague, aged 71, according to the Palach Press news agency. He was the only member of the Dubcek team who with stood the pressure of the Soviet leadership and refused to sign the so-called Moscow agreement; and he later was the most prominent member of the Charter 77 movement.

## Two American sailors shot | Senate support dead in Puerto Rico ambush

were killed today when terror-ists embushed a Navy bus near San Paen, Paent Rico, and opened fire to the occupants. Ten other persons, including three women, were seriously It was the most serious incid-

ent for several years in a low-level but persistent gueralla campaign by groups seeking full independence for the full independence for

full independence for the island.

The strack was believed to be revenge for the death three weeks ago of Angel Rodriguez Cristobal, an independence supporter wins was found hanged in his cell in Florida. He had been accessed with 20 others for trespensing on Navy property at Vieques, an offshore island what his used as a weapons training range and hes been a focus for protests by nationalists.

Puerto Rico has common-wealth status with the United States. Although not a fully-fledged member of the Union. the second the common of the common of the linked economically; and the linked economically; and the region of the complete rights as United States citizens, including the right to settle on the maintaind. They also receive the maintaind. welfare payments from Washington.
The question of a permantent future status for the island has

porting a complete break from the United States, in other words independence, seldom receive a significant number of votes at elections. of the other options, some was "2 well planned, well exefavour the continuation of the cuted ambush. It was not a excuse for prolonging sanct commonwealth link and others target of opportunity".—AP.

From Our Own Correspondent want full-fledged statedood. The New York, Dec 3 United States Government has the York Dec 3 United States Government has Two United States sailors said repeatedly that it will were killed today when certor comply with whatever the sts amoushed a Navy bus near people decide, and a reference lump, Puerto Rico, and dum is likely to be beld in the next year or two.

One of the motives of the terrorist campaign is to convince Americans that by taking on Puerto Rico as a state of the Union they would also be taking on a dispute with explosive potential like Britain's burden in Northern Most of the incidents in

recent years have been bomb in Puerto Rico and on the American mainland, in which there have been no casualties. The last previous arrack, in which an American serviceman was killed, was in March, 1970. Toa Baja, Puerro Rico, Dec 3. The attack occurred at 6.20 am as the yellow school bus with Navy markings left a naval communications facility here, taking 18 people to work at a radar station two kilometres

Unconfirmed reports said that at least four gummen used two vans in the amoush, one blocking the way along a deserted section of the narrow road. section of the narrow road.
Authorities here said the attackers opened line with a heavy-gauge shotgen and pistols.
A survivor said the driver was killed instantly when he was shot under the right eye.
Rear-Admiral Arthur Knoizen. senior: American naval officer

# for President over sanctions

From David Cross Washington, Dec 3 The United States Adm stration today secured suport of the Senate for policy of retaining econous anctions against Zimbal Rhodesia until the Lon peace talks are concluded.
The Senate foreign relat committee agreed by a vote eight to nil that the sanct should continue for the t being in spite of the rese tions of some conserva

If the talks in London successful a decision to sanctions will be taken who British governor takes offic Salisbury and the process wurds new elections has t initiated. If the talks fail, P dent Carter would do whether or not to lift the s tions by January 31 at

If the President decides retain sanctions the decine retain sanctions the decine could be overturned by gress. In that case, there we have to be majorities in far of the lifting of sanctions both houses of Congress.

Today's decision follower the week negotiations over the week between the State Departs and Mr Jesse Helms, a Reg can member of the Upper H who leads a group of conse tive senators.

The State Department argued that the lifting of a leaden ! tions during the London might jeopardize their out

But several senators suspe

# Zanu picket paper over merger story

From Our Correspondent Salisbury, Dec. 3 dismissal of the newspaper's A crowd of about 150 Zanu editor and two members of his supporters demonstrated out sieff. A petition claimed that side the offices of the National the newspaper was anti-Zanu. Observer newspaper today. They were objecting to the lead story in the latest issue of this African orientated weekly. this African orientated weekly which said the party leader, the Rev Ndabaning: Sithole, was seeking an alliance with the United African National Council led by Bishop Abel Minorewa.

The howspaper depoted sources close to the Zano party leadership. Mr James Davoya, the party's publicity secretary and a member of Parlament, and the report was buckreen, Today's demonstration was

Today's demonstration was orderly although it did note up

ing up placards calling for the which time numerous copic dismissal of the newspaper's the National Observer. in its reporting and favoured the UANC.

A section of the crowd tried to enter Herald House, the six-storey building which houses three newspapers owned by the Rhodesis Printing and Publishing Company; the National Observer, the Herald and the Sunday Mail. The Salisbury breach manager of the company. Mr Michael Smuts, locked the days from the company. the glass front doors of the building preventing the crowd from entering A white police officer spoke quietly to the crowd in Shons while, a three man deputation was allowed in city's main thoroughfures. It started shortly before 10 to see the editor.

an with mer and women hold. After half an

burnt the crowd sang a song and dispersed quietly one was hurt.
UN Committee: Jam
Kuwait, Nigeria and No
were named today as the 1 bers of a Security Co-committee set up under a lution of November 23 demning recent Zimbi Rhodesian attacks on Zar destroying road and rail

The committee was lished to help to implement resolution, particularly parts calling for compens to Zambia by the responsitutions authorities and urging U. Nations members to help bia to rebuild facilities Sary to its economy. to see the entor. hack to the Security Co.

After half an hour during by December 15.—Router.

# The recent spate of "scan-The recent spate of scan-dals", whether over Emperor or Morousi or Duhamel (the Bokassa's diamonds, or the sui-dade of M Robert Boulin, and cide of M Robert Boulin, and the President's own television the President's own television the President's own television the Governinterview last week by a group

# Israeli Government facing storm over allegations by Amnesty that Arab suspects were tortured

From Christopher Walker Jerusalem, Dec 3

Israel is facing the prospect of a new international controversy over detailed allegations that suspected Arab terrorists in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip have been tortured by members of the security

The allegations are understood to be contained in a confidential document by Amnesty International sent for comment to Mr Begin, the Prime Minister, and a number of his Cabinet colleagues. The document was prepared by a three-man Amnesty delegation which visited Israel in June, and spoke at length to Arabs held in military custody in the occupied territories, to prisoners who had been released, and to

government representatives.

Diplomatic observers point out that the security forces are already coming under international criticism as a result of disclaration. disclosures in recent weeks that two officers, one convicted of other of ordering the murder of and the defence, interior, and a prisoner during the 1978 invasion of Lebanon, both had

By Edward Mortimer

Organization and one of the closest advisers of Mr Yasser Arafat, the PLO leader.

Mr Al Hassan was speaking

sponsored by the Ministry of stabil Information of Saudi Arabia, ing ".

at an international seminar on

Jerusalem, organized by the Islamic Council of Europe and

The geust of honour, Crown

Prince Fahd of Saudi Arabia, was unable to be present because of "other commitments", presumably not uncon-

nected with the emergency in

Mr Al Hassau, speaiking in

English, said very little about Herusalem and avoided setting

his remarks in a specifically

Islamic context. He spoke "in

the name of the God of all of us and the prophets of all of us, because all of us belong to

He clearly saw the occasion as an opportunity to put the Palestinian case to the British public, "here in London, the

public, "here in London, the palce where the whole tragedy was planned and directed"—

PLO pledge to reunite

Palestinians would use only superpowers of repeatedly try'peaceful and democratic" ing to solve the conflict on
means to reunite Palestine, new terms "continually inpace they had secured a veuted to suit the selfish inmini-state" in part of the terest of the power, forgetting

"mini-state" in part of the terest of the power, forgetting country. This assurance was the essence and tackling the given in unusually clear terms ramification of the problem".

in London yesterday by Mr Thus, the United Nations Khalid Al Hassan, chairman of resolut on 242 of 1967 took no

the foreign relations committee account of previous resolutions of the Pelestine Liberation on the rights of the Pales

Palestine peacefully

their sentences reduced by General Rafael Eytan, the Chief of Staff. Jerusalem todav Mr

Gabriel Bach, the Attorney was summoned to appear before a special session of the subcommittee of the Knessets committee on Law. justice and the Constitution. The meeting was called by the chairman. Mr David Glass, of the National Religious Party,

who had been sent a copy of the Amnesty finding.

A spokesman for the Ministry of Justice told me tonight:

"The attorney general informed the complete should be a spokesman for the first to the complete should be sent to the spokesman for the sp the committee about the pro-cedures being followed inside the Ministry to check all the cases which have been brought to our attention by Amnesty International ".

The spokesman refused to disclose the number of cases of alleged torture contained in the document, or the nature of the specific charges levelled against thesecurity forces. He said that each individual case would be the subject of separate checking by the Prime Minister's office, and the defence, interior, and

Mr Al Hassan accused the

tinians, and the Camp David agreement took no account even of resolution 242. Such

solutions did not represent peace, because they were not

based on justice and coopera-tion, but only on "security and stability to keep the oil flow-

He compared them to a dic-

tatorship maintaining itself in power by physical force, but containing within itself the seeds of its own destruction.

The Palestinians believed in "the power of right" and were against "the right of power" and were willing to live in peace with the Jews in

"To prove our good inten-

tions, we said let us have a

mini-state in part of Palestine, provided that it doesn't stop us

from using peaceful and demo-cratic means to remite. Estab-lish an independent state, and then the peaceful means will

Ramallah protestu Palestinian

students demonstrated today in

fillow to reunite Palesitme.

a democratic state, he said.

arrived in erusalem early last month, the first hint of its existence came today in a lengthy story on the front page of Ha'aretz, the independent Hebrew daily. According to the newspaper.

the Amnesty document claims that there is "prima facia proof of the torture of security suspects in the occupied territories by interrogators and warders."

It quotes Amnesty as calling for the setting up of an independent commission of inquiry to investigate the charges. Policemen jailed: Two Israeli

policemen have been jailed by a Jerusalem district court for what the judge called "Sadistic makereament" of an Arab during interrogation. One was sentenced to two years in prison and the other to one year.

They were found guilty of mistreating a Hebron man while interrogating him about the death of a relative. A police spokesman said they covered the man's head with a bag and punched and kicked him. When he refused to confess, they forced him to strip and sexually abused him.-AP.

## How nation was ruined by dictator

From Alan McGregor

Geneva Dec 3 How the economy of Equatorial Guinea, which had one of Africa's highest per capita incomes in the 1960s, was devastated under the regime of President Macias Nguema is described in a report by Dr Alejandro Artucio, issued by the International Commission of Jurists.

He was the commission's observer at the trial in Malabo at the end of September when Mr Macias and six of his col-laborators were sentenced to death and executed by firing

Dr Artucio says the trial was "as fair and equitable as could be expected in the exceptional circumstances in which it took place". A dictator paid the price for 11 years of systematic violations of human rights and mass murders—474 victims were named at the trial. Of the 12 ministers in Mr Macias's first Cabinet 10 were murdered.

from the state bank to his own ome so that it became inextri cably intermingled with his personal budget.

The report says Mr Macias

Whereas in coming to power in 1968 he received the enivalent of £8,500 a year, his revenue in 1978 was more than £5m—compared with the £5m—compared with the average official's salary of £600

## Thais cut off food aid to save refugees

Bangkok, Dec 3.—The Thai military authorities have cut off relief supplies to more than 200,000 Kampucheans camped tear the frontier in an attempt to persuade their leaders to allow then to cross into Thailand, military sources said to-

The right-wing Khmer Serei have control of the encampment opposite the Thai border vil-lage of Nonmarkmoon, 170 miles east of Bankgkok. No sup-plies were delivered today. Up o now, international agencies have been supplying about 300 tonnes of food a day to the The Thai Military authorities

want to remove a large num-ber of the estimated 600,000 to 700,000 refugees massed in the area to a refugee camp at Khao I-Dang, eight miles inside Thai-land. They fear for their safety if fighting between the Phnom Penh forces and troops loyal to the ousted Pol Pot regime comes nearer In the two weeks since the

operation to fill khao I-Dang started, only about 40,000 people, half the projected total, have entered it, mostly because of resistance from the Khmer Serei who fear their power base would be eroded.

Colonel Prachak Sawangchitr, officer in charge of military operations at the border province of Prachinburi, said the government had found evidence that the supplies had been distributed to troops and not civilians.

He said he also received reports that leaders of armed Kampucheans had sold the sup-plies to Khmer Rouge guer-

Mr Henry Samrin, the Kampuchean leader, has bitterly attacked Prince Norodom Sihanouk, former head of stare, who arrived in Paris recently to rally opposition to the pro-Viet-namese Phnom Penh govern-

Mr Samrin described Prince Mr Samma described France Sihanouk as China's "last card". Peking "could no longer count on the bloodthirsty (Khmer Rouge) traitors" he told a raily on Saturday.

Vietnam is accusing Chica and the United States of launching a coordinated campaign of allegations against Hanoi about famine relief. The official Hanoi radio

monitored in Bangkok said that charges of a diversion of international aid from Kampuchea to Vietnam were "a victions and brazen printical move." It added: "It is part of pro-

paganda campaign being conducted by the Peking expansionists, the United States imperialists and other. reactionary forces to distort the facts about Kampuchea."
This was Hanoi's first public response to recent allegations against Vietnam by refugees, and western diplomats, who accused Hanoi of appropriating international relief aidto Kam-



after falling from the observation platform on the eighty-sixth floor of the Empire State building and suffering only a broken

gust of wind and was blown on to a ledge on the storey below. A security officer opened a window and pulled the moaning

# Exile fails to become Brazil's Lenin

São Paolo, Dec 3
As Brazil's Congress is preparing to adjourn for the summer recess on Wednesday, fresh political alliances are emerging from the country's two main parties formally dis-

two main parties formally dis-solved a formight ago. The Brazilian Democratic Movement (MDB), the main Opposition front, has split into three parties in the past few days. One of them, the Brazilian Labour Party (PTB), is led by Seahor Leonel Brizola, the populist leader, who recently returned to the country from exile. The limited support he has succeeded in drumming up-for the new party has surprised for the new party has surprised

Observers.

Political parties must have a minimum of 48 deputies in order to win official recognition, but the PTB has so far only attracted 30. Paradoxically the Government might now have to detail some

of its own deputies to join the PTB to get the party off the ground. This device has been used before in recent years.

weapon in the Government's ractical arsenal to divide the opposition parties growing out of the old MDB stump, and clearly it will not be allowed to die for lack of support.

Reacting to this possible Government intervantage.

ernment intervention with a certain embarrassment, Seithor Brizoia draws a paratiel with the return to Russia of Lenin in 1917 in a sealed train pro-vided by the Germans. It did not have the vesult the Germans had expected, the admits wryly, although it is clear from the limited impact Senhor Brizola is having that he is to Lenin either. he is no Lenin either. The Social Democratic Party (PSD) the new grouping of the centre, which draws members from both dissolved parties; is

to be led by two men from Minas Gerais state, Brazil's political heart: Senator-Magalhaes Pinto, a previous Foreign Minister, and former MDB Senator Tancreco Neves. The PSD has the allegiance of

ekhough the withdrawal of its support could leopardize the Government's stender overall majority.
In a further metamorphosis.

the surviving portion of the Brazilian Democratic Move-Brazilian Democratic Movement is to change its name to the Party for Brazilian Democratic Mobilization, a complex tirle, but one which means the party will merely have to add the letter "P" to its original initials of MDB, which have proved an effective vote raiser in recent elections.

It remains to be seen whether the deputies who back the

the deputies who back the Workers' Party (PT), will decide to establish a small independent parliamentary block at this stage or stay within the PMDB movement.

As the political wheeling and dealing continues, it now seems certain that the local elections, wheeling the men west will

## Legal battle in US to deport Nazicollaborator\_

Los Angeles, Dec 3

A legal hantle resumes this. week to deport one of America's Nazi collaborators, the Yugosi sizi born Mr. Andrija Artuković, who has been living in the southern California seaside constitute of Seal Beach for more than 30 years.

Mr Armkovic, who turned 80 hast Thursday, was appointed fourteer of Internal Affairs in the Nazi puppet Croatian Government that ran the counmy after the Germans overran it. He is accused of being partly responsible for the deaths of 770,000 Serbs and Jews, who were founded up and put in camps during that time.

Mr. Artukovic, who rarely leaves his heavily guarded waterfront compound just our-side Los Angeles emered the United States in 1948 under an assumed name, using an Irish certificate of identity. Eleven years later an immigration commission approved a stay of deportation for him solely on the grounds that if he were forced to go back to his home-land he would be persecuted.

In October, the Justice Department sought to lift the stay of deportation without holding new hearings. Its action was based only on a review of old administration records and application of a new amend-ment to the Migration and Nationality Act which was passed in October; 1978.

The amendment specifically excluded any Nazi collaborator who had ordered incited assisted or otherwise participated in the persecution of any. person because of rare, religion national origin or notiunder the section relating to individuals who milest be per-secuted if sent back to their bornelands However, Mr Artikovic's Los

Angeles lawyer, Mr Ronald Ronaparte filed an answer over the weekend arening that the the weekend arguing that the Government should be obliged th reoper his client's case and allow a full hearing at which evidence favourable to him could be impoduced Such a Covernment to prove M. Actu-kovic's role in the Creation Government and his alleged per-ecution of Jews and Serbs

Ryen if a full hearing is ordered and that appears unlikely—Mr. Ronaparts sees any Magalhaes Pinto, a previous scheduled for near year, will adverse rulings will be chalforeign Minister, and former not take place, and that Brazil legged by him ultimately to the
MDB Senator Tancreco Neves will remain in virtual political
The PSD has the ellegiance of limbo until November, 1982,
which means the any nosethle
more than 80 deputies.

When the new parties will face decoration could still take

It is expected to back the the electrotate for the first time. several years.

### an allusion to the Balfour Dec-West Bank, against Israel's plan to deport Mr Bassam Al Shaka, the Arab mayor of Nablus, for his alleged verbal laration and the role of the British mandate in bringing In the two years until Sep-tember, his savings increased tweaty-fold to £6.5m, on which about the Zionist colonization of Palestine. puchea. The radio said Vietnam, the to recover more bodies than Merchants in Ramallah and in the neighbouring town of El Birch observed a general strike and school pupils took to the streets shouting anti-Israeli skegans. munist countries had sent hundreds of thousands of tons of rice and other necessities to If weather conditions remain. declared, "that the public opinion of Great Britain will readize they have made a great mistake in the past, and they

## **More bodies at** polar crash can be removed Scott Base Antarctica, Dec.

the Kampuchean people.—
Reuter, AP, Agence FrancePresse.

good for the next 24 hours, the first group of bodies should be removed tomorrokw.

two conferences with the Chairman and will address a political gathering where he is expected to enniciate a new doctrine to guide Sino-Japanese relations and Japan-

ese foreign policy in Asia. In so far as bilateral prob-lems are concerned, Mr Ohira is expected to agree an economic aid programme to Thins which eventually wil involve

May. Mr Ohira is due to have

some £1,000m.

The proposed aid will cover

## Chinese courts urged to pass stiff sentences

Peking Dec 3.—Chinese courts were today urged to bend down harsh sentences, even at the risk of making "inevitable"

errors.
Just one month before a new Just one month before a new legal code comes into force; the Peking Daily called on courts not "to be afraid of what people will say" and not to allow any criminal "to escape the arm of the law". It said the fear of people's reactions still haunted "certain comrades "

The paper said judges should "under to circumstances hold back from settling a case for fear of the slight risk" of mak-

# Japan takes £1,000m package to Peking From Our correspondent the construction and/or in to China, there are other eleTokyo, Dec 3 proyement of six projects, in ments in the two countries' Mr Massayoshi Ohira's visit cludin gharbours, railways and relations that could potentially to China on Wednesday will be a power station. They are all affect the United States, the the first trip of Japanese considered vital to the Chinese. Soviet Ulion and other couninductrializations programme states. Mrsayoshi Ohira's visit to China on Wednesday will be the first trip of Japanese Prime Minister. It will be reci-Prime Minister. It will be reci inductrialization programme tries proceed by Chairman Hua Rof which Japanese exports While Japan has pieded Guofeng's visit to Tokyo next are unofficially estimated at the months of the pieded May Mr Ohim in Japanese exports.

4,500m. made available to China Mos-Mr Ohira is also expected to cow has pointed out in a : made available to China, Mosagree on extension of professor recent overseas broadcast that tial tariff arrangements on the proposed aid would even-lepasese ampoints from China, mally contribute to the military build-up of China. Moscow has been steady rising it has less always expressed apprehensions. Under the proposed American-Chinese Japanese arrangements. Turnors from icits. Under the proposed American-Chinese-Japanese arrangements, imports from military structure
China would become virtually Mr Ohira is expected to tariff-free.

tariffere.

While these economic finanting Hua that China exercise cial arrangements will be the discretion in its relationship highlights of Mr Ohira's visit with Vietnem.

## **CAMBODIA How Oxfam is** using your money

A few examples of the practical and effective Oxfam aid which has already arrived in Cambodia

Rice	1,500 tons	£159 per ton
Flour	-900 tons	£129 per ton
Otherfoods	1,532 tons	
Bowls and spoons	25,000 each	donated
7 ton trucks	22	£10,925 each
Muchmoreis	on its way.	1.25

# -and why we desperately

Now we are planning for the future in Cambodia. We are sending seeds for more crops.

Ferfilizers and irrigation pumps to help them grow. Twine to make new fishing nets. Yarn to make cloth. And so on. Soon Cambodia will be expected to stand

on its own two feet. If it can't, then thousands. more will die Many of them may be children. We musn't

let that happen again. Just a few pounds each month from you could make so much difference. If you can't do that, send any donation, whatever you can afford, THANK YOU.

Fach month/Year starting until further notice

Please send donations and completed bankers order forms to Room T2 Oxfam Prepast Oxfamiox 2 TBR.
To Racing High Street Oxfami (2018:33) ACS 0646784 Their styles of med to Cambodia Substant doubles will be used the creen

## General strike in Assam against polling

will have a duty to reform what they have achieved."

Delhi, Dec 3.-Life in Assam. India's north-eastern state, was brought to a virtual standstill today by a general strike called to back demands for a post-ponement of next month's general election there. The Press Trust of India said

that government offices, schools and shops closed down and train and bus services were suspended. which called the strike said they would picket government offices in the state from Wed-

of names of non-Assamese from Assamese have clashed with immigrants from West Bengal who are protesting against attempts to strike their names from the electoral rolls. In the past weeks 12 people have been killed in the mounting violence and dozens injured.—Reurer.

nesday to press for the deletion

Express derails

From Richard Wigg Delhi, Dec 3

the Janata party.

Delhi, Dec 3.—Twenty-five people were killed and more than a dozen injured when an express train ran off the rails near Londa in southern India. The accident occurred near Londa on the way to Bangalore.

ernment of Mr Charan Singh

to depart from the Cabinet and

ally himself with a rival party for next month's general elec-

Mr Zulfiquar Ullah resigned

as Communications Minister, taking the Muslim National

Front, of which he is convener,

into an electoral alliance with

Last week Mr K. Brah-mananda Reddy, the Industry Minister, resigned. In October, the Prime Minister himself got

rid of Mr H. N. Bahuguna, the

Finance Minister, accusing him

of disloyalty. Both Mr Reddy

and Mr Bahuguna have now joined Mrs Gandhi's Congress.

amid steadily growing senti-ment that the way Mr Charan

## General Zia eludes query about new Parliament From Our Correspondent

Islamabad, Dec 3

President Zia ul-Haq of Pakistan, when asked today about the possibility of a new Parlia-ment for Pakistan, replied that he was engaged in a "very important task" and did not want to create any uncertainty in the country. Talking to reporters in Quetta

on his arrival on a two-day visit, the Chief Martial Law Administrator said that in his October 16 broadcast he had set forth four objectives. " Unless I fulfil those I do not want to create any more uncertainty." The four objectives were: The restoration of law and order, elimination of corruption, stabilization of prices and the general economy and introduc-tion of basic Islamic reforms.

penal code empowering the police to arrest an editor or publisher of a publication with-out warrant for news or articles alleged to be defamatory, Presi-

Answering questions earlier in Karachi about a proposed controversial amendment to the

dent Zia said that the measure sought to protect "responsible citizens of the country from irresponsible journalists".

Muslim minister quits to join Janata

the population.

munity

joined Mrs Gandhi's Congress.

Mr Ullah's resignation comes minantly Hindu high caste image, the alliance with Mr ment that the way Mr Charan Ullah should help to answer

Singh has gone about came the frequent charge of com-

A prominent Muslim politi-cian today became the third supposed to be strongest, member of the caretaker gov Mr Jagjivan Ram, the

The proposed amendment has

Mr Jagjivan Ram, the Janata party leader, eagerly called a

press conference to announce Mr Ullah's teaming up with him. In Uttar Pradesh, India's

most populous state which could once again be decisive

for the outcome of the election

with its block of 85 seats. Mus-lims form over 15 per cent of

Mr Ullah's Muslim National

Front, a grouping of five small

among the minority com-

paigning clearly marks the Lok munalism made against it. Dal party our as a loser even Right-wing Rindu nationalist in northern India where it was elements in the Janata Government of Mr Desai were widely

parties recently formed, Mr Ram promised today that should, it is hoped, offset the clectoral pull of Mr Bahuguna, a former Chief Minister in the state, who though a Hindu eroment services to Muslims. Last August he policy among the mirrority corn, deponded the fact that Muslims.

Society. It provides for up to General Zia said in Quetta

that the tightening of martial law on October 16 had so far yielded encouraging results. He claimed that tighter martial law had been accepted and was appreciated by the people. He expected that the right kind of new leadership would

# been opposed by the Publishers'

for defamation even if the in-formation is true and its publishing in the public interest.

five years' jail with hard labour

emerge from the younger generation. He did not intend to recruit ministers from among the members of local bodies Flood warnings: A radar sys-tem was installed today in Lahore as part of an improved flood warning project for the Indus basin which is ravaged by floods every year causing loss of lives and damage to being constructed with inter-national assistance is expected to be operational by the next monsoon season. It is to make Pakistan independent of Indian assistance in obtaining rain data and information on the state of the river in the upper catch-

held responsible for instigating the anti Muslim riots in Uttar

Pradesh, most notably those in the university city of Aligarh.

In the three-cornered fights likely in Uttar Pradesh the

Muslim vote is already being keenly wooed. All three con-

tending parties have, for in-stance, promised to uphold Muslim personal law, despite

the heavy impediments it im-poses on Muslim women.

Last August he publicly denounced the fact that Mus-

lims number only 2 per cent in

documented complaints by Muslims of police partiality

predo the Uttar Pradesh police caste forces. There have been well

## Soviet attacks on China resume as talks adjourn From Michael Binyon Moscow, Dec. 3 Both the Russians, led by Mr

Mr wang's request.

Chinese sources say that nothing substantial was discussed, however, and the meeting was a courtesy call before Mr Wang returns to Peking. Last week the two sides ended their sixth and final session of talks with and six as significant property. still no significant progress. having been made. The next round of talks will

The next round of talks will be held in Peking, probably sometime in the spring. The decision to alternate between Moscow and Peking was virtually the only point of agreement to have come out of the five preliminary and six plenary sessions. The agenda still remains unresolved remains unresolved.

Leonid Hyichov, a Deputy Mr Wang Youping the Chinese Deputy Foreign Minister, who has led the Chinese delegation here to discuss ways of improving Sino-Soviet relations. Chinese appear to have done today called on Mr Gromyko, little more than restate their the Soviet Foreign Minister, at original positions at each ses-Mr Wang's request.

Meanwhile, both sides have kept up the propagands bar-rage. Moscow toned down its attacks a little when the talks began to back up its accusation that it was the Chinese who were poisoning the atmosphere for the talks and the routine attack on China was dropped from the keynote speech on the November 7 anniversary of the revolution.

However, Moscow has now returned to its daily denunciation of Chinese policies around the world. In the past week it has accused China of preparations of the past week in the past week it has accused China of preparations. has accused China of prepar- fear of the slight rising a new war against Vietnam, ing judicial errors

# Labour rift greets Fraser return

From Douglas Aiton Melbourne, Dec 3

Mr Malcolm Fraser, the Ausstralian Prime Minister, re-turned to work today after more than five weeks in bed suffering from precomonia and pleurist, amid runours of an imminent cabinet reshuffle. His return came at a time when a poll in the influential

has risen from 22 per cent to 24 per cent between September and November. While this might not appear immediately impressive, it is the first time for more than a year that any poll has shown the public's estimation of the

Melbourne newspapers The Age

showed that rating of his per-formance as Prime Minister

showed that support for Mr. William Hayden, the Leader of the Opposition, has fallen. A number of factors may have contributed to this slight change in the share of political popularity. Unemployment the cause of Mr Fraser's troubles,

fallen from 6.1 per cent to 6 per cent. .

The number unemployed is now 389,100 which is 22,000 more than the same month less year. It has clearly been of considerable irritation to the electorate that during a time when the unemployment figures are the worst since the Depression. The government has sion, the government has chosen to fight inflation first and unemployment second.
The fact that the fight against inflation has mer with some

success has done surprisingly little for the Government's standing Every poll taken over the last 12 months has put Labout's charges of winning at Labour's chances of winning an immediate election higher than Fraser government's performance to be anything but plumpolls were taken when the next election was a fair way off, thus tempting people to register a Furthermore, the same poll

harmless rebuke. Mr Fraser's slight increase in propularity may also be partly on well and had an accimonous of Mr. Hayden as Opposition conference, this dividing the leader, which has been compounded recently by the entry.

In the meantime, it will the recent the Prime. leader, which has been com-counded recently by the entry-into the political sphere of Mr Robert Hawke, who for the past recently showed a small amount: 10 years has been president of of improvement. The October the Australian Council of Trade figures showed that the per-Unions.

Mr Hayden took over the leadership at a time when con-tempt for Mr Gough Whitlam, the farmer Labour Prime Ministhe former Labour Prime Minister, was running at a high level.
Mr Hayden, a quiet and philosophical man with a tendency to be seen to complain too often, presented an acceptable alternative after the flamboyance of Mr Whitlam His style is, to say the least, low key Thus, with an election a year ahead, and Mr Fraser's perfor-

anced, and Mr Fraser's performance dwindling in popularity.
Mr Hayden was looking a bright prospect, until Mr Hawke threw his cap into the ring.

Two anoths ago Mr Hawke was preselection for a safe Labour seat, a move which has nevertheless thrown the Labour movement into confusion as movement into confusion, as more Labour supporters would prefer him as Leader of the Opposition to Mr Hayden To make matters worse, Mr Hay-den and Mr Hawke do not get

sharrly be seen if the Prime Minister's severe illness is to detract from his performance at a time when he needs to profit from the Labour turnoil.

語の思想を

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Mrs Margaret Thatcher, The Prime Minister, regretted, in her statement on last week's European Council meeting in Dublin, that the heads of state and government of the EEC were unable to find a satisfactory solution and reach an agreement on an acceptable reduction in Religin's excession per con-

tion in Britain's excessive net con-tribution to the Community The Community (she said) has much to do together in the larger world. We must now see whether quickly in order to produce an adequate and lasting settlement. Mrs Thatcher said the general debate on economic prospects in-cluding energy was dominated by the feeling of uncertainty about the future of oll supplies especially In view of the situation in Iran. It

Was agreed that included the main economic problem.

Most of the time in formal session was devoted to Britain's budget problem. Our partners recognize (she con-

problems too. We and they did not see eye to eye on the magnitude and seriousness of the difficulty for the United Kingdom or on the measures that would be required to deal with it properly.

In spite of North Sea oil we are still among the least prosperous of the member states but are nevertheless expected to be one of the main contributors to the Community budget. On present Community budget, the prospects are that the burden would increase even further. even further.
We stressed that any solution

must be a lasting one. Otherwise the problem would come up yet whole.

Agreement in Dublin would no doubt have been possible had we been ready to accept that changes to the Financial Mechanism negotiated in 1975 would have settled the matter in full. That would have reduced our rest contribution next

The House clearly expressed its views on such a settlement in the debate last week. We were there-

fore confident that we would have the full support of MPs in saying that this was totally inadequate. Removing the constraints which limit the effectiveness of the 1975 mechanism can very well form the basis for a solution. But, by itself, it is nothing like enough. It does not deal at all with the problem that our receipts per head from Community expenditure are less than half the average for the whole Community.

hole Community. This must be the second element In any solution.

There was, however, considerable resistance to any action to remedy that part of our problem.

Eventually it was agreed that the Commission should bring forward proposals for developing supplementary Community measures which would lead to more Commission.

which would lead to more Com-munity expenditure in this ment in tackling the problem is the pattern of Community expenditure. The Commission suggested that more should be spent on structural measures and less on agriculture. This approach was

settlement. It is left to the next President, the Italian Prime Minis-ter, to judge when that meeting should be called.

should be called.

I cannot give the House any reassurance about the success of that further meeting. But if others will show willing I am ready to do the same in the search for a I left our partners in no doubt that my room for manocurre was limited but I did not feel it right to limited but I did not feel it right to refuse to make this further effort.

The European Council also wanted progress on other current Community issues—fisheries, energy and sheepmeat. These are separate questions which will each be considered on their merits. Indeed, we are already considering them in that way.

Mr James Callaghan, Leader of the Opposition (Cardiff South-East, Lab), questioning the Prime Minister on her statement, recalled that on July 16 last the Government. ment accepted an Opposition amendment, saying that a fundamental readjustment and reform of the budget was necessary so that expenditure was at least balanced or not greater than the receipts. That amendment was accepted by the Covernment.

We reaffirm it today (be continued). We are concerned that the result of this Council is "totally unsatisfactory". Those words were used by her and I support them.
Why did she give the Impression before she got to Dublin that there was a deadline, if she did not intend to stick to it. When she got

totend to stick to it: When she got there apparently they had a flerce row. She said: "I want my money "—(Conservative cries of "What did you do?")—and returned at the end of the day having said that she was willing to compromise. What does this mean? Is she standing by her intention of actieving a broad balance or does she mean by compromise that she intends to go for something less than that? Or, is the compromise to be found not in financial terms? Is it to be found by making compromises with the Community on some other matters?

She has got herself into the post-She has not herself into the post-She has got herself into the pos-tion where unless she puts some proposal forward, there will not be another meeting. Although we did not press her deliberately before she went to Dublin, on her tactics, because we assumed she had some cards up her sleeve, when she got there we found she had nothing up her sleeve.

compromise she is considering?
Is it not, on reflection, a pity
that she deserted the price freeze
she inherited from us on the common agriculture policy last spring? Would she not have then gone to Dublin with some lever in her hand instead of going there and return-ing entirely empty-handed? Mrs Thatcher-He is the last per-

and maintaining Britain's heritage

coming along to renegotiane again.

I tried to perform against that background.

Fundamental reform of the budget may be desirable—I happened to think it was and still do—but fundamental reforms would change all the existing basis of the budget. These existing mechanisms, all the existing basis of the budget. These existing mechanisms were the ones we were pushing at. We were offered 1350m on reducing the contribution, but when it came to increasing receipts there was considerable reluctable reluctable relication. Although we accept the collective of reforming the collective of refor

take a time.
On the deadline, the instruction Ministers was first to find the facts all his economic policies, including the price freeze—and he held up a lot of price increases for the elec-

repeting, we had to go to a dif-ferent position.

The fisheries and energy aspect are not kinked to a solution of the budget problem. They must be tackled on their merits and they are being tackled on their merits. On the broad balance, that is the starting point. The position put to me strongly was a third element in the solution—that of structural

(Labour cheers).

The House will be relieved to know that the Prime Minister in talking about a compromise is not talking about issues such as fish, energy for other matters which have been referred to. We assume what she is suggesting is that the sum should be something less than £1,000m or whatever it will be next year. Does she believe that the other members of the Community are intending to work out structural changes that will enable her to bave anything like \$1,000m out of The other is to increase our

receipts. On that side we encoun-tered considerable resistance. That will be the side upon which we shall concentrate in the coming three months. Certainly structural changes in the budget will take longer but utiless they are brought about during the next 18 months we shall be through the 1 per cent VAT ceiling.

we could not accept the perticular proposals before the Council of Ministers which would have damaging effects for Britain on the analysis of Britain to be a net beneficiary but to be in broad balance. Britain was not asking for anything from the Community.

Some of her partners felt that Britain upper in the best position.

proportion of expenditure on the budget by a specific percentage and it will be remitted to the agricultural ministers to decide how the European Parliament in its resolution on milk, there is a larger principle here as to whether, larger principle here as to whether, having agreed in the Council of Ministers on a budget, one should then individually support the Parliament on things that happen to sait the

Hertfordshire. C)—Public oginion in the country is wholly behind the Prime Minister in her stalwart efforts to achieve a sensible and satisfactory solution of our problems. (Conservative cheers and Labour interpretions) Labour interruptions!

The best argument for her formidable advocacy is a restructuring of the CAP with a view to reducing the proportion of the budget to a much lower and more realistic level from which Britam will certainly henefit

Mrs Thatcher—I certainly accept the conclusion that we shall have to restructure the expenditure to reduce the proportion spent on agriculture. This is our objective. But I must stress that we cannot wait for the reform of the agricultural policy before getting relief on the budget. The proposals that we put up were designed to be able to do it without that. In the short term we could do it by relief on contributions and more receipts. We cannot wait for a total reform of the CAP to get that relies. Mr Geoffrey Rippon (Hexham, C)—Will she consider suggesting a joint meeting of finance and agricultural ministers to have adequate preparation before the next summit? To have a series of summits which raise expectations not then united Europe.

Mrs Thatcher—We did remit the agricultural paper not only to agricultural ministers but to

agricultural ministers but to finance ministers too, because we thought it was time the agricul-ture policy decision-makers had their finance ministers sitting by them before they came to their expensive conclusions. That is being followed up.

Mrs Thatcher—Absolute Nonsence

Some or ner partners left was Britisin was in the best position of all because she had oil, gas and coal. Others saw it differently— that the figures did not support that conclusion. She had to say candidly that she doubted if British would get a broad belance next year because the structural next year because the structural changes would take longer. Mr Peter Mills (West, Devon, C)— While supporting her fully on her stand, will she bear in mind that

also of the British agricultural pro-ducer. If she has to take drastic action, British agriculture will Mrs Thatcher—We must have pro-ducers' interests very much in mind. A principle of reform which the Commission enouglated would have cut back on our milk

would have cut back on our milk and sugar production.

Most of us feel that we should be producing more food from our own resources and so we had to enter a reservation against those particular methods.

Mr Alexander Eadle (Midlothian, Lab)—Mrs Thatcher went public before she went to Dublin in informing the British people what she intended to ask for. From the point of view of her own credibility, she is entitled to go public and say to the British people what she intends to do if she fails. (Labour cries of "She has".)

Mrs Thatcher—He asks what would. Mrs Thatcher—He asks what would happen if we do not get our way. It was painfully obvious that a number of realized that the European Council realized that there would be an Immediate crisis if we did not get any further than we were at the last Council. There are only two ways. The first is to say that there will be no

first is to say that there will be no further progress made on any further progress made on any Community decision, which would be disruptive, and the other would be something we have not so far seriously considered—withdrawing contributions. That would have considerable consequences but broadly speaking there are only two possibilities.

Let us hope we will get a great deal further before applying either of those.

Mr William Clark (Croydon, South C)—Most people now accept the fact that at long last the EEC Commission realize the unfairness that exists on the budget. It would be a mistake where we are offered at least a third of the deficit not to accept that this is far better than anything offered in the past to a

Is she prepared in the last resort to contemplate withdrawal? Because if she has no back-up-ail her speeches will be sound and fury signifying nothing and she will be known not as the Iron Maiden but the paper figress. Manden but the paper ingress.

Mrs Thatcher—An offer of £25um for a start was not had. I do not think boycotting and leaving an empty chair is an effective way of going about things. In some cases if you boycott, a decision can go through.

go through.

Are we going to amend Section
2? No. Are we going to consider
withdrawal? No. I believe that
unless it is shown that the free
nations of Europe can work
together equitably—and on that
basis I am seeking a solution—
the only people who will cheer
are those based on Moscow. are mose asset of mechanical south, Lab)—Many people foresaw the effects of budgetary imbalance under the own resources formula. Those who confidently stated the EEC would be flexible have been proved wrong.
Radius than light a fruitless battle over the next 18 months it would be much better for Britain

got those contributions in.

I think we shall get further.
The question is whether we shall
get far enough at the next meeting. I believe they know how
seriously we take our case. I am
grateful for support from all parts
of the House to indicate that the mouse supports R.

Mr Inlian Critchley (Aldershot, C)—Would it not have been wiser to accept the £350m offer and then, at the invitation of the EEC, return like Oliver in order to ask for more? (Some Conservative shouts of "No").

Mrs Thatchest I had to consider House supports it.

shouts of "No").

Mrs Thatcher—I had to consider that but had we accepted the E350m then we should very soon have been in considerable difficulty again. That would have been seen as full and fair satisfaction of our problem. It was not enough. We have, like Oliver Twist, so ask for more. We have to get a formula that will sort out our problems.

ness on the basis that we cannot have a partnership unless we have equity among partners. Equity is instorically a British concept and it is one we bring to the EEC.

As we have been generous to them in many ways we ar countied to expect a return understanding of our problems, and measures properly to meet them. Mr Peter Shore, chief Opposition spokesman on foreign and Commonwealth affairs (Tower Hamlets, Stepney and Poplar, Lab)—Mrs Thatcher has said little to the House shout her intentions. It is her intentions that the House and constitutions that the House and constitutions that the house and country want to hear about.

I lowite her to reaffirm here what she said at the conference after the summit, namely what is at issue is our own money. saying that, she understands the implications of what she was said. She should say that she is willing, if she is mable to make progress in the next few weeks, to come to the House and invite it to retake its powers of control over its own money which it abandoned

Mrs Thatcher Mr Shore is anxious to take us out of the EEC and I have to view his question against that background. I do not believe that would be in the interests of Britain in the wider world. I am not prepared to take

world. I sen not prepared to take Britain out.

I most certainly did say that I believe in a way it is our money and we are only asking to keep more of our own money. I am determined to try to keep as much of it as we possibly can.

The first way is by increasing the receipts, and the second and medium tecm, is by making structural changes. He will have been in negotiations for a long time and he knows we cannot go into negotiations and get abolute piedges.

Mr Shore—What is at stake is

# Security levy Public declaration of state aid for the arts

Lif Norman St. John-Stevas, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Minister for the Arts, said he wished the directors of the Royal few days ago he convent Garden, would wait and see what the Arts Council decided before claiming they were about to be closed down. Mr Michael Neubert (Havering, Romford, C) asked him when he next expected to meet the Chair-man of the Arts Council and Mr St John-Stevas (Chelmstord, C) indi-cated it would be on December 10.

Mr Edward Lyons (Bradford, West, Lab)—The most successful opera companies still require outside subsidy. In those circumstances, would be assure the chairman of the Arts Council when he sees him that the Government will guarantee the survival of full-time goera companies in this country.

Mr Andrew Faulds, Opposition spokesman on the arts (Warley, East, Lab)—In a public speech a few days ago he compared the state subvention of the arts—f120m or f140m—to private and industrial parrotage running at about f5m. Would he make a personal declaration of faith in public subvention of the arts? Romford, C) asked him when he next expected to meet the Chairman of the Arts Council and Mr St John-Stevas—I am delighted man of the Arts Council and Mr St John-Stevas—I am delighted man of the Arts Council and Mr St John-Stevas—I am delighted man of the Arts Council and Mr St John-Stevas—I am delighted to make more than a declaration of faith: a declaration of fa

Mr Edward Lyons (Bradford, West, Lah)—The most successful topera companies still require outside subsidy, in those circumstantics, would he assure the chairman of the Arts Council when he sees him that the Government will have to be centralized in London, but the Arts Council with my full support is concentrating more and support is concentrating support is concentrating more and support is concentrating more and support is concentrating more and support is concentrating support and support is concentrating support and concentration.

The Arts Council with my full support is concentrating support and concentration.

The Arts Council with my full support is concentrating support and concentration of the Arts Council with my full support is concentration.

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The Arts Council with my full support is concentration on the council with my full support is concentration.

The Arts Council with my full support is concen

## Committee on art exports reviewing its procedure

The Reviewing Committee on the an export licence lay in its unique Export of Works of Art was considering whether a procedure specifically designed for temporary exports could be incorporated into the export control regulations, Mr Norman St John-Stevas, Chancellor of the Ducky of Lancaster and Minister for the Arts anadomed during question time.

Minister for the Arts announced during question time.

Mr Tam Dalvell (West Lothian. Lab) had asked if Mr St John-Stevas, was reviewing his policy on the potential export or loan of major works of art in the light of both the case of the 1,740 Dresden Cabinet, loaned to Mr Axel Springer, and the Michaelangelo Toudo, which the minister did not allow to be loaned to the Soviet allow to be loaned to the Soviet Union.

Mr. St. John-Stevas (Chelmsford, C)—Neither of the two cases referred to by Mr. Dalyeff bears directly on the reviewing committee's consideration.

In the case of the Dresden Cabl-net, the owner is the Victora and Albert Museum which, as a Crown body, is not bound by the export control regulations. In the case of the Tondo, the reason for reguling

an export licence lay in its unique quality.

Earlier Mr. Dennis Canavan (West Sterlingshire, Lab) had asked why the commitme and Mr. St. John-Stevas had allowed a mallionaire like Mr. Axel Springer to bend the roles by exporting a valuable work of art on the pretext of gilting it to the British Museum on the condition he could borrow it for the rest of his lifetime.

It is irresponsible (he said) to It is irresponsible (he said) to deprive the Bridish public of this work of art after they had raised enough money by subscription to keep it in this country. There is no guarantee it will ever be returned here. here. Mr St John-Stevas—The position is Mr St John-Steras—The position is the opposite to that outlined by Mr Canavan. The purpose of the export control regulation is to ensure that the work of art concerned remains permanently, in the long run, in this country.

What that particular arrangement the secured control of the particular arrangement the secured country.

ment has secured, contrary to Mr Canavan's impression, is that after a period of years it will return to this country. It will be obtained for nothing and will enrich our art collection in the future.

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CHRISTMAS EXHIBITION mill 21

Dre.

The National Heritage Bill had all-party support. Mr Norman St John-Stevas, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster and Minister for the Arts (Chelmsford, C) said when her the terrord account for the Arts (Chelmsford, C) said when he moved second reading of the Bill which will provide money to buy, maintain and preserve land, buildings and objects of historic and other interest.

He said that the National Heritage Fund, set up by the Bill, would be the vehicle by which successive governments would be to show their concern and care for the national heritage.

The: would all have liked a subject to two changes, it was and other interest.

He said that the National Heritage Fund, set up by the Bill, would be the vehicle by which successive governments would be able to show their concern and care for the national heritage.

They would all have liked a creater amount for the fund and that would have been possible, had the Public Accounts Committee not recommended in 1957 that the National Land Fund should be reduced to £10m. That had later been enacted. They could not undo the past and it was much better to get something started with modest sums than to walt for the day, which might never dawn, when more sums became available. The National Heritage Fund was to be vested in, and administered by independent trustees

tered by, independent trustees appointed by the Secretary of State for the Environment and himself. The existing institutions, museums and calleries, libraries, preservation trusts and the national trusts and the national trusts and the reproductive to be reproducted. would continue to be responsible for decisions on whether to seek or acquire particular property. The initiative would lie with them to decide whether to acquire but in looking round for funds they would be able, in cases of outstanding importance to the standing importance to the mational heritage, to obtain assist-ance from the Fund. The trustees would have a large degree of independence. It would be for them to decide their own be for them to decide their own was not intereste in these matters. Would not the national heritage. They would be fully accountable to Parliament through the ministers who appointed them and through the Comptroller and Anditor General who would audit their accounts.

Theywould not be able to acquire property in their own right, except with the express permission of ministers. There was no intention they should form their own estate or picture collection in competition with existing institutions.

The appointment of the chairman would be subject to the Prime

Minister's approval.

With this fill the nanonal heritage would be placed in a far more secure position than it had ever enjoyed before. What had ever for cultured generalists "reflecting the first matters and enthusiasts was about to become a

they should form their own estate or picture collection in compedition with existing institutions.

The appointment of the chairman would be subject to the Prime Minister's approval.

They would look for a group of "cultured generalists" reflecting the whole British heritage rather

The Speaker (Mr George Thomas)

rejected three applications for

Mr Donald Anderson (Swaniea, East, Lab) sought a debate on the

British Steel Corporation decision

to reduce steel-making capacity to

Mr Norman Buchan (West Ren-

frewshire, Lab) said he wanted to debate the Government dismissal

of Sir William Gray, Chairman of

the Scottish Development Agency.

Mr Eric Ogden (Liverpool West

Derby, Lab) said that the Heuse

should debate the closure, at an

hour's notice, of the Meccano fac-

Pleas rejected

emergency debates.

15 million tonnes.

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the existing system of acceptance of property in satisfaction of tax, subject to two changes. It was necessary to abolish the National Land Fund and to transfer responsibility for the system from the Treasury to the Secretary of State for the Environment and himself.

The National Land Fund was expected to have \$15.5m standing to its credit at the end of the current year. When this fund was wound up, the equivalent tamount would be made available in the 1980-\$1 financial year divided between the National Heritage Fund and acceptance in lieu.

Though a precise allocation was not possible at this stage, the new fund would have upwards of \$12m in its first year. This would be in the nature of an endowment and it was not expected that the whole sum would be used in the first year or even the first few years.

If a really big house or some other place of property came along for consideration either by the trustees of the Fund or for acceptance in lieu of tax and this exceeded, or would uracceptably exceeded, or would uracceptably educate the Government would have the possible to make the necessary funds available. The Government was not inflictible in these matters. Equally it could not give an openented commitment.

secure position than it had ever enjoyed before. What had been for so long a dream of visionaries and enthusiasts was about to become a sold abrol was much diministed.

Modest start to new method of conserving

It was a measure of the importance the Government attached to the preservation of the mational horitage that, despite all the pressure for a reduction of public expenditure it was rightly exerting, room had been found for this extra investment. It was not an extravagant beginning, but neither was it derisory. Great oaks from little actors grew. In future the branches of this fund woulds pread over the heritage ever more widely, protecting it from the economic storms and charges which made it especially vulnerable. If he had done nothing more than introduce this Bill his tenure of the office of Minister for the Arts would have been justifiable and worth white.

Arts would have been justifiable and worth white. Arts would have been justifiable and worth white.

Mr Andrew Faulds, Opposition spokesman for the arts (Warley, East, Lab), said the Opposition could claim paternity in the case of this welcome little bundle. Mr St John-Stevas was simply by electoral chance and no procreative effort smading in locum parents.

The Conservative Party was to blame for depriving the Land Fend of millions of pounds in 1957 and for the fact that the principle for which the fand was founded was lost from public view.

The present small-minded and niggardly proposal added gratuitous insult to gross injury.

There might be a need for special provision on occasion. If a major howe had to be bought to save our heritage, £20m could be involved. There must be a reasonble artitude to a contingency fund.

Can we really expect this Cabinet

fund.
Can we really expect this Cabinet of philistines in which Mr St John-Stevas is a lonely, lost figure the said), to fork out that sort of money to retain our heritage?
One facility strenuously sought by the museum world which it was hoped would figure in the Bill was the provision of indemnities for loans from private sources to certain carefully chosen museums which were the responsibility of tain carefully chosen museums which were the responsibility of local authfortness and universities. The matter could not have come as a bolt from the bine even to a department whose liaison with and understanding of its so-tailed chlents left so much to be desired, but there was sailly no sign in the Bill that the light had penetrated those dusty departmental dormitories which served the Minister. When works of art were on least

cost to public funds.

Departmental lides of timely coasination had been all too characteristic of the official approach. It was disgraceful that representiatives of the regional and mives in the consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It was disgraceful that representiatives of the regional and mives in the consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It was disgraceful that representiatives of the regional and mives in the consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It was consequence of such a characteristic of the official approach. It is builting up during the circle to be out using was a communication had dawned on the circle to be outsing was a communication had dawned on the circle to be abused.

It the Minister gave the Bill a brisk spring-clean and applied to a few backsides a touch of his elegant to each of the fund is builting up during the cast structer than the levy rate of \$5p. Manually the could only be one strand of a comprehensive heritage policy. Considering that the Paul Guy.

It is estimated that costs in the financial year. For which the levy rate of \$5p. and the levy rate of \$5p. and the levy rate of \$5p. It is now estimated that the 1978-80 levy should have been set at £1.16 to meet the costs incurred during the could only at best, be talking of a safety net.

Townson Tebrity and a written reply: The levy rate will be increased to £1.60 from February I. 1980 is therefore the current was a major growth and the fore the public to a communication had dawned on the circumstance o Tourism was a major growth industry. The Government's investment in the nation's heritage —the things the tourism came to sec—brought a far bigger return than the meagre sums invested. People might be encouraged to invest in "heritage bonds".

VAT would be payable on any works which trustees carried out for repairing a building which they had accepted.

It would be wrong for trustees to have to shoulder the burden of VAT if necessary safety first require were pur into action. repairs were put late action. VAT was a significant obstacle to the maintenance of historic buildings and thus it could pose

It was not usual in this country to pay trustees, but those of the National Heritage Fund, especially chairmen, would have a great deal of work to do. It would be referentiate if the only people of the could country as trustees were

who could serve as trustees were either the very elderly, the very rich, or both. It was important that the bost calents available

MPs seek restrictions on use of drug A call for instructions to be issued stopping the use of the Depo Protect contraceptive drug on women in Wales unless they have been prescribed. The struct supervision of the obstetct and gynaecological departments of our district hospitals? The Roberts—We have always ric and synaecological departments of our district hospitals? Mr. Roberts—We have always taken he view in the National health Service that doctors are live to exercise their clinical judgment, and the days may therefore.

stopping the use of the Depo Provers contraceptive drug on women in Wales unless they have been given the fullest explanations was made by Mr Donald Coleman (Neath, Lab) at question time.

He asked what representations the Secretary of State for Wales had received about the use of the Depo Provers contraceptive injection among Welsh women.

Mr Wyn Roberts, Under Secretary (Conway, C), replied. I have not received any representations about the use of Depo Provers. This drug is in use in Wales as a contraceptive.

Mr Roberts—I am not aware of the deep concern to which he 'as referred. Depo Provers is currently licensed only for use at a shorterm contraceptive in very special circumstances, where, for example, a husband has nundergone a vasculous among where a woman has been injected against received any representations about the use of Depo Provers. This old effects have been reported. Dr Roger Thomas (Carmartien, Lab)—Would it not be better for the time being until we know the long-term effects of this injection, that it should be used only under ment, and the drug may therefore be prescribed where individual cir-cumstances so indicate. Parliamentary notices House of Commons letter at 2.30. Debate on White Pages on programs for revision of immigration rates

House of Lords Today at 0.30 Shipbeliding Bill terrors resimg Debate on May report on the control terrors.

at airports to increase Mr William Benyon (Buckingham. C) asked the Secretary of State for Trade to smoonce the rate of aviation security levy for 1980.

It is estimated that costs in the financial year 1980-81 would be covered by a levy rare of \$1.34. The increase to \$1.80 from February 1, 1980 is therefore interivenessary to recover the current year's shortfall in the levy rate of \$1p.

Mr Hamilton some advice During questions to Mr Norman St folm-Stevas, Chancellor of the Buchy of Lancaster, Leader of the House and Minister for the Arts,

Mr William Hamilton (Central Fife, Lab) referred obliquely to the Mr Hamilton had asked Mr St. John-Stevas for what appointments of curators of national collections he was responsible.
Mr St. John-Stevas (Chelmsford, C1—Nonc.

Mr Hamilton-In view of recent events, it would be desirable that the minister responsible for the arts should have some responsibil-ity for the appointment of curators for the Royal pictures in Bucking-

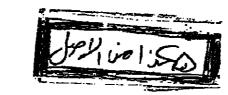
dir St John-Stevas—It is a private collection and has nothing to do with the Government. With regard to this matter, may I offer to him the advice of Lord Melbourne: Why cannot you leave it alone?

Welsh minister to visit Deeside

Mr Edwards (Pembroke, C) added that he was aware of the need for a major programme and he was already discussing with the Welsh Development Agency the details of that programme.

during questions.

Mr Nicholas Edwards. Secretary of State for Wales, will visit Deeside on Wednesday to discuss with local authorities and those involved the plans for advance factory building and other measures to be taken around the Shotton area, he said



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## THE ARTS

Festival of Music Cardiff

Kenneth Loveland

The piano accordion is an un-The piano accordion is an unlikely instrument to steal a Festival scene, but not every Festival has Mario Conway, the young Cardiff-based player of discriminating musicianship and stunning technique. His obviously dedicated advocacy could win for the instrument the serious acceptance gained by Larry Adler for the harmonica.

Conway's virtuosity prompted Phyllis Tate to write her Romanza and Dance Caprices of which he gave the first performance at the Cardiff Festival of Music It is an attractive val of Music. It is an auractive piece in two contrasted sections, the first evoking nostal-gic Parisian echoes, particularly of that dance by the Seine at the start of Puccini's II Tabarra the second hinting Il Tabarro, the second finting at Neapolitan rhythms. Conway played it brilliantly, as he did part of Bach's French Suite Number 5.

Number 5.

A new song cycle from Richard Elfyn Jones, Five Poems by Vernon Watkins began in the style of a late British romantic, but soon discarded this for a tougher line. Yolande Jones, a young mezzo, sang it sensitively. Though well-laid our for the voice, the cycle does not really reflect the rich variety of Watkins's verse but it does have strong piano writing, emotionally descriptive and supporting, played by Arnold Draper.

The dronning of the worlds

by Arnold Draper.

The dropping of the worlds "Twenrieth Century" from the Festival's title has not reduced the proportion of contemporary and near-consemporary music, something illustrated by the concert in which Henryk Czyz conducted a BBC Welsh Symphony Orchestra on top form. The brash acoustics of New Hall gave Lutoslawski's Live pour Orchestre a harshness foreign to this absorbing score, but in all other respects it was but in all other respects it was difficult to visualise a more lucid performance, the layers of sound blending and dispersion ing evenly, the string rone par-ticularly warm and glowing.

The message of Honegger's Symphony number 3 was similarly realized, particulary the bitter protest of the March of Human Folly and the magical closing transformation into the composer's imposited world of composer's imagined world of mysterious peace.

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(continued on page 8)

# Knowing British greatness when you see it

The Great British National Portrait Gallery

Brassai Photographers' Gallery

Photography in Printmaking. Victoria and Albert

When photography took overwhere painting theoretically left off in the making of portraits, it inevitably inherited a lot of the portrait-painter's habits and assumptions. For some time, consequently, the photographer's special resource in portraiture of catching the subject off-gnard, and thereby revealing something other than his (or her) composed, public face was hardly recognized, and even when it became technically possible to shoot off a couple of reels of film in the course of moving around and casual conversation the idea was not widely favoured: portraits abovegraphs. casual conversation the idea was not widely favoured: portrair photographs still continued as a rule to be posed as though they were paintings. Then, finally, the natural, candid camera look became fashlonable—so fashionable as to be almost inescapable.

lonable—so fashionable as to be almost inescapable.

Arnold Newman, be it said has never really favoured this take-it-as-it-comes, let-it-all-hang-out approach. As befits someone who has worked most, and most famously, in the primmer, more formal circumstances of the United States and become virtually the official photographer of the American Presidency, he believes in a compromise: his sitters are posed in surroundings which are carefully selected by the photographer to reflect his view of them and their position in life, but which yet do not have the stultifying effect of the photographer's studio. The sitters obviously also have an important say in how they shall be presented; they are all very aware, at the moment the picture is being taken, that they are in fact being recorded, and shave way are recorded the way so have every chance to ensure that they are recorded the way they want to be seen and remembered.

This makes for expressive but, it must be admitted, slightly stuffy pictures. In the catalogue to the present show of portraits commissioned by The Sunday Times, Mr Newman carefully describes exactly how he related to each of the part with pieces of their music studio—these all find a truth within the calculation.

With other sitters—Lord with other sitters—Lord Moore amid blocks of stone With other sitters—Lord Moore amid blocks of stone With other sitters—Lord Mountbatten, Janet Baker, James Callaghan—Newman and Tom Stoppard on stage, and so on.

It is, perhaps deliberately, a studio—these all find a truth within the calculation.

With other sitters—Lord Mountbatten, Janet Baker, James Callaghan—Newman seems to settle too quickly for and prove able to do so without the obvious, and tells us little.

It is, perhaps deliberately, a sometimes the people master of instant observation—



Arnold Newman's Vera Lynn, just as we supposed she would be chance chosen, and just how mality, sometimes not. Vera By much, or how little, chance went into his pictures. As for the chance element, it is sometimes, admirtedly, difficult to guess; he tells us that the haunted picture of Francis Bacon under a bare lightbulb, with a cavernous skylight looming beyond, came about to looks very self-conscious. Elsewhere the effects are predictive where the effects

themselves speak volumes-J. B. Priestley looking wonderfully wicked, Iris Murdoch fully wicked, Iris Murdoch looking as though she despises the whole process—and it seems possible that a procedure which left more to charge could fingily be more dure which left more to chance could finally be more expressive; these Britishers would often look more believa-bly great if they were arranged less with greatness in

Brassal is not much asso-Brassai is not much asso-ciated with portrait photo-graphy, but the comprehensive show of his works at the Pho-tographers' Gallery contains two wonderful portraits, of Jean Genet and Samuel Beck-

for ever in a sort of time cap-sule, so that we shall always know just what it was like to be in that Parisian bistro watching those lovers at that watching those lovers at that precise moment in the early thirties, or always be able to read the character of that particular long-dead cat or dog, wonder at the temerity of anyone who dare so much as approach that particular redoubtable prostitute, foursquare in her carpet slippers, with fun in mind. with fun in mind.

with fun in mino.

His most famous photographs are the "Secret Paris" series of around 1932-33, well represented in this exhibition. represented in this exhibition. But the postwar work shows that he has lost none of his flair or his subtlety: the vision is as unsparing as ever, and yet the people in the streets and bars seem to be recognized and accepted, not in any way patronised. They mostly seem, too, like Diane Arbus's subjects, to be aware that they are being photographed, to trust and connerate. Some images rebeing photographed, to trust and cooperate Some images re-main unforgettable: the curi-ously desolate "after" picture in the brothel, the man dressin the brothel, the man dressing, the fat-legged prostitute on the bidet (a whole world of glum French movies in one still), or The Hunter and the Star, a youth with a bicycle gazing enraptured at a giznt film poster of Marlene Dietrich, or the Large Lady looking of Shop-Window Models of 1936. However well you know these pictures, they constantly take you by surprise.

If photography inevitably

If photography inevitably found its aesthetic to begin with in painting, the mare traditional arts have not been slow to reverse the process. The show at the Victoria and The show at the Victoria and Albert is amazing in the sheer range and variety of ways it shows photography to have been of service to graphics in the twentieth century (and earlier). Beardsley's fine lines, drawn for direct photographic earlier). Beardsley's line intes, drawn for direct photographic reproduction, vie with Max Ernst's collages. Warhol's images of Marilyn Monroe, John Heartfield's anti-Nazi photomontages and the innumerable more or less fiddled-about-with the collage of the statements of the statement of the statements of the statement more or less fiddled-about-with photographs which occur in the prints of Richard Hamilton, Allen Jones, R. B. Kitaj and many others. Sometimes the photography is genuinely used as a starting-point for something else; sometimes it seems the original photograph would be preferable, more truly a work of art in its own right. These days the bastard child of the Muses, photography, is hardly in need of further legitimization, but evidently the traditional fine arts can do with a little assistance. can do with a little assistance.

John Russell Taylor

# Manfred presented as poet in motion

Byron's poems invite the reader to see the poet himself in many of his heroes. In his ballet Manfred, created for the Ballet de l'Opéra, Rudolf Nureyev accepts that invination. He takes from the poem a hero dabbling in necro-mancy, haunted by the past, mancy, naunced by the past, finding temporary peace among the mountains but driven by a sense of guilt to early death. But tiresome minor tharacters, the chamois tharacters, the chamois

hunter, abbot and servants have gone, their places taken by figures from life. So we see a mother who dies

while the poet is young, a sister who is his clusive ideal companion, a harsh wife who spreads scandal about him. He finds happiness for a time with, in turn, a young man, a beautiful woman and a group of friends based on Shelley, his wife and her sister. However, death repeatedly inter-rupts—not only the mother's, but the young man's and Shel-

ley's.

The dead, with others still living but lost to him, form a group, increasing in mumber through the ballet, who invade the poet's happiness time and again, grim in black, remorse-lessly hounding him. At last he breeks into action as a patriot hero, finding joy, death and union with his desired Astarae (sister and Muse) in the process. In structure and content, the

in structure and content, the ballet is a revival of a form once immensely popular but not much practised lately; what used to be called the symphonic ballet. Ideally for that purpose, its music is a piece symphonic in form, but written to a programme, Tchaikovsky's Manfred sym-phony. Composed between the fourth and fifth symphonies, it is a work on a large scale, lasting almost an hour. Full of characteristically haunting melodies, wholeheart-

edly romantic (there is even an organ swelling in at the end for the hero's death), the music is worth hearing on its own account and suits its theatrical use too, giving the choreographer a firm base for his fantasy. L'Orchestre des Concerts Pasdeloup, conducted his Ablant James de la Concerts Pasdeloup de la Concerts Pasdeloup de la Concerts Pasdeloup de la Concerts Pasdeloup de la Concerts de la Conce by Asbley Lawrence at the performances I amended, play it well. Improvements which have turned the Palais des Sport into quite a comfortable theatre seem also to have benefited the acoustics, so that it sounds good in the huge

Besides its hero and 10 other soloists, the baller uses an ensemble of about 50 dancers, many of whom appear in difmany or whom appear in dif-ferent guises from one move-ment to another. The most in-teresting choreography for the corps de baller is as mountain spirits in the second scene. Nureyev has always challenged his group dancers with diffi-cult, inventive sequences. Here they have intricate classical dances, largely arranged for seven trios swirling round the stage: tricky, but light, bright and successful.



Jean Guizerix as the Poet

The ensemble also becomes sometimes society, sometimes spirits called from their tombs; at one point monks engaged in a dark ritual with skulls, at others Turks or Greeks. The hero plunges among these last, boarding a pirate ship or rescuing a young woman destined for death by drowning who turns out to be Astarte, as all his found apparitions do. His decision to The ensemble also becomes apparitions do. His decision to join the Greeks in their war of join the Greeks in their war of independence becomes the occasion for a wild dance of celebration in folk style.

Throughout the ballet, Nursyev's choreography has a newly-won fluency and simplication of the control of the control

ity. It shows especially in the dances with the Shelley family dances with the Sheney landly and in two fine duets, one between the poet and his young male friend in the first scene, another, more richly developed, between the poet and his loving countess which, with intercements. interruptions, occupies almost the whole of the third scene. Florence Clerc plays the countess with sympathetic countess with sympathetic you have to take on trust the charm and a radiant manner; idea that he could write poeting it is a newcomer, Thierry Mongne, gives a good account of the young student who first wins the poetic love.

In some stenes, and I think you have to take on trust the poeting in some stenes, and I think you have to take on trust the poeting in some stenes, and I think you have to take on trust the your have to take your have to take on trust the your have to take your have your the poer's love. Among a strong cast, Wil-

fride Piollet stands out as Astarte, a long role in which her sensitivity to mood proves as impressive as her strength. But, by its nature, the ballet has to stand or fall by the way its central character is performed.

Jean Guizerix was meant to share the role, turn and turn about, with Nureyev, but the latter's broken toe has meant

that for the moment Guizerix in that for the moment Guzer k is dancing every performance. He gives a splendidly heroic and gloriously romantic account of the part, indefaug-able in its fierce virtuoso able in its tierce virtual gentilhonme. demands, even though he has gentilhonme. Meanwhile, the programme down the Thames so, is to run Meanwhile, the programme to be on stage almost through-out. Sensibly, the choreography out. Sensibly, the choreography does not try to make too much of Byron's deformed foot once it has been established by his first entry, but the allusion recurs at times as a symbol of his inner torment which Guizaria expresses convincingly. zerix expresses convincingly.

Perhaps he could ideally look a little more of a dandy in some scenes, and I think you have to take on trust the expects to start dancing some performances about mid-December) will make more of those aspects remains to be

seen, but he will have quite a seen, but he will have quite a task to surpass Guizerix in other respects. Anyway, the ballet is called Manfred, not "Byron", so absolute biography is not needed or even perhaps wanted.

The ballet season at the Palais des Sports runs until New Year's Day, with seven performances a week (none on

New Year's Day, with seven performances a week (none on Mondays). Before he ventures into the exhausting demands of Manfred. Nureyev will get back on stage by dancing the European premiere of the ballet Balanchine made for him let Balanchine made for him the Soulies this war Le Rauregoic Hells who wrote of sailearlier this year, Le Bourgcois

with Manifed is made up of one's two classic ballets, Balan-book chine's Apollo and Paul Tay-end." lor's Aureolc. The latter is on the whole the more satisfy-ingly danced, although there are good individual performances in both Several of the younger dancers at all levels of the company are notable, hut above all a young man, Jean-Marie Didieres, whose joyous but controlled dancing in the second male role of Aureole promises a bright

John Percival

Philharmonia Festival Hall

Noël Goodwin

Impressions of the sea and the city were the main element on Sunday in the first of a short series of concerts of English music in the romantic tradition, which Andrew Davis is conducting with the Philharmonia Orchestra (further programmes are tonight and Sunday). For an island surrounded by the sea, our heritage of nautical music is somewhat on the shallow side, but the Four Sea Interludes from Benjamin Britten's Peter Grimes ride the crest of a springtide of invention which perpetually washes the shores of our perception, raising on the instant whatever particular image each of us may have of the sea at night and morning, in calm and in

The conductor obviously had his own, which was not those of a man who exulted in it, but who perhaps had suffered the effects of its motion in the forceful, sometimes lurching rhythm that underpinned even the calmer moments in this performance, and the "Storm" interlude was presented in such

interlude was presented in such distinguishable instrumental layers (the horns thrusting fiercely through the texture) that its excitement became somewhat laboured.

Not so the cry of despair that welled up from the depths of A London Symphony by Vaughan Williams, disturbing his contemplation of the city as he once knew it, and which he musically evokes for us not with the moist-eyed reminiscence of a Betjeman, but with the clarity and vividness of a Wordsworth and a William Blake.

Mr Davis achieved a lucid and well-balanced presentation, with much care for the placing of each incident within its context, and with alert response from the orchestra in matters. of detail and in the occasional solo. The nocturnal Scherzo was less vivacious in pace than
it needed to get the range of
its colour into the best perspective, but otherwise tempos were well-judged and sustained. H. G. Wells, who wrote of sailing down the river: "To run one's hand over the pages in the book of England from end to

Presumably in accord with some concert policy that ordains some concert poucy that ordains a popular concerts on Sunday nights, Beethoven was naturalized for this occasion, and Martha Arerich, despite a faulty wire at C in the treble stave which twanged resentfully at anything above mezzo-forte. played the Concerto No. 1 in C with spirit and sensitivity, though she too!: a prosaic view of the last movement's syncopation.

This review is reprinted from yesterday's later

Tomorrow: Festivals of the year—an eight-page supplement

Squash rackets

# Australia are forced to bow the knee to majestic Richards

From John Woodcock Cricket Correspondent Brisbane, Dec 3

Australia came better out of the third days play in their first Test Match against West Indies than had, at various times, seemed likely. When bad light stopped play 25 minutes early Australia. having conceded a first timings lead of 173, were 30 for no wicket in their second innings.

With two days to go the bke-liest result is therefore a draw and the most improbable an Aus-tralian victory. To suit the tele-vision people there is to be no rest day in any of the three Test watches between Australia and West Indies. England, sensibly, have insisted upon having one, and as the Australians must feel tonight they may be wishing they had done the same. For the last

humid.

By the time the West Indian innings ended this evening the Australians were just about cooked, and with prolonged power cuts in Brisbane, due to unofficial strike action, they were deprived of some of the comforts a side can normally lock forward to during a long hot day in the field. ing a long, hot day in the field.
As for Clive Lloyd, now back with his team after having his AUSTRALIA: Iirst Innings CoS (B. 2rd 90, G. Chappell 74, J. Garner

nomson Rowe b Chappell King c Marsh b Liller D. Marray c McCosler Thomson

FALL OF WICKETS: 1—68, 2—75, 1—108, 4—517, 5—317, 6—341, 1—565, 8—366, 9—585.

Batsmen hope to

New Delhi, Dec 3.—The second Test between India and Pakistan, starting here tomorrow, could end as indecisively as the first at Bangalore. The closely-shaven pitch, which has been rolled hard, looks ideal for big scoring. It appears even more perfect than it was six weeks ago when India and Australia played on it.

reap a

rich reward

week (several loose pieces, the fall-out from an earlier operation, were removed) he was faced with a climb of 14 floors to his hotel bedroom, the lifts there being out of action. The management, in their mercy, brought him down to earth. It is not possible to bat much

It is not possible to bat much better than Richards did for his 140. That anyone is able to play so well with a damaged hip is ridiculous. There was a time this morning when Richards and Rows hit five successive balls to the boundary. After Rowe had off driven and then square cut the last two balls of an over from Bright for four. Richards hooked Hogg twice to midwicket and then Hogg twice to midwicket and then drove him through the covers. I have never seen five finer strokes strung together; like lightning they went, all of them along the

they went, all of them along the ground.

In the first 20 minutes today West Indies scored 36 runs off Bright and Hogg. That Australia took six of the last seven wickets after that for another 116 runs was much to their credit. The seventh and last they found more clurive. This is as good a Test pitch as Brisbane has had for many years. It is much more the colour of the old ones—brown enough to break a bowler's heart. Could it, I wonder, be taken as a commentary on their declining a commentary on their declining powers that neither Thomson nor Lillee opened the bowling today?
Although they finished with seven
wickets between them. Lillee
bowled mostly at medium pace bowled mostly at medium pace (brisk, but seidom unore) and Thomson was never fearsome. That, though, was today, Next week, against England in Perth, it may be different. This morning the Australian to put the brake on was Chappell, by concentrating on line and length. He had been plugging away for an hour and a quarter, doing just that, when he bowled Rowe, aiming to mid-

With the new ball now due, With the new ball now due, Chappell gave it immediately to Lilee who had King caught at the wicket for nought. Richards continued until 15 minutes into the afternoon, hooking with such certainty and power whenever Lillee, Thomson or Hogg attempted a bouncer that even



End of an innings: Lillee signals Garner's demise and brings Australia much relief.

Thomson was moved, once, to applaud. This was Richard's minth Test hundred and his second against Australia. It ended when, driving at Liflee, he gave a catch to Marsh took five catches in the West Indian iunings. He also dropped Rowe off Thomson, a chance that would have made a catch to Chappell at slip had Marsh not gone for it. The catch which accounted for Richards was Marsh's best. Standing back he rates with the best goalkeepers; standing up he is a better wicket-keeper than many thought he ever could be. By the late afternoon he could have stood up to Hogg and Liflee, if not to Thomson without coming to any harm.

between lunch and tea without a wicket falling—until the last pair came together. It was as they strove to separate Garner and Croft that the Australians looked the worse for wear. For nearly nine hours they had been out in the sub-tropical sun. Hogg was bowing off a half run, if that; Hookes was given five overs of "chinamen."

six. In 80 minutes Garner and Croft added 56 runs, For Australia the one consolation of this was that by the time Lillee pleaded successfully with umpire Crafter

# Willey and Miller promoted for practice

From a Special Correspondent Adelaide, Dec 3 Adelaide, Dec 3

England's batting order against South Australia tomorrow, their last first-class fixture before the first Test in Perth on Friday week gives a thinly veiled him as to how the selectors' minds are working for that match. Peter Willey and Geoffrey Miller, normally to be found in the middle of the order, have been promoted to numbers three and four, an inference the selectors want them to have as much practice as possible before the Test.

The team flew in today after

In that match Australia were bowled out for 298 in reply to India's 510 for seven declared. But in the second innings they scored 413 to force a comfortable draw. before the Test.

The team flew in today after a four-hour journey from Hobart to find the thermometer had risen from 15° C to nearer 30, with no breeze to cool the air. The heat in the streets was blistering and if the sun beats as fiercely for the remainder of England's stay here, nobody will be more grateful that only three days have been allotted for the game than Graham INDIA (Irono S. M. Garcastar (Can-ino, C. P. S. Chauban, D. B. copsarkar, G. R. Viswanath, Vaspal barraa, R. Binny, S. M. H. Kirmani, apil Dev, K. D. Ghavri, S. Vaduac, Doshi, S. M. Patil PAKISTAN: Maild Khan, Murassar acar, Zabrer Abbas, J. Mandad, asilon Rata, Asiq lipal (captainy, aran Khan, Wasim Bari, lipal Qadir, ibal Qasim, Sakander Eacht,—Router,

Stevenson, who makes his first appearance after arriving a week ago in Sydney. He substituted for Graham Dilley during Tasmania's second innings at Hobart, but is having trouble with his sleep and needs more time to get acclimatized.

England is Chappell's only opportunity to force his way into the national side before the Australian team is chosen after the match now being played in Brisbarie. "I've been training hard for the game", Chappell said today.

needs more time to get acclimatized.
Willis and Dilley have been given the match off. Botham and Lever will share England's new ball with Stevenson first change.

Iau Chappell returns to captain the South Australia side after three weeks' suspension as a result of an altercation with an umpire. He is expected to bat at number three behind Nash and Darling with Inversarity, who has led the side in this absence, dropping down a piace.

to regain a place in the Austra-lian Test team. He played the last of his 72 Tests in Melbourne against the West Indies in February, 1976.
The three-day game against

The South Australian selector



## Landmark unveiled as open day looms

Squash Rackers Correspondent The £4,700 British national squasu rackers championship sponsquasa rackets champtons pspon-sored by Thorntons at: Abbeydale Park, Sheffield, has turned out to be an interesting landmark in the national history of the game. It is an inaugural event, the first such championship in which pro-fessionals and americs, have comfessionals and amateurs have comresspinate and amateurs have com-peted together. As such it marks a transition to the open game— the abolition of distinctions between players—that is now im-minent. Its transitional importance is also reflected in the fact that players of three generations (in secretary transitions). squash terms, anyway) took part in yesterday's quarter-final round. The youngest of these represented a new breed of British professionals, a consequence of the accelerating growth of squash in a favourable climate. British weather almost insists that, in weather almost insists that, in order to expand, rackets gamesmust be based on the widespread provision of permanent Indoorfacilities. That is one of the main reasons why British squash is thriving and British rems is not. Bryan Partnerson, at 33 the oldest player to reach the last eight at Abbeydale Park, reckons Britain's taleutted and ambifitious young proalented and ambitious young pro essionals could be described a restours could be described as the first fruit of the junior development schemes launched six years ago by the first national coach. Anthony Swift.

Patterson suggests, too, that Britain's success at amateur level—five weeks' ago Britain won the world amateur ream changing.

—five weeks' ago Britain won the world amateur team championship for the second time—has stimulated wider ambitions.

Some of the youngsters are better at playing railies than finishing them and are also tactically predictable, but all are benefiting from increasingly intense competition. Four players—Gawain Briars, Ian Robinson, John le Lievre and Richard Mosley—signed professional contracts this year with a cracially Mosley-signed professional con-tracts this year with a specially formed company based at Hat-field, Multisquash Management Services, in which they all have

tion for spectators, squash must already be among Britain's three or four most popular participant

Rugby League Bramley have to

# sell to survive

Bramley put their loose forward, Bond, on the transfer list at £15,000 and a wing, Rowett at £10,000 last night. They are also putting 10 reserve players, some with first team experience on the lier. list.
Douglas Alton, the second divi-sion club's chairman, said : "We

plete the deal,
Marangoni will make his first
appearance in Saturday's home
game against Cardiff. His signing
will help soften the blow of losing
John Hawley, who is likely to be
out of action for at least a month.
Hawley, bought for £200,000 from
Leeds, only returned to the side
last Saturday after missing the six
previous matches ston club's chairman, sain! We dont' wattr to lose these players, but the financial position is such that we have to sell to survive." The club is to move a resolution at the annual meeting of the league in June, calling for the abolition

# Ground closure threat to Forest and Norwich greeted

Football Correspondent Nottingham Forest and Norwich Notingnam Forest and Notwern City supporters watching this week's Football League Cup fifth round marches would be advised to take firm countrol of themselves after the violence of the weekend that will lead to inquiries by the Football Association. If the FA decided that Saturday's incidents. in which two goalkeepers were injured, were sufficiently serious and that the clubs ha dnot taken all reasonable precautions.

and that the clubs ha doot taken all reasonable precautions, the grounds could be closed. Norwich are immediately placed under scrutiny because their Cup tie against Liverpool temorrow night is at Carrow Road, where Aston Villa's goalkeeper, Rhumer, was hurt by coins thrown shortly after two players had been sept off. Forest's tie against West Ham tonight is at Upron Park, but any trouble from their travelling supporters would compound last Saturday's incident in which the Arsenal goalkeeper, Jennings, was burt by a dert.

that by a dert.

The violence marred a season that, hitherto, had not been badly abused by the minority holligan clement, but Norwich, Northigham Forest, the FA and the Football League are teking the incidents seriously because goelkeepers are such vulnerable targets. Although at the time Jennings made little of the fact that a dart embedded itself an inch or more into his arm, later he said it was becoming a regular occurrence to be bombarded with ballbearings and coins. At least two first division clubs have made efforts to avoid the risk of goalkeepers being hurt by not have made efforts to avoid the risk of gralkeepers being hurt by not allowing spectators into an area of terracing behind the goals. Tottenham and Everton have done this, Norwich are considering the idea as well as having nettings to stop missiles. Graham Keily, the secretary of the Football League, suggested yesterday that spectators should be more closely searched by the police.

the first round of the League Chyis an attractive mixture of matches
with historical links and possible
surprises. The holders, Forest,
after a month of unusual indifference, are unlikely to find much
comfort at West Hant where of
late Brooking has ben inspiring-

The Sunderland manager, Ken Knighnon, broke the chub record for the third time this season when he paid £420,000 yesterday for Claudio Marangori, the Argen-

the midfield player.

Marangoni (25), from San
Lorenzo, fordelted the chance of

playing for his country when he was given Italian citizenship last

was given lizhan cinzensinj last week to overcome the problems of obtaining a work permit. International clearance was received from the Argentine FA yesterday morning and Marangoni, who had stayed the weekend with Tottenham's Osvaldo Ardiles, travelled to Sunderland to complete the deal

Sunderland

break club

record

20 seconds left, Brities stored against an Arsenal team encouraged to discover that they could more than match the European Cup holders despire the absence of Brady, who was injured. Tonight Brady could be fit enough to play against Swindon, as could Rice, the club captain, but with Devine performing so well at full back, the defence may remain anchanged. remain unchanged.

West Ham will be at full strength against Forest who are

notable and in-timed exception of last Sahrday when he was out of touch against Charlton Athletic. Arsenal meet agasts with Swindon Town, the last third division chub to win the grophy. Ten years ago Swindon best Arsenal 3—1 at Manblaton

Wembley. On Saturday Nottingham Forest

attempting to win the prophy for the third season. Peter Taylor. Forest's assistant manager, said he was looking forward to a "magical" tie, and certainly he was looking forward to a "magical" tie, and certainly West Hism will be keen to show that they are ready to regain a place in the first division. Forest's ceptain, McGovern, is likely to miss the game because of a leg injury and Bowyer is definitely unavailable.

Grimsby hope to ride the coundence that they gained by beating Everton in the fourth round. Today, with home adventage over Wolves, they have their sights set beyond the next round and as far as Wembley Itself.

John Barnwell, the Wolves manager, is familiar with lower division football, having managed Penerborough United and yester-

division football, having managed. Penerborough United and yesterday he told the players who on Saunday beat Mauchester City at Maine Road that this could be "the toughest battle of your lives". Emlyn Hughes could be forgiven a wry grin.

Banks dismissed: Gordon Banks, the former England goal-keeper was dismissed yesterday as Port Vale's reserve heam coach after the weekend resignations of

Alan Bloor as manager and Les Shannon his assistant. Bill Bentley, the first team captain, will take over as caretaker mana-ger while the position is adver-

## Last match may prove decisive

Zurich, Dec 3.—England will not meet Hungary, potentially their toughest opponent, in the World Cup qualifying competition until June, 1981. Five months after that match in Budapest, the Hungarians come to London for the last match and one which could easily determine the group leadership.

Two of the five competing countries qualify for the finals in Spain in 1982. England will play the opening match are group three, whose dates were agreed here today. They start with a home match against Norway on September 10 next year, visit Romania the following month and play host to the Swiss a mouth later.

Skiing

# | Miss Iliffe is with a cold shoulder

From John Hennessy Val d'Isère, Dec 3 Valentina lliffe is back in th British team. However, she is a British team. However, she is a member in name only, an up welcome intruder in the team hotel and apparently an enforce absence when the team is in training for the World Cup rare here this week.

It is the reverse situation to that of Kourad Bartelski, who has found blusself among friends Miss lliffe comes and goes almost unnoticed. It is a sad, far cry, from the start of the decade wher she became, at 13, the youngest

Miss Iliffe, like Bartelski, fell out with authority; but unlike Bartelski, she has been given no so much a cold shoulder as no shoulder at all. She arrived on Friday to discover no room has been reserved for ner.

She now trains with the Italian team, where she is treated "as-one of the gang" and has almost no point of contact with her comparriors except for superficial no point of contact with her com-patrions except for superficial chit-chat at maais and the stony granting of transport in the morn-ing to the ski lifts. She does not feel she is a member of the team any more and yet. I'm here to ski for Britain, not racing for Tom and Jerry."

The atmosphere, she says, not providedly is transported.

surprisingly, is tense—as if things are not bad enough already for any skier facing the hazardy of a downfull race. Furthermore or a downmin race. Furthermore she has little time: in . which to prove her point. The National Ski Federation, to her dismay, have entered her for only two events—the other is at Plancavallo next week. She will be told -then whether or not she will be
chosen for the Olympic Games mext February.

But ho wto prove herself? The yardstick was to have been simply whether or not she could beat Moira Cargill, the other senior member of the British team. But Miss Cargill left for home today pursing an injured arm and addle

nursing an inhured arm and ankle after a fall on the downhill course. Miss Cargill hopes to be back for Plancavallo and the only other British woman skier will be other British woman skier will be Kirsten Cairus, a young pretender whom Miss Illife beat by seven seconds in training today. Since been suspended Miss Illife has survived on "an enormous grant from the Sports Aid Foundation", a more modest one from the Kandabar Ski Club and the support of her father.

This is Miss Bliffe's last season, whatever happens. She is fighting now, against all the odds. "I want to show I'm not the hopeless case some people believe me to be. to show I'm not the hopeless case some people believe me to be. There are many others on my side and I'm determined to prove to people who've backed me up for the last 10 years that it wasn't all wasted. And I'd like to give my father the satisfaction of knowing his faith in me was justified."

Miss Iliffe admits she can be hard to handle, but "anyone I respect can get anything out of

respect can get anything out of me." Respect seems in short supply in these parts just now.

Boxing

## Young peril as Gardner tries to prize open oyster

By Srikumar Sen Boxing Correspondent

Boxing Correspondent

The British heavyweight champion, John L. Gardner, attempts to open the world champion-hip cyster at Wembley tonight. If he does well against Jimmy Young, of the United States, he will meet Larry Holmer, the World Boxing Council champion. But as Willy Loman, that impossible but lovable porthal enthusiast in Arthur Miller's Death of a Salesmen, 1835; "The world is an opsier, but 700 can't crack it open on a but you can't crack it open on a materess." That is why Young is lorn. He has beaten Lyle and Foreman, drawn with Shavers and lost controversial verdicts against horiton and Ali.

Norton and All.

The 31-year-old Young may be over the hill and down on staminared luck, but after watching him in the gym I camon see how Gardner can beat him, Gardner has beenly of heart, and is not averse to carrying the fight to the biguran, heavier by one stone and a half, but the two men are league, spart, Young is in the mould of the big heavyweights, with that overall rounded appearance. His supper arms and neck are like bollards and his wide chest tapers down to light feet.

Carrying his armament close to

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down to light feet.

Carrying his armament close to the body, he moves easily across the ring, but with all the time in the world, every so often giving, little shuffle, also a walk. When he cuts loose, when he cuts loose, the blows move a short diviance, but they seem to tratel together, thus having the effect of one but acach. One such barrage shifted he heavyweight long Moore a gold six feet.

If he wants to, Young can keep Gardner out with his left hand,

If he want, to, Young can keep Gardner out with his left hand, and left the British hover churn away at the air. But will he? That is what his menter. George Benton, is worried about, though he assured the watchers that his charge would be all right on the day.

One boxing expert, who has seen more of these world class heavyweights than I have had hot curries, tells me that young is the Dane, Jorgen Hansen. Green cuite likely to go to deep every meets a man whose name seems now and then, as he did against more like a film star's than a hoxer's—Dick Ecklund.

has offered the world middle-weight champion Vito Antuofermo

159,000 dollars to defend his title

against the former British changpion, Tony Sibson from Leicester. at Liverpool Stadium early next

Sibson in world title offer

that case, Gardner has only got to do what comes hasturally—swarm all over the sleeping giant.

Young may just roll his shoulders and cover up and try to ride out Gardner's non-stop attack, hoping the British boxer will puff himself out. But Gardner can keep on going and going, not very elegantly, perhaps, but all the same piling up the points.

American promoters, however, have decreed that Gardner must impress. Though I am at a loss to understand how he can impress against a man like Young. I asked Terry Lawless, Gardner's manazer, about this, and all I got was his infectious smile. The Wembley crowd should give some idea of Gardner's drawinz power in the United States.

In the main event of the evening, somewhat dwarfed by the presence of the big American. Gardner's diminutive stablemate from the lively Lawless camp. Charlis Magri, makes his first European defence against Manuel Carasco, of Spain.

The little man from Stepney is on a steady course for a world championship, bout, but the American shores are still lar away. Though it may not be plain sailing tonight acainst Carrasco, the Bratish boxer should not be unduly troubled. In 1973 he beat the Spaniard over eight rounds and has also handled mutual oponemis like Nesem Zehelini, of France, and Franco Udella, of lister, much more effectively.

The southpaw Spaniard is durable, however, and could take Magri the distance. But the British lover is more matures now and fit enough and to let this affect his performance. He is a training teach.

liover is more mature now and fit chough not to let this affect his performance. He is a training lamane and does everything in the sym in a near and precise way, from the lacing up of his boots to the two-handed ouslaught on the bag that can be heard the other side of the Barking Road. He should deal with his opponent just as thoroughly.

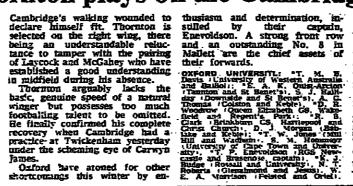
Also on the card is Dave Green, the Fen Tiger, trying to regain the Fen Tiger, trying to regain his stripes after his knockout by

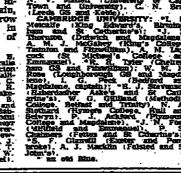
Rugby Union

# Fit again, Thornton plays on the Cambridge wing

By Richard Streeton Oxford and Cambridge both announced their teams yesterday for the University match at Twickenham next Tuesday, Oxford, who include seven of their eight available Blues, named a team generally predicted but after a frustrating term marred by rustrating term marred by numerous injuries, Cambridge were able to choose a full strength side for the first time this season. James Thornton, an England under-22 centre who has not been available since injuring ackle ligaments against Leicester on November 10, was the last of

James.
Oxford have atoned for other





Now is the time for all who are 'rugby daft' to stand up and be counted

# England's search to dress the shop window

Lancastrian whose drive and business acumen, as managing director of a firm of engineering contractors in Manchester, has earned him a CBE for export services to industry. He played rugby for Broughton Park and Lancashire, became a member of the Rugby Football Union committee in 1967, coached his county and the national XV in the severiles and it the sort of man you are glad to have on your side when the shot and shell are flying.

Now, as chairman of the union's new playing sub-committee, he is rearing round the regions weeking to discover from administrators, coaches, captains and referees, at to discover from administrators, coaches, captains and referees, at club and county level, what they think must be done to get England winning Consistently again.

Burgess has as intense a distince of English failure as Dick Jeeps, another pugnacious and tenacious character who embarked on a similar bornstorming exercise when he was president of the union three scasons ago. Jeeps, with support for his thinking, than talked his committee into introducing an inter-divisional cham-

talked his committee into introducing an inter-divisional championship,
playing sub-committee are Davia
Brooks, junior vice president of
the union "Budge" Rogers,
chairman of the national selectors; Ron Jacobs, that pragnatis,
oak-like Northampton and England
prop; Captain Mike Pearey, representative of the Royal Navy on
the RFU; Tooy Jordon, the Bedford and England full back who
represents Eastern Counties; and
Don Rutherford, the RFU's technical administrator, acting as Well, if he wants an easy pay day I'll match him against Sibson at the stadium in February ". Mr Attinson said.

For Sibson to be allowed to challenge for the title he would have to be in the world's top 10, and at present he is not. Antuofermo retained ins title by drawing with Marvin Hagler in Lay Vegas on Friday. nical administrator, acting as

secretary.

The chairman introduces himself. the coarman introduces ameer to the assembled gathering of the South and South-West in Exeter: "If you're not rugby daft", he asserts. "then I'm not sure why you're here". He has always been one to call a spade a something shovel.

He goes on to say that he is

shovel. He goes on to say that he is regularly ashamed of watching English club rugby on relevision, and then comparing it with the quality of the Welsh variety that follows it of a Sunday afternoon.



Burgess: in a hurry to get the answers right.

"But England's performance is the scop window of our game", he adds, 'and one of the alms of this committee is to look for this committee is to look for the 2 general consensus for a playing structure that encourages the ambifious player.

"We want to consider whether Don Rutherford's position at Twickenham should be supported to the floor, Jordan quietly poses an important question: bitious player.

"We want to consider whether Den Rutherford's position at Twickenham should be supported by four full-time officials in the divisions. We need to review our cracking methods and organization because after 10 years we're not getting results. And we want to find out why so few of the players in our successful colts and youth teams go through to the serior England side. We're in a nurre to get the answers right."

hurry to get the answers right". He stresses that his committee

open to the floor, Jorden quietly poses an important question: "What, for the sake of England, are you and your club prepared to sacrifice?" The answer to that, judged by some of the perocital and entrenched thinking soon on offer, is "not much".

It is a long time before anyone stands up to comment on the quality of rugby played in England and the coaching that produces it. Then Bill Redwood, the former

Brismi and England scrum half, observes that he was alarmed, on remaining home after seven years abroad, to see how sheer footballing quality had declined.

Another Bristol and England stalwart, David Wart, presses strongly for club leagues and for the county championship to be conducted on a knockout basts. Derek Morgan, the England selector and former international forward, points out that even as things are structured now, some of the best players in the south-west are guaranteed only three county games. He wants the RFU to nominate 16 leading clubs and then to encourage other clubs to feed through their best players.

These are pusitive thoughty and, on the whole, although much of the discussion is woodly, several discernible trends emerge. Pearry, sounding up, reflects on a consensus for more organised compedition rupby, and on a strong desire in the division for the county championship as well as leagues. The delegates seem united in wanting the RFU to give a positive lead.

This consensus, it appears, was reflected even more positively at one of the committee's morthern seminars, at Orrell. Club representatives there were in favour of

seminars, at Orrell. Club repre-sentatives there were in favour of sentatives there were in favour of leagues democratically structured, its members spanding or falling on results. It was thought at Orrell that there should be one acknowlinged step between major club rugby and an England Jersey. Whatever the case, the best players had to be told in the most specific perms the sequence of rungs on the leader. Leading performers wanted to play just once a week.

a week.

The call for strong guidance and action from the RFU came through even more kondity at Orrell. In effect it said: "You'll Orrell. In effect it said: "You'll never please everybody, whatever your decision. But tell us what has to be done, and we'll do it."

John Burgess is one of the world's dones, and a persuavive saleonau. He is hoping to have a discussion with members of the England maining party when they next meet early to Jamary, but expects to have his report and recommendations victually completed this side of Christmas.

Motor racing

## Thackwell is youngest man to win Grovewood award

By John Blunsden
At the end of only his second season of motor rackes, an 18-year-old from New Zeatand, Mike Phackwell, has won the leading Grorewood award as the most promising British and Common-wealth driver of 1979. He is the youngest recipient in the 16-year history of the awards, which were presented in London last night by the former world champion, John Surtees.

Notices Mansell, from Birming-ham, secured the second award for an impressive season as a member of the Unipart Formula

for an impressive season as a member of the Unipart Formula Tures team, and third place went to Teary Gray, of Wye, Kent, for a highly successful year of Formula Ford racing. Two other Formula Ford drivers, James Weiwer, from Harlow, Essex, and David Sears, son of the former British saloon car champion Jark Sears, from Theeford, Norfolk, earned special commendations.

Although the escalating costs of motor racing have tended to diminish the cash value of a Growel wood award (£1,000 for the top driver down to £160 for a commendation), to 'secure one means as much to a young and ambilious racing driver as does an Oscar to a potential film star, if only because they are used by leading team managers as a mejor source of talent-spotting reference.

The winning drivers are chosen by an independent panel nominaried by the Guild of Motoring Writers and comprising motoring

Table tennis

## Europe's best ready for a 12-hour day

By Richard Streeton

Most of the leading European men's table teamis players will be compedig for a £750 first prize in a one-day tournament spread over 12 hours today at the Black Lion Sports Centre, Gillingfam, It is the fourth leg of seven counting this winter towards Norwich Union's grand prix series.

Desmond Douglas, England's No 1. is among those appearing and has already qualified from the secies for the Masters' tournament at Preston next May The leading 14 points stores from the grand prix compete at Preston, together with the world champion, Seijl Ono, of Japan, and the winner of the Europea title in Berne next April. Bengtson (Sweden), Klampar (Hungary) and Xle Saike (China) are expecte duo dominate today and England's inational selection committee have revised their ranking list. Paul Day's regular appearances and return to form move hi mirom No 14 to second place, behind Donglas, with John Hilmon now No 3 followed by Graham Sandley and Max Ching hilmon for the Competition of the LaAF in international place, behind Donglas, with John Hilmon now No 3 followed by Graham Sandley and Max Ching hilmon for the Competition of the LaAF annuls the suspension of these athletes it will depend which meets three days before the Moscow games (the games Art on 149); whether or not they will be admitted to the cames. At angence France Presse.

equently become grand prix drivers, one (James Hunr) became world champion, and another (Alan Jones) won four grands prix this year—more than anyone else.

journalists closely involved in the sport. Their voting track record has been an impressive one; more than 20 award winners have sub-

else.
Jones, from Australia, also played an important part in enabling Thackwell, who now lives in Wargrave, Berkshire, to become this year's top Grovewood driver. After a season of Forwula Ford racing in 1978, Thackwell moved up to Formula Three this year, but after winning the supporting race to the British grand prix at Silverstone in July he had to announce his retirement through lack of funds.

Olympic Games

## Stones is one of three banned from Moscow

The Hague, Dec. 3 — Three athletes were barred from the Mos-

Today's fixtures Kuck-off 7.30 indexs stated LEAGUS CUP: Fifth round: Assental v Swindon Town. Grimstov v Wolverhampten Wanderers: West Hame United v Notingham Formst FOURTH DIVISION: Rochdale V Statement. person.

per

year.

Mr Atkinson said in Glasgow that he had contacted the world champion's manager, Tony Corlino, in New York with a view to making the match. "Actuolermo Woking: Sleugh v Leatherhead; Tooting and Mitcham v Staines, First decision: Bromley v Aseley, Clayton v Harwich and Partie-ton, Famborough v Mctro-polition Pulice Hampton v Mardenhead; Hornam v Kingstonian, Leyionstone and Horna v Ware Stablens v Biscop's Storeore: Walton and Hornam v Cambriety; Wokingham v Wernbery, Second division: Humportord v Hemri Hempeterd RUGBY LEAGUE: First division Wigan v Aradford Northern

Atkinson said.

Francois Boutin and Philippe Paquet eye the English classics after a victorious French season

# Three Troikas is harnessed to success

is, Dec 3

re French flat season closed afternoon at a sumy Maisonsitte. In three months at Saint-d the racing community will semble for the start of the programme. The final statistic of the past season are not yet ished but some of the leadpersonalities are already in. The Aga Khan is the most resful owner, François Boutin leading trainer and Philippe net the champion jockey. llowing her brilliant victory to Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe. e Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe.

2 Troikas heads the lists of angs for a racehorse. She is sed by Irish River, Top and Le Marmot. Nor unexdly Lyphard is the top and All Mijinsky the leading of two-year-olds. This was y due to Princess Lida who do ap £78,000 in her four gs.

and Le Marmot. Nor mexity Lyphard is the top on and Nijinsky the leading of two-year-olds. This was ly due to Princess Lida who do possibly our Princess Lida who do possibly carried on 91 occathis season. His horses won 1680,000 and £177,000 of that due to the wonderful perinces of Top Ville. In the part of the season the son ligh Top picked up the Prix ulche, Prix Lupin and the du Jockey Club. The last races were run in record Next season Top Ville will at the Aga Khan's Haras de eval in Normandy, and in the owners' table so Madame Alec Head with the Aga Khan's Haras de eval in Normandy. Ond in the owners' table so Madame Alec Head with the sax attributable to Three as. Madame Head's horses alned by her daughter, Chrischen Criquette), whose father, is responsible for the horses ging to Jacques Werthelmer. Inshed third i othe owners' with 5514,000 to his credit.

m Desmond Stoneham

nch Racing Correspondent

is, Dec 3

François Boutin has had a Saint-Alary, Three Troitas

Cloud) and Princesse Lida. Prix de Diane. The daughter of
Lyphard was stiff after her defeat Cloud) and Princesse Lida.

François Boutin has had a remarkable season. This immensely liked 42 year-old Norman has saddled around 100 winners in the Parls region. These horses have won £1.5m for their owners and, when you add Boutin's European winnings in England, Italy, Ireland and Belgium, the grand total comes to nearly £1.8m. Boutin's leading moneyspinner was Le Margaot who, in six races during 1979, won the Prix Greffulhe, Prix Hocqueht and Prix Ried. This son of Amarko was second to Top Ville in the Prix du Jockey Club and rumer-up to Three Troikas in the ARC de Triomphe before running third in the Washington DC International at Laurel Park.

Another tough little customer

Lyphard was stiff after her defeat so was rested until the Prix Vermeille. This. Group I event was also taken by Three Troikas, but only by a short head from Salpinx. Most sensibly. Miss Head had remembered that the Arc de Iriomphe came three weeks after the Prix Vermeille. Three Troikas won Europe's richest race by three lengths from Le Marmot with the English champion, Iroy, a length away third.

Tibe veteran Francois Mathet took second place in the traners' list. Hins horses, mainly the Aga Khan's, won 115 races and over 1900,000. Bettind Mathet came Jack Cumington Junior who sent out 75 winners for over 860,000. Cumington is not as well known in England as some other French trainers. He is a shy man who is inclined to shun publicity. Nevertheless, Cumington commands a great deal of respect at Chamilly and his handling of Irish River has been brilliant. Itish River was a superb racehorse with a slightly nervous character.

Philippe Raquet, who will be 27

Philippe Raquer, who will be 27 on December 9, has taken the jockey's championship for the second time in three years, with 115 winners. Paquet has amassed nearly f1.5m for his patrons in France. He has been first jockey to Boutin for over 10 years having joined the stable dirticly from a labour exchange in 1966.

The Boutin-Paquet relationship a labour exchange in 1966.

The Bousin-Paquet relationship is based on mutual respect. Although they broke all records this year, 1980 promises to be even better. To win the English Derby is the ambition of both men and, if Nureyev passes his 2,00 Guineas test, he will probably carry the colours of Stavros Niarchos at Epsom.



Their finest hour: Christiane Head leads in Three Troikas after her victory in the Arc de Triomphe.

With just over 100 winners.
Yves Saint-Martin was second but
last year's champion, Alfred Gilbert, has had a lean season with
around 65 winners. He has better
news for next year when he will
carry the first colours of
Mahmoud Fastok. Heuri Samani
was first jockey for the stable

this season and has rarely put a
foot wrong.

Finally, I note the produce of
Lyphard have won over 5800,000
in prize money thus season. Second in this list is Riverman (waitling to be exported to the United
States) followed by Amarko
(dead), Hard to Beat (Japan).
Caro (US) and Sir Gaylord.

odstock sales

## viss Maid back in ring ed fetches 290,000 gns

or of to an unusually brisk Normally Monday is com-ely quiet, but this time the lot through the ring fetched guineas; the sixth 136,000

lichael Phillips
g Correspondent
1978 Champion Stakes
r, Swiss Maid, went through
le ring at Newmarket yesterrr the third time in her life.
Irst occasion was three yestrs
when her trainer, Paul
vay, snapped her up for 6,000
Is when she was a yearlingte months ago Kelleway again
the last nod when he bought
ck into the stable for 325,000
Is.

Inight, however, he and his
partners let her go for
0 guineas to a bid from the
ational Bloodstock agent,
el Motion. Motion refused
close the name of her new
but he did say luter that
ient had no interest in also
the did say luter that
ient had no interest in also
the nomination to Lyphard,
was on offer along with
Maid, as he could have as
nominations to that horse
wanted.
that seemed to point to John
a being Swiss Maid's new,
but that is pure guesswork.
rd stands on Mr Gaines's
n Kentucky
ier in the day, the second
of Tattersail's December
sot off to an unusually brisk
who was in one behalf of a different
American breeder, Franklin
Groves, who owns the North Ridge
Farm near Lexington, Kentucky.
Mr Groves already owns a number
of cholcely bred mares, notably
of cholcely bred mares, notably
went almost already owns a number
of cholcely bred mares, notably
with a dam of the
Kentucky Derby winner Cannonade, and Exceller's dam, Too Bald.
Va's Girl is a nice addition.
Captain Tim Rogers, the owner
of the famous Airide Stad in Ireland, was under bidder for Val's
Girl. In one respect that was not
on one of Captain Rogers's studs
on one of Captain Rogers's

Racing

## Fences prove no obstacle to Bryan Boru

David Gandolfo had two wms, with his three declared runners at Folkestone yesterday. Bird Stream, cast in her box, could not run, but the other two, Bryan Born and Low Lindeth won, partnered by Paul Barton.

and Low Lindeth won, partnered by Paul Barton.

The jumping display from the four runners in the Rye Handicap Chase was sketchy. Bryan Born, the odds-on favourite, seems incapable of a clear round and ploughed right through the second last. But he is big and strong, bas only ever fallen once, and never faltered, coming home five lengths ahead of 33 to 1 outsider landing party.

Bryan Born, who has won eight

landing party.

Bryan Boru, who has won eight races over fences worth nearly £10,000, put Gandolfo on the 13 mark, but it was only for an hour thanks to low Lindeth's crisp turn of finishing speed in the Mereworth Novices' Handicap Chase. The luckless Southern Mobile, in the front rank virtually all the way led over the last where Low Lindeth was a bit green, but Barton pulled him together again and his burst on the short run in was decisive.

Andy Turnell had the punters

hopping in both divisions of the Penshurst Novices' hundle. In the Penshurst Novices' hundle. In the first he partnered the 50 to 1 Tweel and went close to bearing the odds-on Distillery, but in the second he partnered odds-on Rook Wood, only to finish second again.

Toby Bulgin, 19-year-old whose only previous winning ride was on Distillery at Newbury, appeared to give his mount plenty to do, settling him in sixth place and not getting much of a run until

worker formality Monday is comely quiet, but this time the
fot intrough the ring fetched
guineas; the sixth 135,000
s and the 16th lot to be sold
0 guineas.

Lat was not only the highest
of the morning session but
record for a brood mare
Deerry winner, Sir Ivor, out
Deerry winner, Sir Ivor, out
Coaks winner, Valoris, who
i foal to the Edlipse Stakes
isser Stakes winner, Artains.
by direction of the executors
iare Sir Charles Clore, Val's
was bought by an Irish
Time day the the
server and the state of the server of the server of the
server and the server of the server

Folkestone results

Oisthiery. b g litramy Robbin
—Abstract (Mrs. M. Laikami).
—Abstract (Mrs. M. Laikami).
—Abstract (Mrs. M. Laikami).

Tweel . A furnel (50-1) 2

ALSO RAN: 4-1 Van Haden 4th1.
12-1 Sanskrilik 17., 20-1 The Spoorstan, 50-1 Radvorcliffe Double
Stretch pl. Hoodle's Monday Night.
Salchmo, Toliers Rose, 12 rad.
TOTE: Win 17m marges 14m 400.

1.15 (1.17) OTERNDEN OPPORTUNITY HURBLE (softing handicap: C178: 2'em.

Fair Streak or a probably by Blue Streak-fair Lady (Mrs E. Rhind-Tuil, 8-10-b. S. Johns (6-4)

Sandwich Bay . R. Betty (11-2) 2

Ballyship ... N. Hiskett (4-1) 3

1.45 (1.46) RYE HANDICAP CHASE (handicap: £1,536: 3m 2f).

(handicap: £1,536; Sm 21).

Bryan Boru ch g Armagnac- Pattara
(C. Michell: 811-8 hl P. Barton
(4-5 on far
Landing Party Mrs N Ledger (35-1 2
Mounthooty ... A. Coogan (10-1) 3
ALSO RAN. 6-4 Mr Hatnac. 4 rab.
TOTE: Win 30p Dual F.: 73p. CSP:
52,71. D. Gandolfo at Wantage, 51 41.

Osndolio at Wantago, "d. "d.

2.15 (2.16) SISSIMGHURST
HURRILS (amateur handicap: \$1.251;
5th 27]
Double Mirase ch u Our Mirage
A-10-11 Mrs. D. Williams (6-1) 1
White Heron Mrs. D. Grissell (10-1) 2
Knocknagin Mr. A. (crens fav) 3
ALSO RAN: 7-2 Princis Risk (7),
B-1 Master Ribot, 1d-1 Jave River,
33-1 Mick The Milker, Oldgo Gold,
Kenn Hill, 9 ran.
TOTE: Win 55p, places 34p, 10p,
12p, Dual F; £1.53, £5F, £5.46, W,
Charles at Warwick, 3, 10.

## Even Melody will set tempo once the score is known

By Michael Seely

By Michael Seely

Two years ago Neville Crump
sent Even Melody down to Cheltenham to capture the MasseyFerguson Gold Cup. Next Saturday the Yorkshire trainer's 1976
Mackeson Gold Cup winner, Cancello, is doing duty for Middleham
in this important race. This aftermoon Even Melody travels north
to Wetherby, where he has only
two opponents to beat in the Ruiforth Handicap Steeplechase.

Reen Melody has a fine turn of

Even Melody has a fine turn of foot which he showed this season when winning a two-mile handicap at Cheltenham in October. Last month the 10-year-old made a re-turn visit to the same track for the Mackeson. At the top of the hill nothing seemed to be going better than Simon Lycett. Green's gelding, but his chance was slip-ping fast when a blunder at the second-last fence finally put paid to him. Even Melody eventually finished sixth to Man. Alive. the front rank virtually all the say led over the last where Low Lindeth was a bit green, but Barton pulled him together again and his burst on the short run in was decisive.

Andy Turnel had the punters homoing in both divisions of the is that Even Melndy has no for-

is that Even Melody has too for-midable a task at the weights. Harvest Day, one of Even Melody's rivals today, was also strongly fancied to win the Mackeson, but was at the rear of the field when he fell at the eighth fence. Since then Harvest Day has disappointed again when finishing a well-beaten fourth to Border Brig at Newcastle.

goes well, Even Melody sho make short work of

Perhaps the best value of the day should be Strawbill, who run in the first division of the Leeds in the first division of the Leeds Novices Hurdle. After winning by eight lengths at Hexham in October, Strawhill turned in a magnificent performance on the same track the following month. Trying to give the year-older Privy Consort 11 lb, the four-year-old failed by only a neck with the third horse, Gleaming, five lentghs away. Show Rose and Chennel Lane have chances at the weights, but Strawhill should prevail.

Strambill's trainer, Jumbo Wilkinson, could well complete a double with Kelso Chant in the Vaux Breweries Novices' steepe-chase. Sugarally won a modest event by seven lengths at Ayr last week, but the opposition were not of much account, and Kelso Chant has run well against hetter-class rivals. In the second division of the Novices Hurdle I am going for Schumann. Peter Easterby's four-year-old was thought capable of better things when trained on the flat by Bruce Hobbs. Schumann may therefore outclass his more

experienced rivals.

In the Harrogate Opportunity Handicap it might be best to overlook Castle Arch's recent lapse when only third to Selby at Haydock Park earlier in the week. Maurice Camacho's seven-year-old made several jumping errors that afternoon, and it may pay to go by Castle Arch's 15-length victory at Wetherby last March. Jester's Night, who was third to Foreign Legion at Wolverhampton, should be his principal rival.

At Newton Abbot I like the experienced rivals.

## therby programme



VAUX CHASE (Novices: £909: 3m 100yd) VAUX CHASE (Novices: £909: 3m 100yd)

iffiff Master Milan, W. A. Stephenson, 7-11-8 ... Mr T G. Dun
10231 Sugarally, U. Farbatrn, 6-11-5 ... D. Goulding
181303p Barton Cress, A. Watsen, 6-11-5 ... D. Goulding
1800-18 Bright Eco, N. Crumph, 6-11-0 ... Mr Miland
1800-18 Bright Eco, N. Crumph, 6-11-0 ... Mr Mr Miland
1800-18 Kelso Chastt, B. Wilkinson, 7-11-0 ... Mr Wilkinson, 7
1800-1800-1800, Mr Mr Wilkinson, 7
1800-1800, Mr Mr Miland
1800-1800, Mr Mr Miland
1800-1800, Mr Mr Miland
1800-1800, Mr Miland
1800-1 EEDS HURDLE (Div I: Novices: £702: 2m)

HARROGATE CHASE (Handicap: £1,169: 21m 100yd)

O-21213 Cattle Arch (CD), M. Camacho, 7-13-10 T. V. O'Connell
O-21213 Cattle Arch (CD), M. Camacho, 7-13-10 T. V. O'Connell
D-30 Gay Kengley, H. E. Peacock, 6-11-6 B. Earn-Naw
D-30 Gay Kengley, H. E. Peacock, 12-11-6 J. Inherwood
22-plot insus, N. Rebinson, 6-11-1 J. P. Naddisan
Swanky Guide, E. Caine, 11-10-4 P. Naddisan
Cattle Arch, 9-1 Jesters Night, 4-1 Gay Kempley, 10-1 hupus, 14-1 Swanky D-20 Gay Kempley, H. E. Peacock, 12:11-b R. Earnshaw Inherence Images, 19 Rebinson, 6-11-1 J. Inherence Images, 19 Rebinson, 10-11 J. Inherence Images, 19 Rebinson, 10-12 J. Inherence Images, 19 Rebins

## therby selections

Jean Marjorie. 1.0 Even Melody. 1.20 Kelso Chart. 2.0 STRAW-ic specially recommended. 2.30 Castle Arch. 3.0 Schumann.

## Newton Abbot

12.45 ST JUST HURDLE (Div I: 3-y-o novices: 5683: 2m 150yd) 

1.15 HELSTON HURDLE (Handicap: £1,138: 2m 150yd) 1.45 PATTERN CHASE (54.181 : 2m 5f) ------2.15 MOUSEHOLE HURDLE (Selling handicap: 5521: 2m 150yd) 

2.45 LAND'S END CHASE (Handicap: £1,346: 3\m 100yd) Church news

Appointments

The Rev G. I. Afnold, Vkar of St. Afnold, Vkar of

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS: All engagements (4cdd): Marine Rose. Turbor Persuary Negaria Charles Bullo and Volled.

## £1.000 Premium Bond prizewinners

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# Why high-rollers are switching their bets

It has been a terrible year casinos. Ladbrokes have now been confirmed on appeal as not being "fit and proper persons" to run their London casinos, and have lost their licences.

The four luxury London casinos belonging to the Coral group were raided, and as a result Mr Bernard Coral, who last week resigned as the head of its casino division, faces charges of conspiracy to pervert justice and other conspiracies linked to gaming, and other Coral employees have been charged with various offences. Although those two groups have been the most direct sufferers, the ramifica-tions have sent a chill of fear

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an already apprehensive casino world.

Many of the difficulties faced by the London casinos stem from their reliance on wealthy foreign customers (the provincial casinos, although more numerous, contribute lit-tle to profits). Ladbrokes, for than nine months this year 545m in foreign currency was exchanged for chips, which led Ladbroke's chairman, Mr Cyril Stein, to quip that he would be applying for a Queen's Award for Industry.

That sum, of course, does not include the money gambled by foreigners in sterling. But this dependence on foreign gamblers is now under threat, for a variety of reasons, and the high-rollers are starting to

The relative strength of the pound, and bigher prices, have made London a less attractive proposition for visitors, some of whom could have been expected to leave some of their money behind on the gaming tables, as well as for specialist

Moreover, a significant proportion-perhaps a quarter or more-of the casino's best customers were Iranian. Their custom has already declined, and there is bound to be a continuing falling off of their contribution to London's gam-

ing turnover A further ground for pessi-mism comes from the Ladbroke case itself. The courts have been told of numerous contraventions of the Gaming Act (many of them uncovered

transformation of Portugal, that most improbably oblong nation.

into the forum for one of the

most interesting and significant political debates in the modern

Caetano dictatorship naturally

delighted me, as it did all those

who care for freedom, but I

was particularly pleased by its

rapidity and completeness, because this demonstrated

something I have spent most of my life arguing—that those

who live under repressive regimes know that they do, and

don't like it. That may seem

obvious, but I assure you that

it is not in the least obvious

to many who speak and write

about these matters, some of

Well, I could, for one. The entire people of that enslaved country; and Portugal, so the

whom have been arguing the contrary for at least as long that most precious truth. The Soviet system, they insist, might not suit us, but they like it; demonstrated something estations and more interesting and hardly less important. Final returns in the general election there are not yet in, but it appears that the moderate Democratic Alliance will have a

Salazar

It is clear that the Gaming Board and the police intend to enforce the gambling rules strictly

> Table talk: Gaming Board inspectors training in London

side rival casinos noted and police computer; commissions paid to those who introduced customers, based on the amount of their losses; lavish gifts and dinners to lure prospective clients; and breaches of the law requiring 48 hours between applying for membership and being allowed to gamble at a club.

It is clear that the Gaming Board and the police intend to enforce the rules strictly in future, which is hardly likely to appeal to a rich gambler who finds himself refused entry to a casino in which he wishes to spend his money.

More subtly, the very fact
that two of the leading casino groups have the whiff of corruption or illegality about them—even if unjustified—is unsettling to some big-rollers who had up to now taken comfort from the probity that surrounded the arrangements for their personal safety and pri-

Still looming in the back-ground is the recommendation of the Royal Commission on Gambling last year that casinos should impose a berting duty of 7; per cent whenever money is exchanged for chips—the drop—(The total drop in English casinos has been esti-mated at nearly £1,000m). This

Spinola's overnight demonstra-tion that it was a pack of lies,

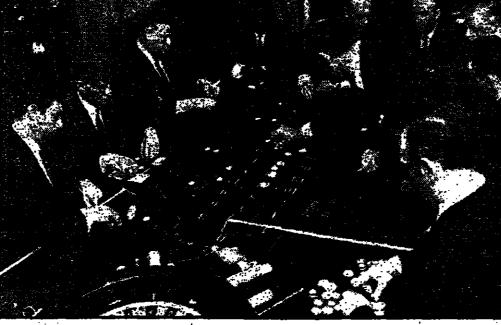
is the happiest nation on earth, and if you gave them a proper election they would keep their coal in it. (One of the many reasons for my wish to see freedom established in the Soviet Union is my conviction that the

same truth applies there. But I do realise that the proof may

Now, however, the Portuguese

seem to have gone further, and demonstrated something else

have to wait a bit longer.)



tax on the gambler, if brought into force, would certainly drive some big customers out

is unlikely to continue, at least is unlikely to continue, at least at the same pace, in the next decade. Ironically, in view of the Ladbroke case, it was the Government's decision in 1968 to get to grips with dubious operators, through the passing of the Gaming Act and foundation of the Gaming Board, that see the scene for the frenetic set the scene for the frenetic activities of the seventies. It resulted in London having more active casinos ( a top of 24, down to 22 before the Ladbroke case) than any town or city in the world except Las

By drastically cutting back the number of licences available and introducing stringent measures to ensure that clubs were run honestly, the Gaming Board gave to those casinos that passed the test a clean bill of health, which in turn ensured an excellent reputation among high-rollers tion among hi throughout the world.

The real turning point, how-ever came in 1975 as a result of a combination of factors. By that time thousands of gam-bling-loving Arab princes and shaikhs and others made super-

party can command a majority

What is most interesting about the result is that it repre-

sents a very substantial swing away from the soft-centred

socialism of the Soares' government, and thus a radical break with the hitherto un-

anestioned assumption that only

system of state control can

keep a country like Portugal, so recently escaped from tyranny,

The fallacy was obvious; state control was precisely what constituted Portugal's previous lack of freedom, and every time

Dr Soares intoned the hallowed versicles of his watered Marxism, declaring that capitalism had to be eliminated if

Portugal were to escape falling

back into tyranny, he made it more likely that she would, despite his own commitment to

democracy, shortly fall forward

It is this principle that the voters, in a formidably huge turnout (over 87 per cent)

Bernard Levin

looking for relief from the hukeen to take advantage of the confidentiality and exclusivity offered by the Mayfair gaming

The casino bubble has not yet burst, however, in spite of trepi-dation about the future, and even the unexpected Ladbroke and Coral traumas have not completely ruined City confi-dence in casinos. The fact is that the gaming industry has provided an assonishing return on capital employed 432 per cent in 1976, according to the Royal Commission on Gambling—and even a substantial drop in that rate can still be extremely attractive.

The market did, however, react strongly. About £60on was wiped off the value of Ladbrokes' shares, while Corals saw the value of their shares drop by nearly a half, to around £50m. Some stock-brokers are now saying that this was an over-reaction; but, like international gamblers, institutional investors (who, ear-lier this year, held as much as 30 per cent of Ladbrokes 30 per shares) recoil at the faintest suspicion of anything shady, and the shares of both groups are likely to remain depressed

for the time being.

Both groups, realizing that the casino profits phenomenon could not last for ever—though

ation suggestions—have adopted a policy of diversification. In its big to turn casino cash flow into real assets Ladbrokes has invested heavily in hotels, property and the foliday business. How this policy has accelerated recently can be seen from the group's acquisitions this year alone.

Among purchases have been the prestige Westmoreland Horel (film), Lasky's hifi chain (film) and a pub and restaurant chain (film); and the group has entered into a \$40m property development deal in the United States.

The Coral group has followed a similar route, most sig-nificantly through its 156m takeover of the Pootins holiday group earlier this year (a sum which is now more than the whole Coral group is worth on the stockmarket). Assuming that Ladbrokes'

interests in betting shops (they have 1,000), bingo and other, entertainment activities would not be affected by what is happening on the casino front, they would still be reasonably sizeable even without their casino operations. Hhe main impetus for growth and profitability, however, would have been removed at a stroke.

Whether or not the three Casinos pletely disappear, or whether other bidders could get the necessary permission to operate them, is not yet clear. Certainly there are possible purchasers in the background, including Mr 'Tiny' Rowlands, whose Lonrho group has apparently come close to a deal with Ladbrokes.

On the non-financial front, exciting times can be expected Mr Cyril Stein, enraged that the Ladbrokes licence appli-cations were being opposed by Playboy and by disparaging comments made by Playboy. chief Mr Victor Lowndes, bas promised that "the fur will

There should be some bitter fighting when the renewal of other casino licences come up for consideration, especially that of the Victoria Sporting Club, which was snatched by Mr Lowndes in a dramatic last minute £6m cash bid, after they had seemed all set to go to

# Congress up for sale-but at a price

As an institution, Congress is haid in low esseem by the American people. It is a common view that congressmen will always rank below used. car salesman in the public's

True, a Louis Harris poll a few months ago showed an in-crease in confidence. But, even with this improvement, gress still only achieved 18 per cent support and fell behind organized religion (20), the military (29) and television news (37).
Unusually, Congress scored

but, in this unhappy year for President Carter, so did every other institution on the list except organized labour. This, however, is the attitude to Congress the institution. The American voter manages to combine this with a consi-derable milerance, even a very high esteem, for his own repre sentative, often regardless o

righer than the White House

party. (The cynical view of this is that "they are all crooks but this one is my rook ...)
The general lack of enthus iasm is partly just the general lack of enthusiasm with which

the people regard politicians as a breed. "Throw the rascals out," is a phrase never far from the lips of voters (nor from the minds of those in office). held view that Washington politicians do too little work

for too much money. It is worrying for many voters par ticularly, as now in a time of high inflation—to see their representatives earning so much more than they do, Politicians getting that money, they think, easily lose touch

with ordinary people.

A recent syndicated column
by Jack Anderson scathingly
attacked Washington's "econo-Mr Anderson wrote: "Except

when they're reined in by fear of the voters wrath, our federal legislators go blithely along year after year, raising their own salaries, building new and ever more extravagant office buildings for themselves, adding to the treasure chest of perquisites they already enjoy, and dreaming up splendid new ways to inrease their army of assist-

It is the members of the House of Representatives who, in theory at least, are most reined in by fear of the voters" wrath. The 190 United States senators, two from each state, are elected for six-year terms and from state-wide con-

In the House, however, the 435 representatives have to face the music every two years and until the day that they decide to opt out are, in effect, always running for re-election. Theirs is the function most closely resembling that of a British member of Parliament Their constituencies (districts) are divided up within the states eccording to population and each contains about

and each contains about 500,000 people.

An MP might find it difficult to disagree with Mr Anderson. Compared with those of our legislators, the offices of United States representatives are opulent, their staffs enormous. The accommodation is in fact offen our results. dation is, in fact, often quite cramped, but considering the size of each planon in the army of assistants, that is

hardly surprising.

Each representative may have up to 22 aides and is given each year by Congress (ie, by the raxpayers) some \$300,000 for their salaries. His own salary is \$60,000 a year and he gers some \$70,000 to run his Washington office. Add to this various allowances for travel, postage and main-taining his district office or offices and Mr Anderson's figure—\$500,000 for "salary and fringe benefits"—is not far out.

A Chicago journalist told me that the public is concerned because "it sees congressmen go in as people of average means and come our rich. Not because they have done any thing crooked, but because it

The public is concerned : because it sees congressmen go in as people of average means and come out rich'

is a lucrative profession."

Some of course, are croc When it comes to campa funds, some are in the pock of big business or the unic Many are subject to great pr sure from lobbyists and growing number of special growing number of special terest groups.

Miss Liz Ryan spe.

much of her time in Washiston: engaged in "public". I bying on behalf of local gernments including the cit of New York and San Fr. cisco. "We should", she si "limit the extent to whe Congress is up for sale Li

Congress is up for sale. Li campaign funds and you li the influence of money.... private lobbyists hand our lor." Understandably, the home able members of the House somewhat defensive over the

One of the most delic questions that any democrategislature can tackle is that its own pay rises. But to wa the latest debate on this s ject in the House of Repress atives, to see some of members' anguish as t metaphorically looked o their shoulders for the re tions of their constituents. like intruding on private gr Small wonder that Mr And son chose to rub their nose:

All this, however, is ammunition that is fired at institution. The voter's expense of his own represents often leads him to a differ conclusion. Unlike most British

representatives are loc often having been born or l ing lived many years in the districts. This, combined v American party system, g tification with his own

The very allowances, la staffs and offices that ca such general concern also congressmen a mighty wea to wield on behalf of const ents. As federal governm and its bureaucracy has gro year by year, the need of cinzen for help to br through the jungle of red thas grown. The congressm who ultimately controls bure position to provide this h Most do it well.

Every week voters in the hundreds telephone and w to their representative seel aid on specific problems. case work, as it is called, increased enormously in past decade. It makes the gressman a combination ombudsman and knight en ready to charge into be (with his ample retinue) behalf of his voters.

Such activity gives much favourable publicity marks him out as differ from and more caring than other 434 members—the "1 other 434 members—the "l cals" that should be thre

All this gives great elect advantage to incumbents. (gressional staff are forbid by law to campaign in the jobs, but in fact every cousten's problem that is solver a step on the road to ret tion for their member. funds of lobbyists go o whelmingly to incumbe rather than to challengers. Representatives may be ning for office all the p but they get a good head \$ on the field. (Friday in Foreign Report California congressman)

Ivan Barr

of English casinos
It seems, therefore, that the
great casino boom of the 1970s

apartheid in South Africa is no doubt deplorable, but the blacks willingly accept it; Mussolini, of course, made the trains run on time; the rulers of Vietnam are enthusiastically supported in the hearts and minds of the entire people of that enslaved accused of ensuring that no party can command a majority.

midity of the desert summers. At first, the Lebanon provided the perfect summer gambling retreat, but the eruption of civil war in 1975. forced them to seek new venues. With sterling on its knees and Britain providing an acceptable cli-mate, London—the only major capital in the world to have casings—was the ideal choice. The effect of the arrival of

the wealthy Arabs and Iran-ians on the London casino industry was dramatic. The pro-fits of Ladbrokes, the largest operator, have more than quad-rupled since 1974, to £41m last year, with casino profits con-tributing about half that total; and in the first nine months of this year, casinos, bingo and lotteries brought in more than £20m, the group revealed when, as part of its effort to save its licences, it hived off its clubs to a separate com-

corals have seen its profits increase five-fold over the past four years, largely on the back of profits from its London gaming tables.

Perhaps 85 per cent of profits from all London casinos has come from overseas sources, dominated by Middle-Eastern gamblers, but with some help, more recently, from Americans and Europeans

Portugal's gift to the defenders of freedom ment. (The similar attack on became, and has remained truly free in the political sense. them started much later.)
The struggle going on in this But the Oliver Twists of Portu-gal, having had one bowl of liberty, bave now had the country is between a govern-ment which won a substantial temerity to ask for more, and not all the Bumbles of socialism

have been able to deny them a second helping. From the second helping From the Democratic Alliance they doubtless sense that they may get a healthy increase in economic freedom to go with their political democracy, and perhaps even political stability too; what is more, they may be right on both counts.

welcome the Portuguese election result may express surprise at it, saying that democracy is such an infant growth there that the voters can hardly have had time to understand freedom, let alone acquire so pronounced a taste for it that they want it ex-tended. This is a craven argu-ment; human beings—Portu-guese as well as British, and Russian as well as South Afri-Russian as well as South African—no more have to "learn" that freedom is good for them than that sunshine is. (Besides, they have had six years of socialism, a period quite long enough for them to discover that that certainly doesn't work.) But we in Britain have a particularly good certain for particularly good reason for deriving comfort and hope from the Portuguese swing. After all, we did something very similar in Britain only a few months ago, and the voters' decision is now under attack more fiercely

majority in a free election, and those who intend to prevent that government putting its declared policies into practice. In this latter aim, all those who wish to destroy democracy inwish to destroy democracy in-Britain altogether are of course united, as well they might be, for if the government succeeds their own hopes of power will recede into the invisibly distant future. Unfortunately, they are joined by many who do not want to see democracy destroyed, but who for reasons Even some of those here who political ambition are eager put themselves at the head of such extra-parliamentary opposition, and by others who out of political cowardice are unwilling to face the fact that

their very silence is giving it support.

That is why I say that there is comfort to be drawn for Britain from the events in Portugal. The thing that is now so fiercely under attack here is being demanded there; the liberty that is on the defen sive here is being extended there; the fears that shake its there. For my part, I welcome the decision of the Portuguese voters not only because they voters not only because they seem to have struck out for more freedom, but because they have reminded us that we have just done the same, and that it behoves us not to falter now that the battle for, and and implacably than any such decision and ensuing policies have been in my political lifetime, not even excluding the against, what we voted for has now been well and truly joined. reforms of the Attlee govern @ Times Newspapers Ltd, 1979

LONDON DIARY

# The experience is unforgettable. Just remember the name.

Hine. The connoisseurs' cognac.

## Remembering a prophet of gloom

Today is the three hundredth anniversary of the death of Thomas Hobbes, the gloomy philosopher who rather belied his own observation that the life of man was "nasty, brutish and short" by hanging on to the ripe old age of 91.

Despite his generally misanthropic outlook, reflected in his conviction that man's natural condition was to be in a state of war against everyone else, Hobbes is being commemorated in a number of places around the country. In Mainesbury, Wikishire, where his father was vitar and where he was born while Drake was routing the Spanish Armada, the town council com-

missioned a bronze bust which was unveiled last month. Oxford University, where Hobbes spent his undergraduate days, and which rather unsportingly burned his books after his death, has put on a series of special lectures on the state of t the man whose Leviathan remains one of the classics of English political shought duffully ploughed through by

each new generation of stu-dents. Geoffrey Warnock, Principal

can be safely described as right

extremism, if not, indeed, full-

scale fascism. Senhor Carneiro,

as it happens, leads the Portu-

guese Social Democratic Party.

but he is now firmly categor-

ized as "right-wing" in the

demonology of the left here, and it will not be long before he is accused of wanting to bring back the Salazar regime,

and not much longer before he is charged with actually baving

And yet it seems to me that

he message from the Portu-

guese voters is a singularly encouraging one even for us in

throut (over 8) per cent; encouraging one even for is in have sized upon, in voting into power Senhor Carneiro's its in Britain—perhaps especially for alliance (I have written torship was overthrown, there repeatedly about what I call the political Döppler shift, in which the centre line of the political possible that that tyrannous rule spectrum is moved so far to the might be replaced by a far worse one, as the Communists moved swiftly to get their men

left in the minds of comments: worse one, as the Communists tors that anything less socialist moved swiftly to get their men than, say Mr Norman Atkinson into positions of power. The

of Heriford College, which in-corporates Hobbes' ald college of Magdalen Hall, held a small party at the end of last week for members of the local philosophical community to con-template Hobbes' portrait and study the books that he left to the college".

Mr Warnock says that he is unable to find anything that mitigates the general view of Hobbes as a rather sour apologist for absolutism: "He genuinely did not attach much importance to liberty and laought that the security of the person and the public order were the only things to order were the only things to be valued." Hobbes will also be remem-

hobbes will also be remembered at evensong on Sunday in the parish church of Hault Hucknell in Derbyshire, where he is buried, having died while staving with his pauron, the Duke of Devonshire, at nearby Hardwicke Hall. The incombean there, the Rev Charles Brinkworth says: "Despite the general view that he was an atheist, there is considerable evidence that he remained a faithful member of the a faithful member of the Church of England and we will the remembering him accordingly. It is nice to know that in one respect at least Hobbes's reputation is undeserved.

I am intrigued to learn that the BBC is resurrecting its general trainee scheme next year. The much coveted gradtraineeships brought many of the present top brass into the Carporation. were axed in 1970 because, in the words of one senior BBC man, "we found that we were recruiting and training six Director-Generals a year. Presumably with the present turnover of staff in the upper cor ridors of Broadcasting House and Television Centre, they feel that they may need that kind of number again.

## Party political recordings

Political parties are finally catching up with new techniology. The Liberals have just released a cassette recording of extracts from the recent party assembly with David Steel's speech on one side and speeches from the philosophy debate on the other. Priced at f5, it has already sold over a hundred copies and is some humbred copies and is going "like warm buns, at least, if not quite hor cakes", according to Mrs Evelyn Hill, the head of the Liberal Publi-

Although the Liberals are the first major political party to sell recordings of speeches, the Socialist Workers Party has been in the business for some rime. Their 17 cassertes, which sell for between £1.80 and £220, include exami-nations of Sex and Fascism, Racialism and the IQ Myth, and Whatever Happened to Black Power as well as lectures by Paul Foot on Shelley as a revolutionary and on the Paris Commune.

The SWP's biggest seller is a tape on the World Crisis which has so far sold 200 copies. Somehow I think it will be a few years before EMI or Decca sign no Masses Steel and Economic St sign up Messrs Steel and Foot for their own labels.

Christmas is coming in the capital. The first of this sca-son's Messiahs will be performed this evening in St. Paul's Cathedral, and the usual giant Christmas tree from Norway, which is abready in place in Trafalgar Square, will be lit up a week today.

Micro-industry New technology of a different kind is increasingly being used to preserve the essential fla-your of British institutions for



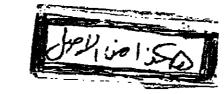
posterity, or at least for the apparently insatiable appeares of research students in the United States and Japan. The microfilming of historical documents, so that they can be read with ease in libraries in

Tokyo and Los Angeles, hitherto been largely could to the archives of point parties. Now the net is spec ing wider. A Yorkshire firm has

inished filming an entire from 1879 to 1939 of the Cry, the newspaper of the vation Army, together vother early Salvarionist pricials. Meanwhile, a company of the company in Sussex is preparing to on film the annual reports major trade unions. The i unions to be tackled are NUR and the GMWU. One of the most poign features of these reports the references to the su craft unions which were at gamated to form the giant' glomerates of roday. The took over the United Pointsmen's and Signalum Society while the GMWU S lowed up the Cumberland Miners, Welsh Artisans, Plumbers and Saw Grinders

A final footnote to the Baffair: an expert geneals tells me that the Projessor not only a third cousin to Queen, but also a for cousin to Sir Oswald Man and to the present Fast Secretary. With relations that who needs friends?

Ian Bradl



# Le Monde LA STAMPA THE TIMES DIE WELT Luropa

TECONOMIC MONTHLY PUBLISHED IN ITAIN, FRANCE. **EST GERMANY AND ITALY** 

# Oil weapon can be blunted by united stand

the threat of energy chaos looming ever r, Dr Guido Brunner, the European nunity Energy Commissioner, makes a g plea for greater cooperation between oping states, oil-producing countries and industrialized nations. Below Dr Nigel is, of Imperial College London, examines bizarre effects of replacing a common ty policy with national alternatives.

world has gone mades and sible loss of some three million barrels of oil from Iran, about the function of the world to be took their mist ribulation. Europe knows what it would mean for peace, for our prosperity, for our freedom, if America's world credibility were to be destroyed. There is no other power to shake the world to its foundations. We must now look to ow will it all end?"

right. In Tehran diploiting in Mecca, Kabah, the most sacred a earth, just think of ow will it all end?"

right. In Tehran diploiting the must will be distributed to shake the world to its foundations of mutual trust because and actions. We must now look to ow will it all end?"

right. In Tehran diploiting of human displicy—these are the foundations on which end with death. The members of any are held hostings and with death. The members of embassy in Islama. It would mean for oil revenues, which in some makes to secure stability of our communities, to world actions. We must now look to of world it all end?"

right hosting and in the future. Opposing interests they can make to future out to future the full come into conflict. But now is not the time for the world to be time for the world in the full come into conflict. But now is not the time to settle matters of this sort. Now is the time for the world no be time for the world no be international monetary system. In their countries will not enterest they can more the full come into conflict. But now is not the time to the international monetary system. In their countries, we can more that the full come into conflict. But now is the time for the world no between a reference currency for oil mit the full come into conflict. But now the time

immunity is trampled foot, members of an y are held hostage and led with death. The me embassy in Islamanes up in flames. A dde system—rivilized

economic progress, the stability of our communities, however different they may be individually.

The communities is built: our economic progress, the stability of our communities, however different they may be individually.

We must up over centuries—is The chaos threatens to to oil supplies, to cur-stability, to free world is this the end of the rise in living standards, of freedom of develop-f civilization?

s a weapon, the spread-fear, could plunge the into chaos overnight. wars, with embargoes ounter-embargoes, are lose at hand. Trade entually turn into real

can withstand the they act in solidarity.
weapon is blunted if

crushes us and opens up Pan-dora's box. Otherwise violence will be the characteristic fea-ture of politics in the remainder of the century.

There have been differences munity on trade menters and 1980s with an appreciably on energy. The role in world weakened economy. The old trade of the agriculture of the problems—inflation, unemploy-two economies has brought ment, a slowing-down in tensions, as have excessive growth, industrial renewal—

the rest of the world, particu-larly towards the developing countries, in allowing for example air-conditioning alone

If the world economy is damaged, we all suffer. How then will trade, on which all of

us—particularly in Europe— are dependent, function? It will depend on solidarity—but that must in-clude oil-producing countries, consumer states and develop-ing nations. The oil-producing countries must not, now, with-hold oil from the world, and must not start a new price of opinion between the United must not start a new price States and the European Community on trade menters and on energy. The role in world weakened economy. The old trade of the agriculture of the problems—inflation, unemploylose at hand. Trade entually turn into real entually turn into real and that country's drawing of solved by any of the industrial vast quantities of oil from the nations. The developing countries are strained practically to world market.

The Western industrial short on crinicism. More than the Eastern industrial once we have said that in the loss increased almost tenfold countries. China, the oil-producing long run the United States is since 1973. These countries and the developing acting irresponsibly towards simply do not know how they are going to solve their prob-lems of growth and financing.

Therefore the oil-producing d together. example air-conditioning alone countries must refrain from save oil. These decisions were nust not allow the post to consume as much electricity causing fresh disorder in the confirmed last summer at the

world economy and in the international monetary system. Tokyo and adopted by other In their own interest they cannot give up the dollar as a reference currency for oil pricing. They must not produce an 1985 than in 1978 or 1979.

bold their own. There would then be a sharpening of the political conflict going beyond anything we have yet experienced and affecting all countries, in West and East alike. The repercussions would eventually hit the oil-producers themselves. In the universal

chaos those countries would not survive as islands of affluence and prosperity.

Of course, we should not just point the finger at the oil-producing countries. We must do something about our own conduct. Our consumption of oil is far too high. It must be brought down. One course of action is out of the ques-ton: we must not again by to save oil by having a recession, as happened after 1973-74. That remedy will cost us too dearly. There are other possibi-lities. We can cut out waste

In the European Community we have taken decisions to

To achieve this, some major changes will be necessary. We must replace antiquated industrial plant. We must do away with poor insulation and energy-wasting transport systems. We must introduce more economic methods into private households. If energy sources and modes of energy use are carefully matched, consump-tion can be reduced by up to 30 per cent in industry, 35 per cent in the transport sector and 50 per cent in the home Such an undertaking would be expensive. Conversion to

these energy-saving techniques would cost us several thousand million dollars annually over the next 10 years in the European Community alone. Second, we must develop our

indigenous sources of energy and our new technologies. The exploitation of such possibili-ties is the key to sparing the world future energy crises. We in the European Community, together with other industrial nations, have pledged ourselves to mobilizing all available alternatives to oil. Coal must be made use of and new techniques such as coal gasification and coal liquefaction. The development of non-exhaustible energy sources such as solar power must also be considered. Substantial resources are now available to finance such

Finally clear that without an expansion of nuclear power in the

our economy or improvement raw material with absurd liery, co Durhum. More coal in our employment will be pospices. sible. A country that renounces nuclear energy is creating a dangerous situation on world energy markets in the long term. That the use of nuclear energy should take place under conditions which guarantee the

safety of the population I con-

sider to be a matter of priority

and a matter of course. Substantial resources are an equilibrium of interests. We now available to finance such will conserve oil resources. The programmes in the EEC. Those who are always complaining about Community spending on agriculture should realize that 70 per cent of the EEC those will be to our own benefit research budget—about also. We, too, have an interest constraints and interest stands what begin with the world continued in the other side intends how it should not be dislogue a solid base is the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. For this ment. The Secretary-General of the United Nations could convene a preparatory conference on energy and developments. in oil lasting as long as pos-sible. By acting reasonably our-

coming decades no growth in need to defend their precious

By our conduct we can give them a signal which encourages them to pursue moderation. At the same time we will be doing something for our balance of payments in oil and hence for our economy. Politically we will have greater freedom of action.

nd a matter of course. Naturally this will be achiev-if we are successful with able only if we and the oil-If we are successful with able only if we and the oilthis policy, we will bring about producing countries underan equilibrium of interests. We stand each other. We must oil-producing countries and in-

must be quite selves, we enable the oil- It must develop into an active tions being prey to irrational thout an expan- producing countries to act economic, financial and tech- moods and prevent energy ar power in the reasonably. Then they will not nical exchange in all sectors chaos,

A miner at Easington Col cost if the aid to continental producers were redirected to investment in Britain. Photograph: Brian Harris.

Only thus can trust finally becreated. Let us make a fresh start. Let us sit down together and confined to merely refraining the next few weeks. In this from inflicting mutual damage, way we will prevent our rela-

# Nationalism exacts a high price

of war, rarely can guty have been more than in its contribution rope's vulnerability in supplies. The member of the Communities inat energy policy is a for national govern-the Commission's latest res betray its acquiesthe "convergence of policies" has repthe construction of a

un energy policy". e would be few advoof the proposition that sarate regions of Europe develop their own nu-industries or that the Gas Corporation

have a purchasing oly of North Sea gas. It rcely less absurd to that the sum of energy of nations is an adesubstitute for a common

ires of energy supply in iC with those of an imaalternative—a common market of long stand: is based on facts from st and present, but some ration has been used in hing the ficulious commerces market. The plant mergy market. The play impensation for the vivid ids of sovereignty which crively limit perception.

nuclear industry is a cular example of Europarticularism run amuck. e and Germany each has n national constructor of es. Together they could 15 GW(e) a rear, but ned orders recently have led 6 GW(e) and the t is unlikely to improve Neither company can use its heavy commit-in plant and people— werks Union is in espe-

y and Britain have light reactor programmes will make minimal use eign facilities, will add to overcapacity, and will ore waste resources.

deep trouble.

the imaginery federa arive these problems solved long ago. The initial solved long allowed to succeed. That allowed to succeed. The rtia emerged based oure vessel manufacture b in Italy and Framatom rance, Rare architectura cering skill was garnered associated design com-

and specialization appeared in better assurance, higher relia-bility, lower costs and shorter lead times.
The real EEC is boping for

90 MW(e) of nuclear generat-

ing capacity in 1990, making a contribution of 200 million tonnes of oil equivalent (mtoe) tonnes of oil equivalent (mitoe) to primary energy demands; the imaginary common energy market is expecting 350 mtoe. The low capita, cost, high reliability and short construction times of the plant emerging from the efficient nuclear industry of the common energy industry of the common energy market encouraged nuclear investment. Also, more reliable plant operates longer each able plant operates longer each year and displaces more oil. In historic fact, the reactors of Kraftwerks Union, the constructor which more than any other shops around for the best outside its home country, have operated about 10-15 per cent longer each year than those of other constructors.

those of other constructors. The coal industry has the greatest economic distortion within European energy markers. The subsidies paid to producers in 1978 and the investments in that year are shown in Table A.

Investment in the industries, relative to their size, is similar among nations despute the disparate levels of subsidies. These subsidies misleadingly suggest that the commercial prospects are better in some countries than in others, and replacement cost, are not rolerare a transparent misallocation

dism is expensive. Out panies, and other components of resources. More coal could of war, rarely can were made by the suppliers be produced at lower cost if the sid to continental prothan in its contribution advantages of concentration ducers was redirected to investment in Britain.

Protection of European coal production began in the late 1950s after the castrophic loss of merkets to oil. The Community executive fought for a coherent system of protection, but suffered a devastating

In the imaginary common energy market the executive succeeded; subsidies were allocated evenly and consequently production was consequently on the most economic mines of Britain and Germany. The resources saved were used to retrain and compensate displaced miners, to finance new investment, to prospect and to develop automated mining and coal processing. British output was restored to its 1937 level was restored to its 1937 level of 250 million tonnes (including, as then, 50 million tonnes of exports to the Continent); output in Germany, a less fruitful prospect, stabilized at the 1960 level—180 million tonnes. Coalmining was abandoned in France and Belgium, but they obtained twice as much coal from joint ventures in the Britain.

in the Britain.
In a common market there are common prices, adjusted for legitimate economic consequences of geography. Aberra-rions such as the sale of domestic electricity in Italy at a 50 per cent discount, or the sale by British Cas of domestic gas at two thirds of the ated. Prices are aligned on long-

Table A	· :				
	Ger	Fr	Bel	UK;	Total
Production (milton tonnes) Aid (mEUA) Aid (EUA per tonne) Investment (mEUA) Investment (EUA/tonne)	90 1750 19 309 3.4	19 510 27 70 3.7	6.7 250 34 24 3.6	115 210 2 540 4.8	231 2700 11.7 943 4.1

	EEC (1990) (mtoe)	Common Energy Market (1990) (mice)
Total demand Coal imports Coal production Nuclear Hydro	1400 55 195 210 45 240	900 55 270 350 45

of resources. More coal could run marginal costs and are on average 20 per cent higher than those of the sovereign reality per cent lower.

More important, the extra revenue in such a common market has been consistently invested in energy conserva-ion projects with pay back periods averaging 10 years.
Annual investments of 20 per cent of energy come. cent of energy costs with this rate of return reduce growth in energy domand in energy demand each year by 2 per cent; in 20 years the cumulative effect is to cut demand by 30 per cent. The common market was essential to this policy because it preempted worries about distortions in competitiveness arising from uneven commit-ments to conservation.

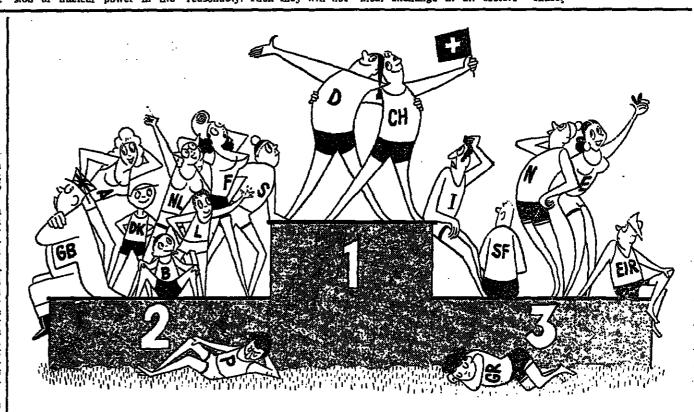
The consequences of all this are summarized in Table B as a comparison of the 1990 forecasts made by the real EEC with the forecasts for the same rears made by the imaginary analogue the latter were obtained by adjusting each component of the EEC forecast in accordance with the earlier

suppositions. This is an exaggeration, ourse, but difficulties course, but difficulties in scure the deficiencies of paro chial policies. The struggle be tween European nations for short-term advantages prevents a common approach to more a common approach to more efficient use of energy; resources allocated to energy production are misused; opportunities are lost.

The legitimate constraints of sovereignty cannot be ignored, but their worst effects can be avoided by carefully struck bargains inside and outside the energy sector. It is likely that only a united Europe can sur-vive the trials of the future. Energy may not prove in the long run to be the greatest threat, but it will certainly be the most immediate.

The gains from a common exploitation of human and physical resources are high convergence is not enough.

Dr Lucas is a lecturer in energy policy. He has written on behalf of the David Davies Institute of International Affairs, Energy and the European Communities, Europa Publications, 1977 (£6.50), and Energy in France—Planning, Policies and Policy, Europa Publications, 1979 (£15).



# Scales tip against Europe and Japan

For about 10 years—and especially since 1974 trial productivity and exchange rates. Despite their heavy at Plan observed recently at handicaps over recent years, Arc-er-Senans': "A gulf is industrialized countries have been affected by far-reaching changes. Factors such as labour costs, capital costs, productivity and exchange rates have tipped the scales in favour of the American economy and against Europe and veloping countries and by discharge countri Japan, writes Philippe Heymann.

ductivity in that country com-pared with its competitors, the collapse of the dollar has largely offset the effect of this in relation to Europe and still more in relation to Japan, which until 1978 suffered from the upward movements in the value of the yen. As was emphasized in the recent report: by the Interfutures group of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Japan and the countries of Western Europe, still more than the countries of North America, are suffering a deterioration in their average competitive position in labour-intensive industries.". Simultaneously, the emer-

Although there is increasing lizing countries" is setting the disquiet in the United States at the slow rate of growth in pro-Interfutures report comments, "contains the potential for considerable pressures on the structures of certain developed countries." It is true that these new industrial countries' share in world exports of manufactures has been rising sharply and consistently, from 2.6 per 1973 and 7.1 per cent in 1976. The consequence of this development has been a rapid increase in their share of world-wide industrial output, which almost doubled between 1963 and 1977, from 5.4 per cent to 9.3 per cent.

At the same time, however, pean countries published it is being realized that competitive positions are not determined wholly by costs, indus- As M Gerard Tardy of the gence of the "newly industria-

West Germany and Japan are tending to strengthen their shares of world markets by rapidly disengaging from proplaying impressive dynamism in industries relying heavily on skilled manpower and those considered central to control of the international division of labour (data processing, telecommunications and sp on).

Between 1963 and 1976 Japan doubled its market share in these sectors. Between 1973 and 1977 it even managed to increase its share of American imports of manufactured goods from 20.5 per cent to 23.4 per cent whereas the nine members of the European Community saw theirs fall from 28.8 per cent to 23.4 per cent.

West Garmany and Switzerland are both countries whose currencies have been revalued regularis, but they come out top in the survey of the indus-trial competitiveness of Euro-

au Plan observed recently at Arc-et-Senans': "A gulf is growing between West Germany and the rest of the Community: the Germans actively adapt to future trends in the distribution of tasks in the world, whereas the other countries prepare themselves less actively for the changes ahead."

Behind the data on comparative competitiveness there lies the general problem of industrial redeployment and for the Community this raises many other important questions: how can a coherent common external commercial policy be formulated when the gulf between its members is widen-ing? Will not the debate he-tween the free-traders and those who support a measure of protectionism become in-creasingly heated? How can a homogeneous European monetary system be maintained under such conditions? How can the permanent dilemma between the aims of increasing productivity and competitiveness on the one hand and combating unemployment and stimulating job creation on the

other be resolved? continued on page III Facts and figures

# Still no suggestion of disaster

What is most surprising about the international situation is the contrast between the psychological and monetary aspects, which are conducive to dramatization, and the real time being until the end of 1979, contain no suggestion of disaster-quite the contrary. In France, for instance, the most recently announced results were surprisingly better than forecasts of only a few months ago; the graphs for industrial output (plus 5 per cent) and unemployment (successive falls in September and October, bringing the rate down from 6.55 to 6.2 per cent) provide convincing evidence of the im-

Patronat Français (empoyers' national organization) emphasizes in its most recent review that activity is still holding up and should continue to grow over the next few months at a rate of about 3 per cent. It points out that output is in excess of consumption and that it is being sustained largely by private productive investment (at last) and to an appreciable extent by stockpiling. The Bank of France survey of business leaders shows that they remain by and large confident. Less encouragingly, the trade balance deficit was a little worse in October (nearly francs, and more than 9.000m francs over the first 10 Nevertheless, the significant current account balance of payments, bolstered by invisibles worth more than 2,000m francs a month, is in surplus.

In West Germany the situation is exactly the reverse. The trade balance is in surplus, as the graph shows, although there has been a fall in the cover of imports by exports. which has settled at about 105 per cent, whereas the current account is in deficit (by DM2,400m in September). During 1979 the level of activity has been much higher in West Germany than elsewhere and this has meant that imports have risen much more sharply nine months compared with corresponding period 1978) than exports (up by only 10 per cent). Industry's order book picked up by 2.2 per cent in September after a fall of 4.3 per cent in August, so that output should be sustained and the growth in the tained and the growth in the gap from 1978 to 1979 could

It is striking that in West Gemany activity is being anticipatory buying followed maintained primarily by invest- by a full and this has distorted

On the contrary

Christmas gifts for

young Europeans

Eurocrat's outfit. Briefcase, spectacles, worried

frown. All you need to play at building Europe.

Desperanto set. Build your own Tower of Babel

Council Scrabble. The international alterna-

tive to racing demon. Brass knuckles an

The adventures of Perry Patetic. De luxe

edition of this classic tale of a parliament's

Mini-financial mechanism. Full-scale working

model of a perennial favourite from Dublin.

graphs, or your Community, by numbers.

land flowing with milk and money.

game: see who can stay in the chair.

with this pack of novelty cards.

optional extra.

quest for a home.

Money-back guarantee.

ladders. Very dicey.

dummy currency.

excellent • • •	poor O	quality of growth	maintenance of growth		
fairly good previous performance	rery bed 0 0 0 rate of growth	prices unemployment	productive foreign vulnerability capacity trade to external factors		
GERMANY	• •	୍ର			
FRANCE	•	00 00			
ITALY	Ō	000 000 000 000			
BRITAIN		000 00 000 00	0 0 0		

ment (investment to improve productivity, but now, in veity
of the level of plant use, investment to increase capacity vestment to increase capacity also) and apparently much less by stock-piling than in France, except in the case of oil, imports of which have risen as they have everywhere else, not only because of price increases

but also in volume.

The situation in Italy is less good. Activity has slackened, although the most recent statistics for industrial output (the September figures show-ing a 4.5 per cent increase on September) suggest a turn the better. However, in that country much more than in France, there are grounds concern about the effects of he inflationary climate and precautionary buying, while productive investment has productive investment has tended to slacken further (with growth of only a few percentage points in 1979). The trade figures are also gloomy, with a deficit on the balance of trade and even on

the current account in September-421,000m lire and 589,000m lire respectively. The oil import account is beginning to make an impact, with the twofold effect of higher prices and precautionary buying. Italy obtains a high proportion of its energy simpling from faceign sources. supplies from foreign sources: about 75 per cent, much the same level as Japan. The Italian economy is therefore in danger of losing its greatest asset—its ability to maintain

surpluses on foreign trade. Britain is without doubt the most poorly placed of the four largest European countries. Admittedly, it is not easy to interpret the economic statistics, since they have been distorted by the effects of the abrupt change of direction instigated by Mrs Thatcher's especially Government. increase in value-added which set off a spate of cipatory buying followed July increase

which is based on a moving three month period.

The effects of the industrial ysis, but despite these ob-stacles, and especially if the favourable influence of North Sea oil on activity and the trade balance is discounted, it is now clear that the situation in Britain is deteriorating. In-dustrial output fell by 3 per cent in September.

In contrast with France and

Germany, business are becoming more pessimistic with each month that passes. This is confirmed by the survey carried out in October by the Financial Times which indicates that confidence—admittedly under-mined by the recent engineer-ing strike—is at its lowest ebb since late 1967 so that invest-ment plans are being trimmed and consideration is even being given to reductions of

The effects of the massive increase in minimum lending rate from 14 to 17 per cent on sterling, exports and the cost of oil (more than 20 per cent), with those of the 5 per cent cut in public spending yet to come, will add to the bitter-ness of the pill to be swal-lowed before the British economy is restored to health. In the case of Britain at least, the prospects for 1980 are fairly clear. Cambridge

Commission, expects a recescent and a sharp rise in unemployment. It is to be that austerity will help bring about the necessary dustrial recovery.

The outlook for the other

three large European countries is less clear. Herr Emminger. President of the Bundesbank, thinks that West Germany's gnp could increase by 3 per cent, but he is more optimistic cent, but he is more optimistic than the five economic institutes, four of which are forecasting 2.5 per cent and the fifth, Kiel, only 1.5 per cent. Whatever the outcome, West German expansion, even if at a slower rate, will continue to be supported by a steady flow of investment, which should help to secure healthy growth in the future. France can look forward to a growth rate of 2.1 per cent according to the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development.

advanced for Italy is 1.5 per These forecasts may not be These forecasts may not be brilliant, but nor are they catastrophic. They are nevertheless highly vulnerable to the two unknowns which have already caused them to be revised frequently. The first of these is the cost of oil relative to manufactures, which many forecasts—including these of the OECD—assume will remain unchanged during 1930, whereas others expect further in-creases and yet others a fall in response to the slowing in the world economy. Prediction is

Enlargement kit. Blow up your own photo-The energy game or now you see it, now you don't. Battery operated.

Dunce's CAP. Finance your own surpluses with this full-size home dairy and make Europe a £ L Dm Fr Job creation. The 1980s version of snakes and Convergence. Can you beat the mutually DIVERGENCE FROM AVERAGE 3



Prices: The average inflation. rate for the four large European countries levelled off in October at about 13 per cent. This reflects a considerable deterioration in Italy, where the rate is now about 20 per cent, and a relative improvement in Britain (17 per cen.) after the abrupt rise caused by the July increase in value added tax. There was almost no change in West Germany (3 to 4 per cent) and France (12 per cent). These rates are cal-culated on the basis of the three most recent mouths for which statistics are available (August, September and October). The year-on-ear rates are West Germany 5.7 per cent (rising), France 11.1 per cent, Britain 17 per cent and Italy 18.1 per cent.

our calculation of retail prices, impossible in this area since, They are already talking and the possibility of a reduction of three million barrels a day

is being mooted. The second u second unknown is the trend in interest rates, the escalation in which is beginning to cause alarm and to arouse protests in the United States, where the banks have actually been accused of behaving like Opec. Is there not a danger that countries wing to attract capital will outbid one another too far above the level dictated by inflation and bring their economies to a grinding

Herr Emminger does no think so; he believes that rates are now at their peak and that they will come down in line with prices,

Maurice Bommensath

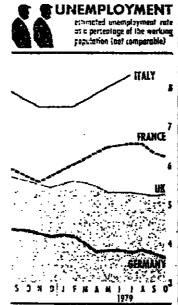
INDUSTRIAL GROWTH



growth held firm in France (5 per cent) and slowed slightly Production fell by 3 per cent in Britain and improved slightly (by 2 per cent) in

GERMANY although the French Government is talking in terms of 25 per cent, and the figure \\ITALY

> Foreign trade: Seasonally adjusted cover of imports by expans (calculated fob/cif) is settling at a lower level in West Germany at about 105 per cent (105 per cent in August and 107 per cent in September) and in France at about 90 per cent (92 per cent in September and 89 per cent in October). Italy has suffered another beauty carbon from another heavy setback from 104 per cent in August to 93 per cent in September. There was also a sharp fall in Britain, to 85 per cent in October, although calculations have been difficult because of the distortion of statistics caused by the industrial dis-



Seasonally Unemployment: adjusted unemployment as a adjusted unemployment as a percentage of the working population once again fell slightly between Scotember and October from 3.65 to 3.6 percent in West Germany, and more appreciably in France, from 6.3 to 6.2 per cent (the second successive fall). In Bettain, however, there was an second successive fall). In Britain, however, there was an increase from 5.2 to 5.25 per

From gypsy's parlour to the boardroom

# How predictions fared 10 years on

Ten years ago the crystal ball-Actual and Forecast Rates of Growth began to move from the gypsy's parlour into the board-Forecast Actual. room. Now that we are about of growth 1970-78 (2) Forecast (3) to enter into the 1980s it is a good moment to evaluate the forecasts made 10 years ago about the world in which we should find ourselves. Countries whose growth retes were expected to Gilbert Mathieu, commenting in Le Monde in January, 1971 about the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development forecast for output United States Belgium n 1980, cauciously wondered whether these predictions would be as accurate as they Countries whose growth rates were thought likely shows how right he was. It now looks as if the OECD countries will have grown in Italy\_ Germany the 1970s by only about half the amount which was origi-

> (1) OECD Growth in Production 1960-1980 as quoted in Le Monde January 12, 1971. (2) Based on GDPs from OECD September 1979 Main Economic

Indicators.
Calculated from (1) above.
Calculated from (1) and (2) above.
Change over 1960-1970 is -0.1 per cent.

Switzerland

nally planned. The main rea-

son for this failure is of course that the OECD did not predict

the oil crisis. M Mathieu also presciently referred to the likelihood of growing pressures from inflation and unemploy-

Although the OECD failed to

forecast the rate of growth of the developed world some

credit should be given to them

for predicting roughly the right order in which countries

would stand, not only in terms

of their growth in output per

head over the period which might have been achieved

simply by extrapolating past trends, but also in terms of the extent to which their

Even here their performance is not startling. There is no

consistent relationship between

forecast and outcome either for growth or for the rate of change of growth. Moreover even though the OECD success-

tries, they thought France would show a rapid increase in growth rate and Spain a reduc-

tion. In fact, France's growth rate fell more sharply than

that of Spain. In terms of out-put per head, Italy was thought likely to show one of

the most rapid percentage im-provements and Canada to progress relatively slowly. His-tory shows that Canada had

the third highest increase of the countries listed while Italy

Oualitative forecasts are

asier to get right than quanti-

tative ones. In October, 1969,

The Times commissioned an

eminent sextet of savants— Arthur Koestler, Sir Julian

growth rares would slow down.

Briggs—to describe their vision of life in 1980. Asa Briggs show the greatest contrast. Even after this lapse of time Koestler's article is still an excitement to read. It may yet prove a good forecast of life in 1990, but by 1980 standards, from the abolition of clerical celibacy to the introduction of communal electric cars, he was wrong on almost every testable predic-

marry without having pre-viously engaged in a trial magazine, 36 per cent of British 15-24-year-olds in 1979 disapproved of marrying someone they had not slept with but a similar number, in fact 39 per-cent, approved.

As a final touch to an exciting run of misses and near misses, Koestler quoted Buchner that "deep down in voice that says that tomorrow will be like yesterday", and wrote that this voice told him that on October 6, 1980, he would be doing The Times crossword puzzle No 15,691. Thanks to the rise in industrial unrest which he failed to fore see, his crossword will be some 350 short of this number.

Artnur Acestier, Sir Jurian Schools and Huxley (who wrote with Max Asa Briggs, on the other become ubiquirous in schools Nicholson), J. K. Galbrairh, hand took a more stolid view. Seen from today, this article Herman Kalm, Sir Bernard He listened to the "small smil-contains only a few more hits Lovell and Professor Asa ing voice" and prophesied that than misses. However, many of

a number of commonly-pre-dicted events such as the advent of the post-industrial society in which work becomes play would not have happened by 1980. Not only was he right with these negative prognoses, he also made correct if less exciting predictions. For example, he foretold an all-round increase in paid holidays (in 1971 in the United Kingdom 28 tion he made.

Perhaps Koestler's closest three weeks, by 1977 almost prediction was that it would be none received only two weeks considered irresponsible to and 81 per cent three weeks or marry without having pre-more), and an increased prevalence of p

lence of participatory pressure

groups in politics.

Herman Kahn is a professional futurologist so one expects a good record. His arri-cle was concerned with the for his prediction that computer power would rise by a factor of 10,000 since he also said that many of the seemingly most extravagant tech-On the other hand Kahn appeared to see the future in terms of the large computer philosophy prevalent in the 1960s. It is calculators, not as

assisted instruction, which have become ubiquirous in schools.

Kahn had predicted computer-

Kahn's forecasts run up may still be fulfilled. It no looks, however, as if legislatic to protect individuals again computer data banks will be introduced before rather the after their misuse, as Kal had prophesied.

Possibly as a result of h

experience as an economis Galbraith, when discussing the future course of foreign relations, made few prediction which could be tested again experience. Huxley and Niche son, writing on the envirorment, also made relatively fe testable predictions.

Unfortunately, where this were specific they were also wrong. They quoted wis gloom a forecast that by 195 the United Kingdom's population would rise from 56 million to 61 million and comments. that it seemed improbable the stability of numbers could a reached by 1980. In fact the population has remaine steady at 56 million although may now be beginning to ris As he himself admitted, Be nard Lovell in writing o space exploration had one of the easier tasks since the time scale for the implementation aspect of the future which co-be foreseen with accurac As a result Sir Bernard wi of an unmanned space flight past Jupiter. Saturn, Urant and Neptune. Flypasts simils but not identical to this ar now taking place.

Our review suggests with the exception of

In future if we are going t quartify we should quot ranges rather than singl figures and the width of th range representing the amout

the time of which he wa racy of Asa Briggs's final for-cast: "There will still be feeling-for many it will be a apprehension—that the bigge: changes lie shead."

James Rothman

A step towards averting EEC bankruptcy

# Increased milk grant would be painless remedy

For some years now discussion on how to curb the rapidly mounting costs of the EEC's Common Agricultural Policy has been going round in circles. Although time is pressing, and the European Community is heading for bankruptcy, not one single effective step has been taken towards the formulation of a realistic programme of reforms acceptable to all member states. Yet vast sums could be saved on the EEC's milk marketing policy alone, enough to consolidate the financial position of the Community as a whole, at least for the time being, without recourse to other sources of

revenue. However unlikely it may appear, there is in fact an effective ready-made remedy which would greatly benefit the taxpayer and impose no sacrifices on the farmer. Ready-made remedies, ο£ course, are usually viewed with scepticism: but there are certain facts and figures to draw on which should make it clear to everyone that there really is a genuine opportunity for a thorough-going reform of Community finances. To substan-tiate this, one or two explanations are necessary, but these can readily be grasped without any intimate knowledge of the

maze of EEC regulations.

The Commission in Brussels has calculated that Community revenue from all sources is at best sufficient to cover about one year's outgoings, and that by 1981 the EEC will already be in deficit to the tune of \$400m, a deficit which will probably increase by the end of 1982 to 1900m. In 1979 the budget for the Common Agricultural Policy alone accounts for £6,400m out of a total Community budget of £9,200m. Dozens of suggestions have been made on how best to curb the costs of the Common Agricultural Market. However

much they may differ in the solutions they put forward, they all take the EEC milk marketing policy as an impor-tant, and in some coses as the sole, starting point. This is not merely fortuitous. The Com-mon Milk Marketing policy swallows up more than 40 per cent of all expenditure on farming, and alone accounts for close on 30 per cent of the total EEC budget. The costs are so high because whereas demand for dairy products is stagnant, out-

constantly increasing. To grants they have to give up of farming equally creative or producing milk only for five ing surpluses the EEC pays out subsidies amounting when period, farms would have to converted to 15p per kilo of milk. This is more than farmers receive from dairies for their milk. Actual expenses can be somewhat higher or lower than the amount of subsidy at this rate, according to how the surplus milk is disposed of. Economists and EEC Commission arrurally stick to milk production surpluses. The radical remedy outlines here for excessive spending would moreover, require only some modification of current they either have to dispose of their herds or switch over to expenses. The market in been and veal would not have to mean of earning a living, they with the extra supply of cowing the production surpluses.

The radical remedy outlines here for excessive spending would, moreover, require only some modification of current their herds or switch over to expenses. The market in been and veal would not have to much difficulty over coping with the extra supply of cowing the production surpluses.

The radical remedy outlines here for excessive spending would moreover, require only some modification of current their herds or switch over to make the receive for excessive spending would not expenses. The market in been and veal would not have to make their herds or switch over to make their herds or switch over to expenses. The market in been their herds or switch over to make their herds or sw experts are all in agreement, however, that this rule ofthumb figure corresponds with the realities. For more than two years the

authorities in Brussels have

been trying to stop producing milk by offering them grants. But here the keepers of the cash in Brussels, of necessity cash in Brussels, of necessity prodigal spenders in other respects, have set about trying to make savings in the wrong way. Farmers are offered, in return for giving up milk production, an average sum, when converted, of 2p per kilo of milk, which comes to just under one-caveagh as to just under one-seventh of the cost of disposing of the same quarity of surplus milk, Not surprisingly, the results of this measure have so far of this measure have so tar
been scanty. Only very few present figure of only 2p to 5p
farms have found the present the EEC would still save twice scale of grants sufficient inducement to halt milk production. The numbers of dairy catlie are accordingly still inlif grants at the new race creasing; and as each cow is were wholly or partly paid out in the form of annual instalments, graduated according to milk, the milk lake goes on growing bigger and bigger.

There is a very good reason why farmers are little in for the recipients without their terested in the existing grant scheme introduced by Brussels in the attempt to curb productive capacity. To qualify for perhaps invest in other sectors

information may be obtained from:

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naturally stick to milk produc-tion, which at least provides them with a regular livelihood, even if not a very luxurious

bring in a sufficiently substan-tial increase in the size of the grant, and to make the way the scheme works more entractive. It would undoubtedly suffice if Brussels were to raise the grant, as some economists have already recommended, to two and a half times the present amount.

Extensive, but for that very

Extensive, but for that very reason effective, subsidies of this kind in return for giving up milk production would also be a very good thing for the taxpayer. If the grant rate for every kilo of milk not produced were raised from the present figure of only 2p to 5p the KEC would still save twice

ments, graduated according to size of herd, this would create a permanent source of income

special supply problems with which Italy is faced in mili production. There are no realistic alter natives in sight to an effective system of bonuses, to be brought in under a crash programme capable of being subsequently appeared through sequently expanded through longer-term measures. Reduc-ing the producer's price for milk, or raising the so-called 'co-responsibility levy", would

much difficulty over coping with the extra supply of cowfor slaughter which might be for the next few years a tem

porary consequence of the nev grant rates. If necessary account could be taken of the

not produce the desired braking effect for some years. And even then negotiations would still most likely be going on the control of the cont about the fixing of milk production quotas. The balance sheet for this promising grant system can be summarized as follows. No compulsion would be exercised on farmers; they would be free to decide whether they wanted to accept grants or not in return for abandoning milk production. The end result for the taxpayer would be a saving of twice as much on interven-

tion costs for surplus produc tion as the farmers are paid in bonuses. Altogether, spending on the milk marketing policy could fall by at least half and perhaps by as much as £1,500m a year—enough to mitigate British difficulties over courbutions to the Community and to ease the financial burden for other member countries.

It is natural that outsiders should ask themselves why it is that the bureaucrats in Brussels should not have come up long ago with an effective grant system if the solution is so simple, and if the right way has already been found in principle for draining the milk lake to an acceptable level-The answer is probably secretly stored away for the time being in the offices in Brussels. But it will only be a puzzle for anyone who is unaware of the multifarious absurdaties of the EPC administration, and who believes that commonsense always finds the right answer

Josef Antony

The author is chief editor of the German publication Agai old, should have appropriate professional experience but continues to rise, largely Old, Should; have appropriate English and French. Europe because average milk yield is and a thorough knowledge of English and French.



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French and German called Europ.

**Frate** 

V. .

CITTAL

12.1.22 /---

France

Sweden

Switzerland

The Netherlands

· Italy

rate 73-77 (3)

66%

-0.2%

5 2" 0

430

5.5 h

4.9%

0.5%

1.5%

Relative average

1977

100.1

97.2

106 1

100 0

99.6

112.7

115 7

1146

88.7

Relative unit

labour costs

1970 = 100(2)

1977

93 4

94 6

95.8

94.3

110.2

113.3

119.0

73.9

1453

value of manu- Output per hour

factured exports in manufacturing.

1970 = 100 (2) Average growth

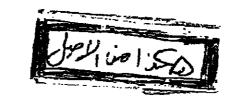
the multiple is even greater in

the case of social security con-tributions. However, wages are rising rapidly in the new ta-dustrial countries as well; he-tween 1973 and 1976, unit

tween 1973 and 1976, unit wage costs in manufacturing industry adjusted for actual exchange rate fluctuations increased by 16 per cent in Greece, 15 pera cent in Brazil and 19 per cent in Taiwan, compared with an average of 9.8 per cent in the OECD area. These countries are therefore

These countries are therefore at risk of being displaced by

others during the years ahead unless they pursue a policy at



# Scales tip against Europe

inued from page I

e debate on competitiveis extremely confused ise it is always unclear ier one is discussing the term or the long term, trial competitiveness or nal competitiveness. Over period. for instance, nge rates have a proeffect, but unless detion becomes a con- gin. is process, as in the case in the long term, strucfactors resume their true

น่ก, to take the example itain, the loss of induscompetitiveness may be rice paid to maintain the titiveness of other secbanking, insurance, propdevelopment and even lture). Within industry there can be very difsituations in a single 1; aithough British Ley-

is confronted with the for drastic structural rezation, British manufacof motor accessories and have tended to strength. eir position over recent

a survey on the com-eness of European in-

port will be used as a nce document at the

January 31 to February 8 year on the theme of

ational cooperation, pro-

ed on 200 criteria, 10,000

ny and Switzerland come

1 top. They are followed

group of eight countries

are fairly close together

The Netherlands, Luxem-Denmark and Austria).

Norway, Italy, Spain and d, while Greece and Por-

bring up the rear.

to be held in Davos

to point out, there are no States dollars, as used in

panies or products ill-suited to the market. Moreover, in the American wage costs have the circumstances of a parent company may be very different from those of its main subsid- United States is in competiiaries abroad, so that it is no. tion. Even in the national curlonger possible to equate the rencies, the increase in hourly competitiveness of a business wage costs (including social with that of its country of ori-

e dollar, the changes that to judge how to assess a situa- the other industrialized countend to be cancelled out tion. For instance when a great tries except Switzerland (87 two or three years so French fashion designer with worldwide sales produces most of his "signed creations" outside France, should it be concluded that France is uncompetitive or should one reach the opposite concluson, given the scale of the profits?

Many international economists are formulating new concepts and developing new such cases. In the meantime COSTS, productivity

doomed industries, only com- recent Cicibank report.

During the past eight years of multinational groups, risen less than wage costs expressed in dollars in the countries with which the security contributions) in the United States between 1970 It has also become difficult and 1978 was lower than in all per cent in Switzerland, 90 per cent in the United States, 137 per cent in West Germany, 206 per cent in France and 250 per cent in Britain).

### US: BIG FALL IN PRODUCTIVITY

The difference is all the measuring instruments for greater when the figures are converted into dollars, since we have to make the best of during this period the those available to try to make Deutsche mark has appresome sense of what we clated by 82 per cent against observe: developments in wage the dollar, the yen by 72 per and cent and the French franc by exchange rates—with the three 23 per cept. Expressed in dolcombined in the notion of lars, wage costs rose by only relative unit wage costs cal- 90 per cent in the United culated on the basis of a com- States compared with 330 per mon currency"-or the alter- cent in West Germany, 275 per the French Prime Minis- native notion of unit wage cent in France, 180 per cent in Raymond Barre, is wont costs calculated in United Britain and 463 per cent in

lapan. As a consequence. hourly wage costs in the United States, which were still the highest in the main industrialized countries in 1970, are now exceeded by those in The Netherlands tthe highest of all), Sweden, Belgium, Swit- Belgium zerland and West Germany. Britain Moreover, as everywhere else, regional disparities underlie the average American figures. and wage costs in the southern states are now lower than in most European countries, By contrast, the United

States is much less well placed as far as productivity is con-cerned. Although all the industrialized countries have experienced a fall in productivity growth since 1973 or 1974, is has been more marked in the United States than elsewhere. The joint economic commission the Congress expressed alarm on this subject in its mid-year report for 1979.

The American economist Edward F. Denison has written a book about it which is due to be published in the next few weeks by the Brookings Institution. According to his calculations, output per man hour in manufacturing industry in the United States, which was rising at an annual rate of 3.2 per cent from 1960 to 1973, advanced by only 1.7
per cent a year between 1973
and 1978 compared with 5.1
per cent in West Germany, 4.8
per cent in France and 3.5 per cent in Japan.

He sees the explanation for this fall largely in the loss of momentum in technology and its industrial applications, in the effects of increasing government intervention, in fiscal obstacles to investment, and in changes in the motivations of both workers and managers.
This analysis of the trend is echoed by the Citibank report and by all the surveys carried out by OECD experts.

It should not be forgotten but in absolute terms that in absolute terms American productivity is still higher than in the other industrialized countries. According to the Dresdoer Bank, if the to the Dresdier bank, it the index of overall productivity is taken to be 100 in West Ger-many, it is 78 in France, 75 in Japan, 52 in Britain and as high as 128 in the United

However, according to the figures advanced by the joint economic commission of the Congress, were American productivity growth to remain so slow in the future, France and West Germany could equal the on the basis of a common cur-United States overall producti-vity within six years, and creased by only about 5 to 10 vity within six years, and Japan and Canada would carch up a few years later.

despite the rising value of the ven. This is a quite exceptional achievement. Admittedly, coupled with the low rate of increase in wages, it has largely offset the slower productivity growth in the United States, Taking 1970 as the base year (=100), the index of relative unit wage costs in manufacturing industry, calculated by the OECD's according to a weighting taking account of the geographical distribution of American foreign trade, stood at about 65 by the end

According to Citibank calculations, unit wage costs expressed in dollars rose by only 54 per cent in the United States between 1970 and 1978, states between 1970 and 1976, as against 185 per cent in West Germany, 152 per cent in Japan and 138 per cent in Britain.
Only Canada's record is similar to that of the United States, Although the various sources do not produce exactly the same figures, they lead to the same conclusion: that the competi-tive position of the United States has been improved considerably over the past eight years by the twofold influence of moderate wage increases and

This is undoubtedly one of rhe important consequences of the system of floating the system of floating exchange rates and there is no reason to suppose that this phenomenon is going to come business has not got it wrong; American companies are reducing their rate of investment in Jacqueline Grapin | Europe and often withdrawing (10) OECD Econon altogether, while European look No. 25, July, 1979.

the fall in the value of the

only 19.4 per cent in Britain.
Japan also leads in the level
of use of industrial productive
capacity, with 92.1 per cent in
the first quarter of 1979, comthe world. Moreover, given the low wage costs and the high interest rates and capital costs in the United States, it is easy to understand how millions of jobs have been created in the American economy while

Exchange rate

movement

against US S

70-78 (1)

÷ 58 %

– 20%°

- 36 %

+23°6

+82%

-26°5

+67%

+15%

+ 143%

÷ 72%

(2) OECD. Perspectives économiques. Etudes apeciales. July 1978.

(3) Edward F. Denison, Survey of current business, August 1979.

(1) Monthly Economic Letter, August 1979, Chibank.

RISE

Japan presents an entirely different case history, with

currency. According to Citi-bank the increase in hourly

productivity growth in Japan-

Hourly

compensation

:5 US S

1978 (1)

10.80

4 55

6.40

7.69

9 90

6.71

11.44

11,43

70.32

9 43

the first quarter of 1979, com-pared with 86 per cent in the United States, \$4.3 per cent in France and 82.6 per cent in West Germany ". Moreover, it has pursued a systematic policy of getting out of labour-American economy while Europe has been resorting to heavy investment in order to make savings on manpower. intensive products and into advanced-rechnology. JAPAN: WAGES Finally, Jupan is the country

with the highest level of investment, so that it is able not only to counteract rising wage costs, bur also to achieve larger profit margins and re-store eroded margins on prosharply rising wage costs expressed in yen and, until the middle of 1978, massive rises in the exchange value of the ducts subject to greater compe-tition. The Japanese have thus been able to continue to in-crease their market share in wage costs expressed in dol-lars, at 436 per cent, is the highest in all the industrialized countries. At the same time the United States. Behind the figures and statistics we find the whole strategy of indus-trial redeployment and technological advance of the Japanese economy.

ese industry, although still strong, has slackened consider-From 1970 to 1978 Europe's ably. In theory, therefore, Japan suffered the worst deterioration in its relative competitive position (+264 per cent) between 1970 and 1978 until the dengarities in its competitive position deteriorated slightly as a result of price and wage inflation or currency appreciation. On the criterion of relative unit wage costs. Britain, The Nether-lands, Switzerland and all the Scandinavian countries lost ground. But, here again, other until the depreciation in its currency's exchange rate dur-ing late 1978 and 1979 reduced its handicap to a certain extent.
During this period Japanese factors come into play: it would seem that the Swiss, like the Japanese, have comexporters compressed their profit margins impressively, to pressed margins to hold export the extent that the relative average value of manufactured exports, calculated by the OECD prices despite the rising exchange value of their currency and, rejecting the easy solution of unrestricted re-cruitment of foreign labour, they too, have redeployed pro-ductive capacity, moving into despite the rising value of the

advanced-technology industries. West Germany, which had been poorly placed until 1973, has since improved its competitive position considerably by wage moderation and intensiv efforts to increase product vity. According to Edward

Denison', output per man hour is rising more quickly in West Germany than in most compet-(1) Facing The Future, OECD, 1979. ing countries and, moreover, since 1978 there has been much greater wage stability than elsewhere. As a result unit labour costs expressed in Deutsche marks rose by only 2 per cent in nearly 18 months between the first quarter of and the second quarter of 1979, during which period pro-ductivity improved by 5.5 per cent. Admittedly, in 1977 and still during 1978, there was more idle productive capacity so that productivity was favoured by the recovery.

> Above all, like Japan and to man manufacturing industry has lost one million jobs since 1974. This is neither an econo mic nor a social achievement It must be acknowledged, how period German industry has stepped up its research and derelopment effort substantially (West Germany alone now accounts for 37 per cent of the

companies are stepping up added?, were 43.9 per cent in EEC's total research and detheir industrial and financial Japan compared with 26.3 per velopment spending, compared investment in the country cen: in the United States, 26.9 with 30 per cent in 1967; and offering the biggest market in per cent in West Germany and that industrial plant and equipment has been greatly rationa-lized and modernized (deli-veries of machine-tools over the past two years are up 24 per cent in West Germany,

down 35 per cent in France)."

Per cent rise Per cent rise in

in hourly

compensation

1970-78 US \$ (1)

180

269

275

330

227

364

244

unit labour

costs 1970-78

US S (1)

138

138

152

127

159

165

243

264

In general terms, according to this analysis, two EEC countries-West Germany and The Netherlands—have adapted by compressing costs and rapidly cutting industrial jobs. This has allowed them to achieve a sharp increase in industrial exports and their success has been enhanced by the appre-ciation in their currencies. Others, such as Britain and Italy, have suffered some deterioration in their competi-tive positions while France and Belgium occupy the middle ground.

### PRESSURES FROM **NEWCOMERS**

The "newly industrializing countries", as the experts have designated them, at present number four European countries in the Mediterranean area (Spain, Portugal, Greece, Yugoslavia), two Latin American countries (Brazil, Mexico) and four South-east Asian countries (Hongkong, South Korea, Taiwan and Singapore). The list could change rapidly. In the meantime, the share of worldwide exports of manufactured goods accounted for by these 10 countries is increas-ing sharply, having risen from 2.6 per cent in 1963 to 7.1 per cent in 1976. They owe this to exceptionally low wage costs.
As reported in the Interfutures survey', wage rates for comparable jobs are four to 12

international level aimed at maintaining their advantage with the implicit assent of the established industrialized countries.
Not only are wages rising, but international agreements tsuch as multifibre agreement in particular) have limited exportable quantities, thereby encouraging these countries to look for high prices and added values, so that they have aimed for the upper end of the market at an earlier stage than expected and this has added further complications to har-tain's own problems of industrial and technological redeplovment.

In the presence of such pressures and problems, European diffidence towards the adop-tion of a more concerted approach is mystifying. Not approach is myshying. Not only are present developments videning the gulf within Europe, even since the establishment of the European monetary system, but at the same time no one seams greatly inclined even to make a joint appraisal of the issues—industrial, commercial and technological options—which will determine the economic tuture of our continent, let alone the question of the type of society (in terms of its social and cultural times higher in the United terms of its social and cultural States and West Germany than characteristics) that we should in Mexico or Hongkong and be seeking to build in Europe.

on, Greece and Portugal be the most competitive ies in Europe, but pro-ity must also be taken ccount. Even apart from technical factors which sportant in industrial life, others have to be consiwhen comparing the ng of various countries are susceptible to statistneasurement, but others natter of subjective ment-which does not that they are less impor-

> order to broaden its ach to the subject, the sean Management Forum ed 10 main criteria for ment and classification: ynamism of the economy, rial efficiency and ction costs, the dynamic e market, financial dynamanpower resources, the of an outward-looking de, the existence of a forattitude and. y, political and social sta-

n down into 200 classificonsiderations, were lished in the case of each. ry on the basis of

European Management national statistics, if these rest of the world. With the in Geneva has com-were available. When statistics advantage of lower inflation a survey on the com-were not available, surveys rates than their neighbours, eness of European in-were carried out: three questions they have rationalized productions world and is publishing questions, respectively, were and made the best use of their ity and social commit- data.

A meticulous guide

for managers

Assessment of the role of these various criteria raises ical data and three sur-it reaches an overall tation. To take the most diffi-ication in which West cult—the role of government cult-the role of governmentas an example, we find precise data on public spending and its development, the size of the public sector and so ou, with a rating of between one and five for the government's propen-sity to intervene and the types of intervention preferred. But is government intervention a positive or negative factor in national competitiveness?

vage costs were the only In this report it is accepted that the government has a decisive positive role to play in a modern economy, but that in order to do so it should observe certain rules, such as refraining from unwarranted competition with the private sector, and trying to give companies as much regional and local autonomy as possible. Switzerland, with its federal and cantonal system and its practice of minimal interven-tion, seems well placed in this respect, although the Govern-ment's role is increasing. On

the other hand, the limited ex-tent of government intervention in countries such as Spain and Portugal does not seem to be a particularly positive factor. Other criteria which seem subjective, such as the dynamism of the economy or the

political and social consensus, are often much easier to sure and interpret on the basis of statistical series. The conclusions drawn from this mericulous research are of

the greatest interest to business managers and industrial policy planners. It is con-firmed for instance, that policy planues firmed, for instance, that although they have the highest Europe, West wage costs in Europe, West Germany and Switzerland are the most competitive with the

compared with the rest tionnaires, with 27, 24 and 41 tion to the maximum world and is publishing questions, respectively, were and made the best use of their world and is publishing questions, respectively, were and made the best use of their suits early this month. sent to enterprises in the 16 traditional strengths—notably their marketing flair, the countries studied (to different their marketing flair, the hierarchical levels depending on the subject) and, of the 970 sets sent out, 280 were completed in full and used as the after-sales service. Above all, basis for processing the overall their achievements have demonstrated the complete their achievements have demonstrated. made possible by the dynamism of their financial systems, their outward-looking approach, and their readiness to lock to the future—comto lock to the runne-bined with political and social stability.

France, which leads the mid-dle-ranking group, is given satisfactory ratings for nearly all the criteria except the dyna-mism of its market, which seems to be wanting, and politstability. Its productivity is best and its production costs are lowest. The overall picture to emerge is one of a country heavily committed to modernization and structural reorgan ization, which can play an im-portant role, but suffers from a lack of commercialism.

Britain is in a similar post-tion, with fairly satisfactory production costs and producti-rity, and good ratings for its outward-looking attitude and financial dynamism, but it is handicapped, like France, by the insufficient dynamism in its market and a lack of political and social agreement. Its not very good.

Italy's rather disappointing ranking reflects insufficient in-dustrial growth and profitabllity, poor quality of manpower, and overbearing government intervention in economic life. Italy's assets appear to be the outward-looking approach of its businessmen and their willingness to look to the future. Italian industry seems to have difficulty in adapting to its national limitations.

Countries such as Greece

and Portugal (and to a lesser extent Spain) will need to extent Spain) will need to make a great effort if they are to integrate successfully with the European industrial com-

(2) The OECD includes 10 countries in this classification: Spain, Portugal, Greece, Yugos-lavia, Brazil, Mexico, Hong-kong, South Korea, Taiwan and (3) The impact of the newly industrializing countries on production and trade in manu-

per cent in seven years,

as a gross proportion of value

factures, OECD, 1979.
(4) Eleventh European Colloquy on Prospection organized by the International Associa-tion of Futuribles at Arc-et-Senans. Gérard Tardy: L'industrie en Europe: Les Divergences s'accentuent (5) Economic Outlook, Occa-Studies, July, 1978, OECD.

(6) Monthly economic letter, August, 1979, Citibank. (7) See article by Michel Tatu in Le Monde, September 18, 1979

(8) Accounting for slower economic growth: the United States in the 1970s, Brookings Institution. The main points are summarized in an article enomenon is going to come ing productivity growth in the an end. International big August, 1979, Survey of Current Business. (9) Profits and Return, OECD, 1979.

a lesser extent Switzerland, West Germany was ahead of the field in reorienting production, abandoning heavily labour-intensive industries and attacking the "new" markets. By 1975 it bad already brought its trade with the Opec countries back into balance. As M ever, that during the same

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# Increased investment keeps Japanese industry competitive

dollar.

four years, because of the rice rise, most Japanese stries were forced to mark but they are now once engaged in ourrivalling another in the volume of investments. Mr Masa-Okuma, vice-president of in-Motor, one of the pacees in investment, mainlevelop and introduce new technology at the

. time ". le motor industry has a d being left behind in the to get into the market for small car models. Mr ilito Eguchi, the spokes-for Nissan, which has a -making new model in i, feels that "today it is so much a question of e as of such salient factors o-to-date technology, saving fuel consumption and the

pane specialising is thild care
a importer—well established in
held of CMILD CARE PRODUCTS
distribute a completely now

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use of electronic components". Both the giants, Toyota and Nissan, are prepared to spend a great deal of money on the development of new processes. Mr Shigeoobu Yamamoto, vicepresident of Toyota, says that his company will be spending 40 per cent more on research in the second half of this year than over the comparable period last year. Nissan will be spending as much as 60 per lead over all other sec- cent more and other companies with important investment in this sector have also budrammes. It is now spend- geted for an additional outlay large sums on research to on a comparable scale. Honda is working hard to develop an engine driven by a "gasohol"

mix of 90 per cent petrol and The Bank of Japan and three of the leading commercial banks supplying long-term credit recently produced survey reports on investment plans in Japanese industry. All agreed, with minor divergen-cies, that for the current financies, that for the current than-icial year (April to March) capital investment by private industry will rise by an average of 12 per cent. The percentage increase for manu-facturing industries is esti-mated at as much as 20 per cent, and in the others at just under 10 her cent (49.6 per

under 10 per cent (49.6 per cent of all industries). Only

16.5 per cent of industries will be spending less on investment

Growing home demand, good compete with the world's major industrial undertakings panies and fears of future cost increases are the main reasons for this improved climate for ute a large part of the econoinvestment. The reports list a whole series of projects; cut-ting back on the workforce because of wage increases, research and development, energy consumption, rationalization, renovation and, not least, replacement of old

In a number of instances in-vestment is intended to expand productive capacity, especially in the motor, newsprint, phar-maceuticals, non-ferrous metals and semi-conductor industries. But many firms have been put off by the rapid rise of real estate prices in Japan.

The minority of enterprises are investing less than in the previous year belong mostly to sectors such as shipbuilding or aluminium processing which are still suffering from overcapecity. Expansion plans in a number of sectors have had to be contracted because of the slowing down or growth rates—annual growth rates have declined on average from 10 per cent to 5 per cent—es a result of the 1973 energy crisis:
But the primary aim

Japanese industry continues to be the development of new technologies so that it can ute a large part of the economic growth achieved in the stormy 1950s and 1960s technological innovaci innovations. Japan's attainment of economic superpower status came about because its performance in the investment race was five times as effective as that of

the United States. There is no doubt that the part played by technological innovations in Japan's economic growth has been much greater than for other highly developed nations. At the same time, the island empire has made extensive use of other countries' knowledge through a system of licensing agreements, instead of setting out on the costly and time-consuming path

of developing new technologies on its own.

Since 1974, however, the amount of technological knowledge imported from abroad has been falling off. The reasons are: Japan has now caught up with the rest in the level of technology, there are domestic electronic appliances fewer innovations in other have managed to reduce parts of the world that are production time to such an

worth importing, and the Japanese have made great progress in their own research. This also means, of course, that the days of cheap foreign technology transfers are over, and that in future more money, effort and time will have to be spent if Japan is to maintain and expand its strong compatition position. compelitive position. Among the sectors with im-

portant investment pro-grammes the motor manufacinvestment turing industry, as has been said, has a clear lead over the others; expenditure on investment projects for the current financial year will go up to 35.3 per cent. Other sectors with plans for large-scale investment projects are textiles (+28.2 per cent), heavy constructional engineering (+27 per cent), the metal industry (+26.3 per cent), the paper and pulp industry (+22.8 per cent), and electrical engineering (+19.2 per cent).

The electronics industry, which is among the most promising and efficient industries. in the country, is a typical example of the successful application of the latest in technological advance to highly competitive products. By com-bining a number of up-to-date technologies, manufacturers of

extent that it is now more profitable to produce these goods in large-scale highly rationalized factories in Japan itself than to operate production units in cheap-labour countries such as South Korea and Taiwan. Despite wage in creases, manufacturing costs for colour television sets, for example, are now a good third lower than they were 10 years

In the tertiary sector the branches with the biggest in-vestment programmes for the present financial year are the forwarding and communi-cations industries, each with a budget increase of 39.5 per cent, supermarkets (+27.9 per cent), building (+25.8 per cent), and retail trade (+18.3 per cent).

For the current financial

year Japanese private enter-prise will be spending about \$20,000m on capital investment. About two thirds of this will be self-financed, since many undertakings which have been holding back on capital investment in recent years, are in a strong financial position. The remainder will be found through bond and note issues, new share issues and bank loans. Liquidity in the Japan-ese money and capital market is still fairly high.

Fred de la Trobe

EUROPA

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W.E.

1977

3.7.03

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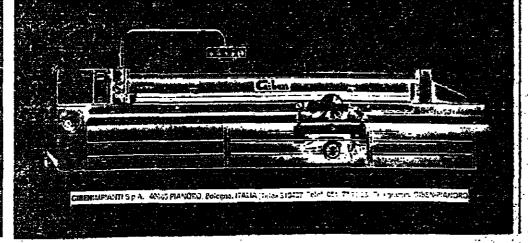
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# 'Red capitalist' to the rescue

# in Bavaria

Investment by German companies in Yugoslav sure electronics; his last posi-firms and the establishment of joint ventures of the leading suppliers of by German firms with Yugoslav partners have television, radio end in fi sets, already become almost a matter of course. The "because I have faith in Mr most prominent groups, which have had Pistor and Gorenje-Korting, Yugoslav interests for many years, include that a break into the German Daimler-Benz and Volkswagen, the capital merket can be achieved. Other goods manufacturer Klöckner-Humboldt-Deutz, by Germans. The marketing. the huge chemical firm Bayer, and the Reemtsma tobacco concern. Since the Yugoslav Gorenje group rescued the German firm of Körting such cooperation is no longer one way. How is Korting faring these days?

the middle of last year the firm went into liquidation. Mr Pistor is highly regarded in this town of 7,000 inhabitants, for during the past 12 months or so he has pulled off the seemingly hopeless task of res-cuing what is by far its largest industry from going under for

Körting is once more Today Korting is once more in full production, with a workforce of 1,100 Germans from the Chiemsee area, mostly from Grassau itself, and 200 Yugoslavs engaged by Mr Pistor as Gastarbeiter. The company, which specializes in colour relevision and hi-fi sets, has been renamed Gorenje-Körting and is page of the Korting and is part of the Yugoslav Gorenje group based on Valenje in Slovenia.

Mr Pistor's influence in the

Gorenje group is considerable. Before his rescue of Körting he was for many years in Munich as nead of the group's German sales branch. And a very successful head, too: the value of Gorenje sales to West Germany from Yugoslavia soon reached DM120m.

reached DM120m.

It was Mr Pistor again who convinced Mr Ivan Atelsek, Gorenje's chief executive, that the acquisition of Körting was a sound propostion. The final decision was taken quickly and without red tape. Mr Atelsek broke the good news in person broke the good news in person to the 800 still on the Körting payroll at the time. Calling them all together in a large workshop at the factory, he made them this confident promise: "You will never promise: "You will never again find yourselves in the simarion you were in before.

simation you were in before."
In other words, as part of the
Gorenje group, Gorenje-Korting would never be faced with
bankruptcy.

From all the signs, Mr
Atelsek should be able to keep
his promise. Mr Pistor is a
top-grade managing director.
His knowledge of the German
market stands him in good
stead, and he runs GorenjeKörting like a capitalist enterorise. He knows that Körting products will only do well in the West if the customer really wants to buy them, so he goes also realizes that he must win acceptance by the trade if he is to enjoy long-term success, and for this reason the firm's

and for this reason the films marketing strategy has been turned upside down.

The old-style Körting was tied, for better or for worse, to a single customer in West Germany, the house of Necker-mann, which concentrates main, which contentrates almost entirely on mail-order catalogue business, whereas the new-style Körting is concerned with settled radio and relevi-

## EUROPA -Editorial Committee:

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Mr Oskar Pistor is a sion retail outlets only. Mr Pis-Yugoslav—the press call him tor prefers to deal with a the "red capitalist"—who is number of small customers, managing director of the Kört- even if none of them buys-ing factory at Grassau in more than DM20,000 worth of Eavaria, near the Chiemsee. In sets from him in the coorse of the year. His creed is "Korting must never again be depen-dent on a single customer for

> It was only because Neckermann did not have exclusive rights in the Körring marque as regards sales in other countries that the stage was half-set for a business recovery after liquidation. At present, exports to Switzerland and Austria and to Switzerland and Austria and a number of markets in the Middle East account for nearly three-quarters of Gorenje's roduction. Has Mr Pistor also turned

its German sales."

his staffing arrangements upside down? Have deserving communists been given managerial posts? Our asking this question amoys the bearded Yugoslav, a man prone to strong feelings. At this point Herr Heinz Dettinger, the new German home sales manager specially brought in by Mr Pistor to assist him, happens to come into the community. come into the somewhat spar-sely furnished office of the managing director. Herr Dett-inger has 30 years' experience

director. Herr Bermard Zumkeller, and the research and development director Herr Waldemar Moortgat, came out best as a result of Körting's Equidation. Herr Zumkeller feels certain that he would have lost his executive position long ago, had the firm been rescued by a Western concern.

Not that the risk of this was ever very great. One after the other, all the substantial West German, Américan and Japan-ese concerns that were approached furned down the approached furned down the opportunity after a brief look at Korting's prospects. The reason was that they felt there was nothing left to rescue. Grassau resigned itself to a disastrously high rate of unemployment.

ployment. Mr Pistor has changed all that. This year he will be producing 170,000 colour television and 35,000 hi-fi sets, representing a total turnover of DM200m. His motto is "Small but select". A newlydeveloped series of colour tele-vision and hi-fi sets is already carching on well in the trade. But how does Gorenje-Kört-

ing stand in regard to earnings? What attitude does Mr Pistor, himself someone from communist Yugoslavia, have towards profits? This question too makes him angry, and his accent becomes noticeable (the language of ordinary conver-sation with his secretary is Serbo-Croat). "Naturally" he burst out. "Gorenje expects. Korting to make a profit. Gorenie itself makes a profit, after all.

ing a profit as yet. Mr Pistor becomes calmer as he takes up the subject: "But neither are we still making a loss", he assures us. They are working at about break-even point. The Gorenje parent company is prepared to allow its subside iary, Gorenie-Körting plenty of time before it collects any profits from Grassau. The German company is expected to

grow and prosper first. Gorenje is what would be called in the West a multinational group. Its takeover of Korting merely added one more Western company to its international structure: there were already production units belonging to the group in Austria, Greece, Denmark, and Nigeria Gorenje's consolidated turnover last year, with a workforce of 18,206, came to DM 1,700m.

Mr Pistor is far from reluc-tant to publicize what he is doing. His company aim is a 2 per, cent to 3 per cent stare of the West German market. He wants no more than that, and he

No small-scale manufacturer can any longer cover the costs of turning out black-and-white television sets in a high-wage country such as West Ger-many. Will production of many. Will production of colour sers go the same way? Mr Pistor is guarding against the possibility. He intends to place more language laboratory equipment on the market, and already has something else up his sleeve. This summer Gorenje-Körting acquired the Schomandl company of Munich specializing in high-Production is being trans-ferred, in true capitalist style, from Munich to Grassau, as Mr Pistor feels this is the best

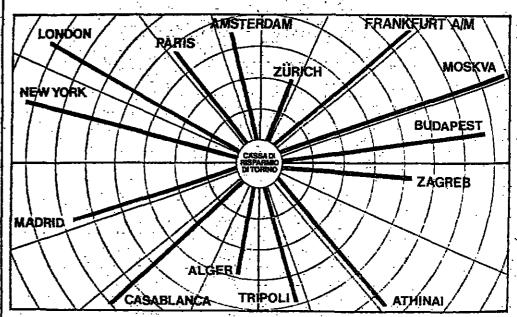
Werner Jaspert

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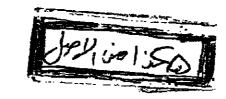
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## **VDERPRODUCTIVE AND** /ERLOADED

us could reasonably expect blame. Last winter was particu-away from Eastern Europe, iffected by the troubles of larly barsh, and since agricul-which is already being asked to есопоту so ture employs about a third of ally described at last the workforce and generates a meeting of the Supreme fifth of the national income its cally described at last A country falling so far of expectations should be giving serious thought hange of leadership, a ref the system itself, cuts in e spending, a review of as commitments, and new ches to the security of n Europe, where frustraand to be more explosively sed than in the Soviet Yet the Soviet system to have an almost incapacity for surviving its ilures and continuing on set course, its automatic vent the slaughtering of livestock gnoring turbulence that for lack of feed. upset a human hand. It ply not designed to pro-

hange. its troubles now reached t where this assumption be revised? Not yet, but esses seem to be increasblic criticism of economic nance is, of course, nothv. Sovier leaders normally their recitation of is with stern words about mings, the need to do betthe guilt of certain defined scapegoats. This however, the triumphs ewer and the criticism

rding to Mr Baibakov, an of the State Planning tee, the Soviet Union has eriously behind its targets current five-year plan, has only another year to viet figures put estimated this year at 3.6 per cent ed with a target of 5.7 per Vestern estimates, based stern methods of calcuput it below 2 per cent. o one disputes is that the wn is being increasingly the population. Mr Brezh-is remarkably frank in ing the shortages of mear er foods, milk, toothpaste. powder, nappies, and er goods in general.

performance is felt throughout the economy. But the weather is not entirely to blame. If the enormous investments poured into agriculture over the past decade had been properly used they would have provided more protection against bad weather in the form of better storage facilities and better machines. As it is, the Soviet Union is expected to import 30-35 million tons of grain this year, and the same again next year, yet even this will not be enough to pre-

Mr Brezhnev's greatest worries are the shortage of energy and chaos on the railways which cripples the entire distribution system. This is partly a result of the economy becoming increasingly complex, but more significantly it is the result of raw materials having to be extracted from more and more remote places, far away from industrial centres. This is gradually becoming the central problem of Soviet development and there is no quick solution in sight in spite of rapid building of pipelines and a new railway line to the east. The significance of this for the rest of the world is that if the Soviet Union cannot extract its own raw materials and fuels quickly enough to meet its own needs and those of Eastern Europe it will gradually compete more for these commodities on world markets. Hence the nightmare of an East-West war over Middle East oil.

But there is another more immediate complex of problems. The Soviet Union earns about half its hard currency from the export of oil to the West. At the same time it is going to have to spend about a third of the total on importing grain. If its oil production is inadequate it will either lack the currency to buy harvests are partly to grain or it will divert more oil

spend more than it can afford of its own hard currency on supple-mentary imports of oil from hard currency areas. Either of these. solutions could cause stress.

If something has to give somewhere the most obvious candidate is the defence budget. Mr Baibakov announced a cut of 100m roubles (£71m) to a total of 17,100m, but nobody any longer believes the official figures for the simple reason that the men and weapons now known to exist could not be bought with the money ostensibly earmarked for them. The CIA estimates that defence spending is in fact rising by about 4.5 per cent a year and will continue to do so at least until 1985. If this is true it will take a steadily higher proportion of gnp, putting still greater stress on the economy. Yet Western experts who put a hypothetical freeze of defence spending through their computers come to the conclusion that it would improve economic growth by as little as 0.1 per

If this is so there can be little incentive to make any but the most dramatic cuts, and of these there is no sign. Moreover, while common sense suggests that some reallocation of investment would in fact benefit non-military sectors of the economy, the nature of the Soviet system and the mentality of its leaders are such that significant cuts are very difficult to bring about. No matter how threatening the Soviet Union may look from outside. the: Russians are still prisoners of their historical obsession with vulnerability. It would therefore be wrong at this stage to assume that economic pressures are going to provide anything but a modest incentive to curb military spending. The Soviet economy, after sixty two years of socialism-and thirty four years of peace—is underproductive and overloaded and is likely to remain so.

greater scope to the private sec-

## EW DIRECTION IN PORTUGAL

bv a majority in Parliahe Democratic Alliance, a ight coalition, appears to have a majority once ial figures are in, and Francisco Sa Carneiro, its to be appointed Prime r. They will not have an k, with inflation running t 25 per cent, unemployt 13 per cent and someike a peasants' revolt in ntejo. But they were quite n the election campaign -their aim of setting the tese economy on a new, ialist basis; and Sunday's as a clear mandate from torate. There is obviously read disenchantment with re or less leftist trend of since 1974, whether of ; or civilian governments, nope that the Democratic e can do better.

main loser in the election e Socialist Party, headed thor Mario Soares, the Prime Minister. The ts were weakened by ies of their time in office

sults of Sunday's general as a minority government, when t look like giving Portugal they made an alliance with the ing that it has not had in Christian Democratic Party. They Democratic Alliance and on their left to the Communist Party. The communists, an orthodox pro-Moscow party, increased their vote, and can be expected to play an important role, at least partly because of their control of the trade unions. There is, in fact, possibilities of a confrontation when the new government sets about reversing some of the decisions of the past five yearsthe nationalization of industries and banks, for instance, and the collectivization of land-if the socialists and communists decide to go into all-out opposition. The land issue is an especially sensitive one, because the process of handing land back to former owners, and abolishing the collectives set up after 1974. is already under way, and has led to armed clashes between peasants and the national guard, with two deaths last September. The Democratic Alliance has spoken in general terms of

tor, but it still has to be seen how far it will go. Its scope is rbulent years since its were also squeezed from both limited, in the short term, at losing votes on their right to the least, by the fact that there has apparent assertion that there is no least, by the fact that there has apparent assertion that there is no to be another election in a matter evidence "in fact" that exposure to of months, next autumn; and the expectation is that some of its more controversial proposals, such as the revision of the constitution, will have to wait until after that. It is likely that Senhor Sá Carneiro himself will want to exercise close personal control of government policy. But his party, the Social Demo-cratic Party, is only one constituent part of the Democratic Alliance, though the largest one and he will have to show that he can work well with the other members, particularly the Christian Democratic Party, headed by Dr Diego Freitas do Amaral. He will also have to come to some sort of working relationship with President Antonio Eanes, who gave more or less open support to the Socialists in the election campaign and has been strongly attacked for it by Senhor Sa Carneiro. Portuguese politics is never easy, but the electorate has set a new direction, and the government will follow it.

### g the Grange Ar A. R. Dufty and others

he Grange, Northington, tire (November 29), designed fam Wilkins in 1804 around ly house and in a highly ic setting is perhaps the iportant in England, and the in Europe, in the neod style. In recent years it is a sad history. Physically it such a poor state that the planned to demolish it. It roofless and continues to

impressive exhibition of neosm at the Royal Academy in owever, provided the stimua better understanding and ation of the remains and in ey were taken into guardianthe Secretary of State for vironment Being a building co-faced brickwork immediiservation was essential, but t by way of first-aid repairs rotection was then put in nor has it been since, with all that the house is now in ms state. The estimated cost olidation alone has escalated

t from the importance of the in the history of taste, it is ly great neo-Classical house nation's guardianship. Now, r. despite the recommendthe Ancient Monuments to both Mr Heseltine and to edecessor as Secretary of Mr Shore, that it be prewe are informed that its is being reconsidered with ossibilities in mind: first, to e all that remains; secondly, bilise the great Classical only and to demolish the hirdly to leave the building down; fourthly, to demolish

ur considered view the only decision is to adopt the ption, and for these reasons: ding of the importance we unlined above should be pre-and it will then remain ble for external viewing for the townent and edification of ablic, and it would be quite per, if not illegal, for the ment to divest itself of all res-

ponsibility at this stage for a monument which it has allowed seriously to deteriorate while in guardianship. The Department has itself been highly critical of local authorities who have neglected listed buildings in their care!

The Grange is unique; it is the one European example of the

reducing the role of the state

in the economy and of giving

The Grange is unique; it is the one European example of the classical temple design adapted to domestic purpose; it is the earliest thoroughgoing e-say in the revived Greek style. Thus it is an architectural landmark. Moreover, the building has immense gravity and pathos. Here indeed is a monument of international significance. international significance.

The cost of preservation now is indeed high: it would have been much less in 1975; it will be more in the future. We trust that the Secretary of State will follow the advice of his own advisers on the Ancient Monuments Board without further delay. Yours faithfully,

A. R. DUFTY, President, Society of Antiquaries. HUGH CASSON, President, Royal Academy of Arts.

J. D. EVANS.
President, Council for British
Archaeology. Burlington House, Piccadilly, W1. November 28.

## Assisted places scheme

From Mr Raymond W. Baldwin Sir, It would be hard to compress more misunderstanding and pre-judice into a short letter than does Mr Phillips in his attack (November 22) on the proposed Assisted Places

The numbers of pupils involved are close to those in the former Direct Grant scheme, which had operated with great success for over 30 years. In the days of selective maintained schools there were few protests about creaming; the mainprocess soom creaming; the man-tained grammar schools coexisted happily and obtained excellent results, as those remaining still do. If creaming by the ex-DG schools is now so feared where comprehen-sives have taken were the reason sives have taken over, the reason and the remedy is obvious.

Where comprehensives are doing well, few if any parents will be prepared to pay fees (the scheme is only to assist with fees, not pay the whole except to parents with very low incomes). It is only where the comprehensives are not offer-ing the best chance to the brightest pupils that parents will wish to take advantage of the scheme. Children only live once, and the chances they mass in their teens are irrecoverable. Some comprehensives get few A levels, and those in low grades; such schools cannot possibly offer opportunities comparable to those in schools with strong sixth forms and all the mutual stimulus they

As for "government money going to the already privileged private sector while teaching resources for comprehensives are being cut back", the facts in Greater Manchester are the very reverse. The ex-DG schools, which may go into the scheme enjoy no privileges of any kind, and cost less to run than the scheme enjoy no privileges of any kind, and cost less to run than the scheme enjoy no privileges of any kind, and cost less to run than the scheme enjoy no privileges of any kind, and cost less to run than the scheme enjoy no privileges of the state schools. The average fees they charge to independent pupils (ie, not subsidized by any public money (are pelow the average cost of manuscriped secondary education per head for 11-18 pupils as calculated by the DES for the purpose of inter-authority payments.

Yours faithfully, RAYMOND W. BALDWIN, Chairman of Governors Manchester Grammar School Alderley Edge,

A sorry dass From Mr Max Hastings

how best to apologise to another motorist for one's own driving error (Lesters, November 30) are shared by most of us.

I have always hankered after an Huminable sign above the rear numberplate, controlled by a three-position switch on the dashboard, to signal "Sorry". "Thank you", and "2 Samuel xvi 7". Yours faithfully. MAX HASTINGS.

Sir, Dr A. J. Nontie's doubts about

# Britain's stance at the Dublin summit

From Professor D. C. Watt imports of cheaper food by the variable levies which constitute 100 Sir, As long ago as 1929 that once-High Tory, Lord Robert Cecil. said per cent protection for EEC pro-ducers. This total protection flouts ducers. Into total protection flows the spirit of the Treaty of Rome, the preamble to which dedicates the Community "to the progressive abolition of restrictions on international trade". The prices, so fixed and protected, are high enough to discourance consumming. that the difficulty of negotiating with the Americans was their habi of coming to the table with a posi-tion so carefully spelt out to the press in advance that any derogation from it would be regarded as a defeat. Is it too much to hope—after their debacle in Dublin—that the discourage consumption.

All the conditions are thus satisfied for creating the surphises, the "mountains and lakes" which cannot be sold to EEC customers (that not be sold to EEC customers (that would infringe the common market) but must be disposed of to Russia and other non-EEC countries at give away prices. Alternatively as in the case of milk, they are converted into cattle food which will help to produce still more milk and

their debacle in Dublin—that the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary will now have learny that the All Blacks-style hake they allowed their public relations spokesmen to indulge in before the British press these last three weeks on the topic of British payments to the Community budget is the worst way of getting concessions from one's associates known to man. Even if it succeeds once, it makes future success the less likely. No democratically elected statesmen roday can afford to lose in such "tougher than thon" exercises.

To say this does not imply for a moment acceptance of the position so on and so on.
The UK with its free trade, cheap food tradition and the inheritance of a structure of international trade based on that tradition, is the main EEC importer of foodstuffs from non-EEC countries. It is, therefore, moment acceptance of the position taken by our EEC partners at Dublin, It is just to point out that a non-EEC countries. It is, therefore, the biggest collector of import duries and levies. By virtue of the EEC budget formula it becomes the largest contributor. The implications of this should have been apparent to the Conservative negotiators and the Labour renogotiators of our terms of entry. They were lulled into acquiescense by the temptations of the transitional provisions which cushioned the immediate blows.

The best cure would be a fundamental recasting of the CAP, persuccessful outcome to such negotia-tions depends not on impressing the British electorate, but not antagonizing the electorates or weakening the position of the governments with

weakh Office professionals will be urging this on the Cabinat too.
Yours sincerely, D. C. WATT,
Professor of International History,
The London School of Economics
and Political Science.

whom one is negotiating. But then I am sure the Foreign and Common-

## From Mr Paul Bareau

November 30.

Houghton Street, WC2.

Sir. In the continuing campaign for a reduction in the UK contribution to the EEC budget, less should be to the EEC budget, less should be heard of the argument that we are, comparatively, a poor country. There is an all too easy and shaming rejoinder to that plea: "If, in spite of the bounties of North Sea oil and gas, you are poor, whose fault is that?"

The arrect must be on the

The attack must be on the formula used to determine member countries' contributions and on the agricultural policy which that formula uses. The comman agricultural policy is the one element of economic nonsense in the affairs of the EEC. It guarantees prices designed to make life tolerable for the inefficient farmers and calcu-lated, therefore, to stimulate production and profits for the efficient. It then protects these prices from

The harm of pornography

Sir, I have only so far read the press reports of the findings of the Williams Committee (November 29).

certain forms of sexual perversion

such as bestiality can do harm. As

you point out in your leader (November 29), there are implica-

tions in their passage about sadistic films which seem to belie this

Although the Chairman of the

Committee is a distinguished philo-

sopher, there does seem to be some-thing limited about the philosophy

on which the Committee bases its

conclusions. As you suggest, its mind is too much a mind conceived in rational terms—it is the Humean mind of British philosophy. This leads the Committee to talk at times

almost as if it did not matter what happened to consciousness. Yet in the passage you quote they see

inquitively that there can be corrup-tion—that there is something dangerous in the arousing of an

excited pleasure in exploiting others.

If meaning and symbolism are primary human needs, this is a

Had the Committee been able to

invoke a more "continental" view

of the mind, that is, something closer

to the idea of the experiencing "I"
(which Hume couldn't find) and of

consciousness as explored by pheno-menological thinkers in a reflective "

menological thinkers in "reflective" philosophy, they might have been more aware of the dangers to society of a deprayed culture. Those who examined pornography in a phenomenological way, like Professor Robert Stoller, find the essence of it to be "visual rape". The excitament in it is in taking from someone something from facility than any

one something (we feel) they are

not giving voluntarily: and triumphing mostly over woman, who lurks

the unconscious as our enemy,

cause once we were totally depen

dent upon a woman, and this is asso-

ciated with our deepest fears. This triumph can be, in perversions, a

form of victimization. Moreover since in pornography, there can be

no real physical and emotional release, there tends to be a mechani-

cal obsession with the body, which seems to be associated with fantasies

of trying to rob the body of its sub-stance—an impulse which may be

acted out and may involve the

annuhilation of the "other".

I am summarizing psychoanalytical studies. I find it hard to believe that anyone could read some of the case histories (like that of a burcher's boy who shot at a prostitute, in Existence—a New Dimension in Psychiatry, ed R. May and others) and such personal aware of the under-

and not become aware of the under-lying dangers when desperate and

of Southwark in saying that we could not have wished for a finer Bishop.

Yours faithfully,

Charles Lanscale

Rodney Bomers

David Gartick

Ower Bosmant

November 30.

Sr John's Rectory, 353 Bromley Rd, SES.

primary political question.

From Mr. David Holbrook

assumption.

PAUL BAREAU, Reform Club, Pall Mall, SW1. December 3: disturbed minds resort to pornography and its fantasies of hate. Whatever can or cannot be found by empirical methods, based on positivistic." objective " approaches, such as are used by sociology and especially by the Home Office, phenomenological approaches, I believe, confirm what the educationist must believ

-that culture educates, and a cul-

ture in which man is reduced

mental recasting of the CAP, per-haps on terms akin to the UK's pre-EEC deficiency payments

pre-EEC deficiency payments scheme which combined reasonable

prices for farmers and cheap food for consumers (at the expense of

the taxpayers). Now that voices in

the EEC Commission have been heard to predict that so unamended CAP could bankrupt the Community

(it gobbles up 70 per cent of the budget) there is some hope of a

basic review and amendment.
If that is asking too much on the

part of a latecomer (alas the wisdom and foresight to be a founder member were lacking), then

the present budget formula should be discarded for something less arbitrary and less inequitable. Why

not a simple allocation of budget contributions in proportion to national incomes?

But, please, no more appeals for the rights and deserts of "the poor

and needy ".

Yours, etc.

contemptible mechanism teaches people to feel an aggressive con-tempt for others, which is likely to be expressed in society. If we accept such interpretations of the meaning of the symbolism of pornography, we could surely see that to licence such indulgence would be wrong: we wouldn't, would we, have licensed centres for the enjoyment of the humiliation of negroes and Jews, for racial late—for those who wish to indulge? Why, then, centres for the humiliation of

Yours etc. DAVID HOLBROOK, Longacre, Haverhill Road, Stapleford, Cambridge. November 29.

From Mr Nicolas Walter Sir. Your leading acticle's particular criticism of the Williams Report for its inconsistency about film censor-ship (November 29) may be extended to a more general criticism of its inconsistency about all sexual

censorship. As you say, the Williams Com-mittee recommends severe censorship of films about sex, without providing any convincing evidence that they cause any genuine harm, because it felt offended by a film. In the same way, it recommends severe censorship of pictorial publi-cations about sex, while actually denving the existence of any convincing evidence that they cause any genuine harm, because it feels that the law should be used against material which is offensive.

The obvious questions are why such censorship should be applied only to one kind of offensive material, why publications about sex should be treated differently from publications about such harmful activities as crime and war or from such harmful articles as sweets and cigarettes, why the offence given by sexual material should be taken seriously enough to be a criminal offence, and why there should be any censorship of any material which doesn't cause genuine harm to specific individuals or a breach Yours faithfully.

NICOLAS WALTER 88 Islington High Street, N1. November 29.

### Not a dry eye The Bishop of Southwark

Rector - and Russi Dean of Deptions

Rector of Centors (Southerns) and Downham Team

Vices of Lewisham

Vicur of New Cross

Vicur of Cas

From Canon David Diamond and From Projessor C. H. Gibbs-Smith Sir, Mr Howard (November 30) has surely omitted one essential observa-Sir, We are angry at the unbalanced report that appeared in The Times on November 27, concerning the tion of crocodiles. I suggest that the so-called legend of crocodile's tears envoyecement of the retirement of can be traced to what sometimes our Bishop, Mervyn Stockwood.
We bolieve we represent the clergy and the people of the Diocese of Southhands happens when a crocodile is under

At the London Zoo, I was once watching, close-up, in their wonderful "arcade", and was fascinated to see a large crocodile lying on the bottom of his tank, absolutely still, except that a continuous stream of bubbles was being emitted from the corner of one eye and rising to the surface of the water. For me, it was the obvious explanation of the socalled legend of tears. Yours faithfully,

CHARLES H. GIBBS SMITH. The Vicarage, 117 Queens Gate, London SW7.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

dents arguing against the Government's insistence that universities should demand uncompetitively high fees to overseas students. Because of these groups, and because they have come from particularly dis-tinguished institutions, these correspondents have been understandably reluctant to emphasize two remarkable points.

thus selectively arrikes down excellence and distinction is profoundly un-Conservative.

## Increasing fees to overseas students

From Projessor Antony Flow Sir, You have published two or three letters from groups of corresponthe mixed political composition

First, the general idea of trying to save by soaking the foreigners has been very much a socialist tradition: it was, it may be remembered, first enforced by Mr C. A. R. Crosland in the tixties. Presumably Mr Mark Carlisle's civil servants had plans for these further moves in the same direction ready to hand when he asked them to suggest some ruts. Second because it is in some cuts, Second, because it is in general the academically strongest institutions which have been attracting most students from overseas, the present demands must tend to hit the best hardest. A policy which

Because so large a part of university expenditure is on the salaries of tenured staff it is very difficult to propose and enforce any quick-acting curs. But by far the most promising area for a long term reduction of public expenditure on tertiary education is that of underpraduate fees and maintenance. For the present arrangements, under which these are largely met by outright grants from public funds, rather than by loans repayable through a surcharge on the future income taxes of the beneficiaries. is inconsistent with the stated prin-ciples of noth parties. Why ever should an intellectual elite receive as a free gift, financed out of everyone's taxes, the tertiary education through which they hope to qualify themselves for above average well paid and congenial employment? Yours faithfuily,

ANTONY FLEW. Department of Philosophy, University of Reading Whiteknights, Reading,

Sir, May I be permited to comment on the question of increased fees to be paid by overseas students at British universities. There appears to be a feeling in the United King-dom that all overseas students have been awarded generous grants to support them by their home governments. In the case of Canadian students, such is not the case; there are relatively few sources of money available for Canadian students to study abroad and the Canadian Government does not have a policy of providing funds in ample

amounts for such purposes. To be sure, there are a very limited number of grants from the Cenada Council—the sums are not large and with the low value of the Canadien dollar can hardly be reckoned excessive. There are not the number of private scholarshing. as is the case from the United States. The consequence of the recent decision by Her Majesty's Government in London is to reduce drastically the number of Canadian students who would normally wish to be enrelled in British universities. This is very sad because the connexion between academe in Canada and Great Britain has a long history and many Canadian scholars have vastly profited from this relationship.

Moreover, British students who wish to study in Canada are not discriminated against and at my own university their fees are precisely the same as those paid by Canadians, Overseas students bring to a university a wider sense of the academic community and in so doing enlarge the victor of a generation, and indirectly of the nation as a whole, to the ideas and aspirations of the whole world. In so doing they add very much to world order by virtue of the fact that events are not seen in isolation.

Yours truly. S. W. JACKMAN. Professor of History. University of Victoria, PO Box 1700, Victoria, British Columbia. November 23.

### Cultural links abroad From Miss Margaret Drabble, and

Sir, We would like to express our concern about the cuts which now threaten the British Council. Like many others, we have travelled on the Council's behalf to countries that some of us could not have hoped to visit otherwise, and we believe that our own work has been enriched by the experience. We also trust that our visits have been of value to the many students and colleagues we have met over the years, contacts that would have been difficult (and in some countries impossible) to establish without the Council's expert knowledge.

We believe that the Council performs a vital task, the value of which cannot be measured in financial terms. Now more than ever Britain needs to maintain friendly links with the rest of the world. The status of British culture remains high, and is an important source of revenue. It is only com-mon sense to protect this asset. Cuts in the region of 15 per cent (and in some departments higher) would destroy many of the Council's activities, reduce trust, and break links that have taken decades to Public protest reprieved the World Service, and we believe there are similar and equally strong reasons for reprieving the British Council

Yours sincerely, MARGARET DRABBLE. FRANCIS KING. ARNOLD WESKER. ANTHONY TRWAITE, MALCOLM BRADBURY. 24 Heath Hurst Road, NW3.

From Dr Gustav Matschi and others Sir, My fellow members of Parlia-ment and I have learnt with dismay and concern of the Government's plans to implement cuts in the British Council's budget on secale which seems to us certain to bring into question Britain's come. mitment to the Anglo-German cultural agreement, and in particular, to do serious harm to the long territ development of educational, culturally scientific and professional links between South Germany and Britain, which are of direct economic and political benefit to both part-

Our recent (irst hand experience of the British Council's services— we undertook a Council-organized study tour to investigate aspects of the British education system rele-vant to the current comprehensive school debate in Germany—has further reinforced our considered view that the Council's role in the achievement of Britain's foreign policy objectives within the frame-work of the European Community is unique and essential, and that it is in Germany's as well as Britain's interest that its work be allowed to continue effectively.

We understand that Government Ministers will be deciding shortly on options for the future of the Council which may be as far reaching as to threaten its very existence. in certain countries and, regions; particularly and of closest concern to us, here in Bavaria. We sincerely, hope that the need for short term financial savings will not be allowed to obscure the wider implications of the Council's work among Britain's major political and economic partners in Europe.

Yours faithfully, GUSTAV MATSCHL. OTTO MEYER, FRITZ HARRER, Members of the CSU Cultural Relations Group, Bavarian Parlia. Bayerischer Landtag.

Munich.

## December 3.

Deene Park ballroom From Mr Rawle Knox

Sir. Ever since I have had the pleasure of knowing the Brudenell family, of Deene Park, they have been trying to get rid of that eyesore of a ballroom there. Now that Mr Edmund Brudenell has at last of the province of the got permission to pull it down, it seems a bit bard to put him under attack (November 28).

The ballroom was not "added by the Earl"; it was a whim of his second wife, the former Adeline de Horsey, and she could be pretty whimsical. In 1865, when T. H. Wyatt designed and built it, he was not yet president of the RIBA—but he was architectural adviser to the lunacy commissioners.

The building is quite out of character with the rest of the house, and absolutely unheatable except at prohibitive cost. I suspect that even Mr Mark Girouard (November 28), Mr Mark Grouard (November 28), whose splendid Life in The English Country House tells us so much of what went on, could dance sets of "Lancers" through a midsummer night there, and end up feeling cold. During the last war the ball-room was used for the purpose for which it looks as though it could have been built: as a barracks, to biller proops. (They were Indian troops, presumably being acclimatized for winter warfare, and the

marks of their charcoal stoves are still burned into the floor.) I know something of the openings of historic nouses in Northampton-shire (including Deene Park), and it is absurd to say that the ballroom would pay for itself if the house were shown more often to the public.

People go there to see an old family house, lived in and gently added to in the centuries before Adeline de Horsey and T. H. Wyatt got going, and now made by the Hon Mrs Brudenell into a lovely and much used bome.

Visitors are told of earlier Brudenells considerably more eminent than the 7th Earl of Cardigan and his disastrous charge at Balaclava. The relics from that battle, including the grisly stuffed head of the Earl's charger, Ronald, could easily be housed elsewhere on the premises.

The destruction of the eccentric white elephant of a ballroom, it seems to me, would be a fitting (if a little belated) celebration of the 125th anniversary of the crazy charge of the Light Brigade. Yours faithfully,

RAWLE KNOX, Fir Hill.

### Droxford, Hampshire. November 28.

## The last goodbye

November 27.

From Mr Ronald Mansbridge Sir, Brian Lowe (November 17) might like to say on his final Christmas card:

Please keep this card and bring it out each successive Christmas, Keep the envelope too. Soon it may be a curious reminder of the good old days when we could send a card-through the post for as little as 8p. Yours faithfully. RONALD MANSBRIDGE. 46 Bedford Court Mansions, Bedford Avenue, WC1.

Ouite a catch

From the Bursar of Robinson College

Sir, Your readers may be interested to know that the appointment has been announced of Lord Salmon, of Sandwich, to the office of Commis-sary in the University of Cambridge. seems to indicate that University is taking its responsibilities for the supply of food to its members very seriously. Voius sincerely. H. J. WOOLSTON: Robinson College,

Cambridge November 29. Tate purchases: Two pictures because of its size, more than

by the British artist, William eight feet long and nearly five

Roberts, which are both parts feet high. So Roberts decided

of an original larger work, have to divide the painting in two,

been bought by the Tate Gal- eliminating a strip about a foot

lery, with money from its pur-chase grant. Described by the picture he called "The Play-

Tate as possibly Roberts's ground", and the smaller masterpiece. "The Gutter", the "Skipping" (above). The paint-

a few years later while being of the Tate's modern collection.

ings are not yet on show at the gallery; their hanging has been delayed by the reorganization

The gallery would not disclose

the price paid for the two

Richard Talbot Rice (grandson).

masterpiece, "The Gutter", the

complete work, was painted in

1934-35. It was slightly damaged

exhibited in the United States.

The artist was also worsied that the painting would not seil

Memorial services

Lord Fisher of Camden

## COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE December 3: The Queen held a council at 6 o'clock this evening.
There were present:— the Lord Soames (Lord President), the Right Hon, Mark Cartisle, MP (Secretary of State for Education and Science) and the Right Hon Sir Michael Havers, MP (Attorney General)

General).
Mr Neville Leigh was in attendance as Clerk of the Council.

The Lord Soames had an audience of Her Majesty before the

Council.

The Duke of Edinburgh, as Visitor, this evening attended the Commemoration of Benefactors at Christ's College, Cambridge, and was received by the Master of the College (Professor J. H. Plumb).

Lord Rupert Nevill was in attendance.

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attendance.
The Prince of Wales was enterplied at Iuncheon today by the Commissioner of Police of the Metropolis (Sir David McNee) at New Scotland Yard. The Hon. Edward Adeane was in attendance.

ance.
(Itis Royal Highness, Colonel-in-Chief. The Royal Australian Armoured Corps, this afternoon at Buckingham Palace received the Director (Colonel J. D.

KENSINGTON PALACE
December 3: The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon, was present this evening at a Concert held at the Royal Albert Hall in aid of the Invalid Children's Ald Association, of which Her Royal Highness is President.

The Hon Mrs Whitehead was in attendance. KENSINGTON PALACE

**WENSINGTON PALACE** December 3: The Duke of Glou-December 3: The Dake of Globe-cester, as patron, was present at a reception given by The Victorian Society, in Burlington House, Piccadilly, this evening. Lieutenant-Colonel Simon Bland was in attendance.

THATCHED HOUSE LODGE December 3: Princess Alexandra, President of the Royal Smithfield Show, with the Hon Angus Ociley, visited the Exhibition at Earl's Court this morning.

The Lady Mary Fitzalan-Howard was in attendance.

A service of memorial and thanks-A service or memorial and thanks-giving for the life of Patrick Woodbine Parish will be held in the. Guards Chapel, Wellington Eerracks. on Thursday, December

Birthdays today Mr Ronnie Corbett, 49; Sir Patrick Donner, 75; Mrs Pamela W. Matthews, 65; Dr A. L. Rowse, 76; Mr J. C. Trewin, 71; the Rev Professor C. J. M. Weir, 82.

Today's engagements

The Queen holds investiture,
Buckingham Palace, 11.
The Duke of Edinburgh, as Chancellor, visits Cambridge University, 9.40; visits Sawston
Village College, Cambridgeshire,

Inc Prince of Wales, Chancellor, the Prince of Wales, Chancellor, University of Wales, views exhibition of work of Cardiff University industry centre, Central Hall, University College, Cardiff, 11; visits Barry Day Centre, Barry, South Glamorgan, 2.15; visits Abbeyfeld House, Barry, 3.30; as president of International Council of dent of International Council of United World Colleges visits Atlantic College, 5t Donat's, South Glamorgan, 4.45.
Princess Anne, accompanied by Captain Mark Phillips, accepts honorary livery of the Loriners' Company, Barber-Surgeons' Hall, Monkwell Square, City, 12 and attends lunch; attends Westminster Ball in aid of Birthright?, Hilton Hotel, 18.40.

Birchright, Anno Hotel, 8,49.
Princess Margaret presents awards at shoe show arranged by Crafts Council, Institute of Contemporary Arts. The Mall, 11; as Master of the Bench attends diamer, Lincoln's Inn, 7,30.
Exhibitions: Breadboards 79, show for home electronics enthusiasts, Royal Horticularial Halls, Elverton Street, Westminster, 10-6; paintings by Steven Outram, Seen Gallerles, 39 Paddington Street, Marylehone, 10-6,30.
Lanchtime literary talk, Douglas Adams on The Hitchiker's Ginde to the Galexy, Institute of Contemporary Arts, The Mall, 1.

of Contemporary Arts, The Mall, 1.

Talk: "The Second Advent. Some Popular Ideas "by Dr Gordon, St. Margaret Partens Christian Teaching Centre, East-cheap, City, 1.10.

Lunchtime music: Margaret Prillips. organ, St. Lawrence Secure, I. Jewry, 1. Handel's Messiah, St Paul's Cathedral Chorr, St Paul's Cathedral, Forthcoming

marriages

Mr A. Douglas Home and Miss J. Pease The engagement is announced between Andrew, son of the Hon Edward and Mrs Douglas Home, Westnewton, Kirknewton, Wooler, Northumberland, and Jane Pease, of 20 Chester Street, Edinburgh, daughter of the late Mr and Mrs Maurice O. Pease.

Mr P. Howell and Miss C. D. Mines The engagement is announced

he engagement is announced between Peter, younger son of Mrs F. E. H. Howell, of Thorpe Lea Road, Egham, Surrey, and of the late Mr J. Howell, and Catherine Diana, daughter of Mr and Mrs A. W. Mines, of South Street, Durham City. Mr S. H. Murch

and Miss F. M. King The engagement is announced between Simon Harry, eldest son of Mr and Mrs Harry Murch, of Alexandra Park, Nottingham, and Fiona-Margaret, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs John King, of Llander Coults.

Luncheon

daff. Cardiff.

Bowater Ralli Foundation A luncheon was held yesterday at Ralli Honse, 46 Berkeley Squaré, W1, to mark the completion of the fellowship year of Dr S. I. Sulei-man, a lecturer in surgery at the University of Khartoum. Also pre-sent were:

sent were:

Mr I. Nour. cultural attaché. Sudanese
Embessay. Professor M. Hobstey. professor of surpical actences, the Windlesea, Hospital, Medical School. Mr. W.
Davits, of the Royal College of Surpoons
of England: the Earl of Carrick, Mr.
N. C. Ballingel, Mr J. K. Ogletnorpe
and Mr D. A. Rees, trustees, and Mrs.
E. A. Lethbridge.

Dinners Lady Mayoress

The Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress entertained the following guests at dinner at the Mansion House yesterday: House yesterday:

Sir Michael and Lady Palliser, His Honor Sir Carl Aarvold, Mr and Mrs Lall, P. Chartham, Mr and Mrs Staniev Field, Mr and Mrs Terenco Mallinson, Mr and Mrs J. R. Stainton, Judgo and Mrs Edward Suncilife, Sir Anthony and Lady Touche and Mr Oliver Van Oss.

English-Speaking Union English-Speaking Umon General Indar Jit Rikhye, president of the International Peace Academy, was the guest of honour and speaker at a dinner arranged by the English-Speaking Union at Dartmouth House last night. Mr. Hugh Hanning was in the chair.

Metropolitan Police Metropolitan Police
On the occasion of the 150th anniversary of the founding of the Metropolitan Police, the Commissioner and members of the Assistant Commissioners' Mess yesterday entertained at dinner former members, who included:
Sir Ranulph Bacon. Mr W. H. Corniah. Mr G. S. Downes, Sir John Maxwell Hill, Mr H. J. Hant, Major Sir Philip Margetson. Mr R. J. Mastol, Mr K. A. L. Parker, Brigadier J. M. Rymer-Jones and Sir James Starritt.

Anglo-American Sporting Club Anglo-American Sporting Club
The Anglo-American Sporting
Club held a boxing dinner evening at the Hilton hotel last night,
when Mr Henry Cooper was the
guest of honour. Rear-Admiral
Sir Anthony Miers, VC, was in
the chair and the other speakers
were Mr Walter Bartleman, Mr
Mike Kemp and Mr Kenneth

and Miss S. J. Russell The engagement is atmounced between Mark, second son of Mr and Mrs George Ruck Keene, of Foxholes, Farnborough, Banbury, Oxon, and Susan Jane, daughter of Mr and Mrs Gilbert Russell, of 100 Oakwood Court, London W14.

The engagement is announced between Randall, son of Mr and Mrs James Rogers, of San Francisco, and Susan, elder daughter of Dr and Mrs Michael Solomons,

of 42 Fitzwilliam Square, Dublin 2.

Mr M. C. Denyer and Miss D. A. Pagan

Mr P. G. Howard-Kyan

don, Durham.

Mr R. Rogers and Miss S. Solomons

Mr R. M. Ruck Keene

The engagement is announced between Michael, son of Mr and Mrs C. W. Denyer, of Farnham, Surrey, and Deborah, daughter of Mr and Mrs H. Pagan, of Alburgh, Norfolk.

and Miss R. Hud The engagement is announced between Paul, second son of Mr and Mrs G. V. Howard-Kyan, of Bath, and Karen, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs T. Hind, of Shil-

Woistenholme, secretary of the Inter-Parliamentary Union Mr Benjamin Ford, MP, treasurer, British Group of the IPU, was host at a dinner held last night at Lockets restaurant in honom of a parliamentary delegation from Spain led by Senor D. Juan

Carlos Guerra Zunzunegui.

Reception

Mrs P. Kininmonth Mrs P. Kimmonth
The Lord Chancellor, accompanied
by the Hon Mary Hogg, attended
a reception given by the High
Sheriff of Greater London and Mrs
Peter Kimmonth for the judiciary
of Greater London at Gray's Inn
Hall yesterday evening. The Chairman of the GLC and Mrs Vigars
were also present Among other were also present. Among

were also present. Among other guests were:
The Lord Chief Justice and Lady Widgery, the Master of the Rolls and Lady Denning. Lord and Lady Elevationes. Lord and Lady Diplock. Lord Hooson. Octant Lady Rousell. Lord Justice and Lady Roskill. Lord Justice Shaw. Lord Justice and Lady Evelciph. See Robert and Lady Evelciph. See Robert and Lady Evelciph.

Meetings

Royal Over-Seas League The American Ambassador was the guest speaker at last night's meeting of the discussion circle of the Royal Over-Seas League. Sir Denmis White, deputy chairman, central council of the league,

Religious centre is uncovered

A preliminary srchaeological dig at Maxey, near Peterborough, in a six-acre field has disclosed evi-dence of a creemonial or religious centre 5,000 years old.

centre 5,000 years old.

Mr Francis Pryor, who is leading the excavations, said yesterday: "We expect to find evidence of continuous habitation". Aerial phatographs indicate that the site extends for a farther 60 acres and includes several burial mounds, the foundations of Iron Age houses and a series of processional

Inner Temple Sir Ashton Roskill, QC, has been elected treasurer of the Inner Temple for 1980, and Judge Ifor Lloyd, QC, has been elected resider.

Sussex women are bridge

Lord Fisher of Camden
A memorial meeting for Lord
Fisher of Camden was held
yesterday at the House of Commons. The Hon Greville Janner.
QC, MP, president of the Board
of Deputies of British Jews; was
in the chair and the pther
speakers were the Chief Rabbi,
Sir Harold Wilson, MP, and Lord
Wells-Pestell. The Rev. Simon
Hass sald the memorial prayer.
Members of both Houses of
Parliament, the Mayor of Hackney, the Mayor and Chief
Executive of Camden and representatives of London Labour giant-killers Sir Dennis White, deputy chairman, central council of the league, was in the chair.

Asthma Research Council
Lord Hailsham of St Marylebone, president of the Asthma Research Council, made a presentation to the former administrative director, Mr L. B. Singleton, at a meeting held yesterday at the House of Commons, Mr Dennis Walters, MP, chairman of the council, president of the council of the counc That followed their win on Saturday in the quarter-finals over mayors were among those present. the British team, the present European champions. In the final the Sussex team were up against another seeded team, captained by Mrs Rixi Markus, and three men-Mr W. S. Lewis

A memorial service for Mr Wilmarth Sheldon Lewis was held of which are former world and European champions.

Mrs Markus led by five points at half time and in a keenly contested second half Mrs Garfield's rested second half Mrs Garfield's team ran out worthy winners of the Helcoa Rubinstein Cup by 66 to 58. Semi-final results:

Mrs R. Markos, Mrs G. Durran, Mrs A. L. Fleming and Mrs V. A. Bingham beat Miss I. Aberout, Mrs A. Hissi, Mrs A. C. Williams and Mrs A. Hissi, Mrs A. C. Williams and Mrs I. Carried Mrs B. Carr beat Mrs Schlapers, Mrs M. A. Hissi, Mrs B. Carr beat Mrs Schlapers, Missi Van den Pas, Mrs K. Aat and Miss Viend inchestands; 814–66.

Whend (Netherlands) 81-60.
Ladies' Plate:

1 Mrs G. S. Francis, Mrs W. W.
Brown, Mrs E. G. Armstrone and Mrs
J. Part. 2. Mrs M. P. Hastett, Mrs W.
Sartine, Mrs J. M. Scrulland and Mrs
K. Wock: J. Wiss F. Brickwood, Mrs
A. Jalfe, Mrs J. Scott-Jones and Miss
S. Manning.

Latest appointments include: Mr B. G. Cartledge, aged 49, until August Private Secretary (Overseas Affairs) at 10 Downing Christening
The infant son of Mr and Mrs
Peter Kirk was baptized Benjamin
Thomas by the Rev B. L. Day at
Cowes Methodist Church on December 2.

## Science report

Research: Canadian budget boosted

By the Staff of Nature Concilian scientists are hopeful that a recent decline in university research is about to be reverted. The Canadian Government has announced that its financial support for that sector of the scientific community will be boosted by 32 per cent during 1980-81 as part of its preelection commitment to increase its spendscientific community will be brooted by 32 per cent during 1980-81 as part of its preelection commitment to increase its spending on research and development. The first increase, announced by Mr Heward Grafftey, the sewity appointed Minister for Science and Technology, will amount to \$153.8m, to be given the National Sciences and Engineering Research Council, which is responsible for supporting research in Canadian universities. As well as distributing its ing research in Canadian universities. As well as distributing its
expanded funds in the form of Macmabb, the council's president, who is reported in Nature as sayprojects, the council plans two ing: "We are currently operating

under a research associate support will be provided over five years to about a hundred post-doctoral scientists at universities

Over £275,000 needed

Canada.

Source Nature, November 25 1979 (volume 252, page 433). 1979.

years ago. This is obviously a very skill and imagination as is often supposed.

The 27 awards and 75 commendations cover the period January, 1976, to December, 1978, and on this occasion are commed to Greater London, the metropolitan districts of England, and the cines of Edinburgh and Glasgow. A total of 517 entries were received.

Two of the most striking submissions are in West Yorkshire: significant increase, although still less than we had aked for." Others have expressed concern that the announced increase repre-sents less than half that requested by the council.

The concern is accompanied by doubt that the government will continue its commitment to in-creased funding for more than one year. Nevertheless, further 23nouncements are expected socia, with increased funding for the Medical Research and Social Science Research Councils of

missions are in West Yorkshire; the restoration of Piece Hall, the former cloth market in Hallfax, in a dramatic setting, and the conversion to offices of St Paul's House, Leeds, a former warehouse. 25 years ago From The Times of Saturday, Dec 4, 1954

raise the pension ages by one year after an interval of not less than five years with two similar lifts at subsequent intervals. They recom-Salarday. Dec 4. 1954

Eccause of the prospect of a big increase in the cost of old age pensions under the national insurance scheme, the Phillips committee of actuarial and economic expert, have becommended that the minimum age for claiming should not in any event be lower than 65 for men and the minimum age for claiming should not be granted to schemes providing for retirement at lower from 65 to 68 for men and from 60 to 62 for women. If done now this would result in an annual saving of ESOm by 1979, it is estimated. In the minimum ages to be varied in the event of Calm by 1979, it is estimated, in the minimum ages to be varied in the event of Calm by 1979, it is estimated, in the minimum ages in the minimum ages.

Latest wills

former National Farmers' Union chairman, left £530,300 pet. Professor Wilfred John Hickinbottom, of Guildford, left £149.65,
net. After bequest, he left the
residue to the Chemical Society for
organic chemistry.

Mr. Cyril Howard Mosciet, of
Market Harborough, solicitor and

chairman, left £530,300 net.

Other estates include (net. before
to paid: tax not disclosed):

Constable, Mr. Kenneth Briggs,
Constable, Mr. Kenneth Briggs,
Freeman, Mr. Donald Henry
best kin
fragsite!

Market Harborough, solicitor and

Carlot Estates include (net. before
to paid: tax not disclosed):

Constable, Mr. Kenneth Briggs,
Freeman, Mr. Donald Henry
best kin
fragsite!

Market Harborough, solicitor and

OBITUARY

## DR ALICE CARLETON Dermatologist and medical school teacher

Dr Alice Carelton, who was and, for many years, an outdied on December 1 et the age.

Born in 1891 in Dublin, she was the first daughter and fouth child of Sir Arthur Chance, President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Her mother had died at her birth and she grew up as her father's close friend. Alice Carleton had attended a

Dominican convent school in Dublin, but in 1909 she was sent to study English literature in Oxford, where her father believed she would get more liberal education. She lived at was then recognized by the university as a residence for women students; the Sisters had a reputation for learning and an intelligent liberality of outlook. On her return to Dub-lin in 1911 she took a degree in English in the Dublin National University and then started upon her medical edu-cation in Dublin, where she took the MD degree in 1917 at the age of 27.

She was ar once invited by Professor Arthur Thomson to death.

join the Medical School in As a result of her inquirOxford on the strict understanding mind she early became
ing that her engagement as interested in dermatology; at

demonstrator in the Anatomy first an assistant to Dr Erne of Department was for the teach Mallam at the Raddiffe I. and supervision of women firmary, she was elected a me, only. But there were only four ber of the Honorary Staff women at that time working in 1927. Despite her full life the department; it was filling clinical medicine, she retain up with demobilised men, whose an active interest in the I martment of Anatomy until be conversity courses had been in partment of Anatomy until be

legendary and many of the leaders of the medical profes-sion both in this country and abroad remember with gratitude the "grilling" she gave them in their early formative years. In 1923 she married Harry Carleton the outstanding Histolo-gist; and in their home at 45 Banbury Road she displayed her decorator and gardener. Al-though the marriage was dis-solved in 1940, she and Harry remained good friends until his

LORD FISHER OF CAMDEN Samuel Fisher, or "Sammy" as he was widely known, came from humble origins. The son of East European immigrants, he himself was born in Stepney.

Lord Fisher of Camden, who has recently died aged 74, was one of the Anglo-Jewish community's best-loved sons. In recent years, too, he had become a leading figure in the counsels of world Jewry. From 1973 to July 1 of this year, he was President of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, the representative body Diamond Bourse, where he was held in great esteem.

Lord Fisher was no great scholar or academic; his great qualities were his warm personality and his charm which he used always to great effect.

Allied with a great effect. of the Jewish community in this country, and thus was the lay leader of the estimated 400,000 Jews in Britain. In July, he stepped down from that office. having completed the maximum period of six years, but was still Chairman of the Governing Board of the World Jewish Con-gress, a post which placed him in the very top rank of world Jewry.

But it was not only the Jewish community that he served. Having been active in local politics in the Labour cause since 1945, when he became a member of the Stoke Newington Borough Council, he became its first locality and the stoke serving the s became its first Jewish mayor in 1953—Coronation Year, When Richard Talbot Rice (grandson).

Among those present were:

Mrs M. G. Talbot Rice (widow). Mrs

Teddy Saunders (daschter). Mr and

Mrs Andrew Talbot Rice. Mr David

Talbot Rice and Mrs Nigel Talbot Rice

tons and dasphters-in-law). Jonathan

Strain. Caroline. Rebecca and

Jerenty Saunders Misson, Jonathan

Richard Mrs A. R. D. Wright, Misson, Mrs Mrs A. R. D. Wright, Mrs O.

Chandler Mrs A. R. D. Wright, Misson, Jonathan

Jerenty Mrs A. R. J. Misson, Jonathan

Jerenty Mrs A. R. J. Misson, J. Misson, J. Misson, J. Saunders

Jerenty Mrs A. J. Rawlinson, Mrs T. J. Gray, Mrs and Mrs N. J. E.

Jerenty Mr A. J. Rawlinson, Mrs J. C.

Mischoll, Wilse, Dawys, Mr J. L. Mischoll,

Mrs S. Dowys, Mr J. L. Mischol the Lordon Borough of Camden was established in 1964, he became its first Chairman and became its first Charman and a year later its first Mayor. During his term of office as Mayor of Stoke Newington, he was elected Chairman of the Labour Mayors' and Ex-Mayors' Association

MR H. N. ABRAMS Mr Harry N. Abrams, an art book publisher who pioneered the popularization of quality art books in America and also McCagney Mr L. M. L. Milesholl, Miss E. J. Dawes, Mr R. Oxby Mr R. P. P. David Mr R. Oxby Mr R. P. David Mr R. Oxby Mr R. did important work in bringing many younger artists before the public, died in New York on November 25. He was 74.

Abrams was born in London on February 23, 1905. His parents emigrated to the United States when he was five and settled in New York where they opened a shoe shop. Abrams left school early but showed promise as an artist and subpromise as an arrist and sub-sequently went to the National Academy of Design and the Art Students' League in New York. Here he decided that publicising, not painting was his forte, and in 1928 he joined the advertising firm of Schwab and Beatty as a commercial artist. Later he was arr artist. Later he was art director for the Book-of-the-Month Club.

His career as a publisher began in earnest when he founded his own company, in 1949. From small beginnings the Harry N. Abrams company grew to become one of America's largest art book publishers in less than 10 years. Its first three titles, Renor, El Greco and Van Gogh were contential beautifully produced. Later he explored modern art, the American Realists of the 1930s; Picasso, Matisse and Rouauliand the avant garde artists of the 1960s.

Aggressive marketer though he was, he also played an important role in the develop-ment of young artists. His own collection of contemporary paintings and sculptures was one of the most important in private. hands in the United States. Artists such as Ivan Albright, Isamu Noguchi and Tom Wesselmann owed much Tom Wesselmann owed much to the interest he took in their work in mid-career and it was characteristic of him that when his company was sold to the Times Mirror Company of Los Angeles in 1966, he increasingly looked for a more active role than his continuing chairman-ship then gave scope for. With his son, Robert, he started the Abbeville Press in 1977, and books on avant garde figures from the 1960s were among its irst projects. Abrams is survived by his widow and two sons.

VASILY: SOLOVYEV-SEDOY Vasily Pavlovich Solovyev

Seday, the prolific, popular Russian composer died on December 2 at the ege of 73. Solovyev-Seday who graduated from the Lenngrad Conservatory in 1935, composed horizon the score for the baller Taras Bulba and survived "criticism" Bulba and survived "criticism" at the 1946 meeting of the USSR's Union of Composers for "catering to backward asses" to become the recipiem of Orders of the Red Star, of Lenin and of a Lenin Prize Hisbest known song is the extraustively played "Moscow Nights"

university courses had been in partment of Anatomy until h terrupted by the war end who wanted to get qualified as quickly as possible, and she was gift of her scientific training and this is apparent in her main and demonstrating to large clas- publications. A great converses of both sexes. She luckily tionalist and a gifted lingui got on well with "Toumy" as she was well known in Europe the well-loved Professor Thom-dermatological circles, and son was best known. She showed herself to be a torn teacher, the British Association incloive, encouraging and patient: Dermatology she was a memb with those who were bored with of the Societé de la Dern the subject and straining at the tologie Française. leash to get on to " real doctor-Her coaching classes were

After a variety of jobs, he entered the diamond trade,

working in Hatton Garden, and

eventually became secretary and

Allied with a great sense of humour, he had the ability to

diffuse potentially explosive

He had a great love for Israel, to which he often travelled,

either in connexion with his leading position in world Jewry

vice president of the London

Oxford men and women. DOROTHY

an active interest in the I partment of Anatomy until h

addition to being President

After her retirement she w

invited to the University California, Los Angeles, as vis

ing lecturer in Anatomy, a poshe held for almost a year. S

enjoyed reaching the ker

rather more mature Americ

medical students, and was c

lighted when she was invit to a similar position at Ya

the Americans certainly appricated her. It is probable the these trips abroad stimular

her desire for travel, and s

made many arduous trips inch

ing an African safari at the a of 73.

beloved of many generations

BURLINGHAM CY and HK write: Dorothy Tiffany Burlingha whose death in her 89th ye occurred on November 19. w After the death of his father, Sammy had to leave school at the age of 15 to earn a living. for 50 years the close fries and collaborator of Freu youngest daughter, Anna. F

lowing the death of her he band, Dorothy Burlingha moved to Vienna in 19. studied with Freud, and to an active part in the psyc analytic movement.
After the Anschluss s joined the Freud family in exi in England in 1938, and c laborated with Anna Fre-with whom she ran the W Nurseries from 1940-45.

From 1952 she was active engaged in the work of t Hampstead Child Thera Course and Clinic. Her maj contributions as a clinic. and theoretician permanent

enriched the psychonanalylliterature; her development or simply to visit it and meet old friends. He was a personal triend of many Israeli politistudies on twins and on bli children achieved univers recognition, and in the case the latter, led to major chang cians and also of British politicians. He was created a Life Peer in 1974. in sititude and clinical Throughout his life and Throughout his life and despite the honours that were showered on him. Fisher never forgot his humble origins or his Jewish tradition, of which he was immensely proud. In his last years, he suffered great physical pain but never allowed this to stop him fulfilling his wide range of duties.

by workers in the ried.

In her love of art she were true to the tradition of the true to the true to the tradition of the true to the true to the true to the tradition of the true to the by workers in the field.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS

**EXHIBITIONS** 

GRAPHICS, INTERIORS

Recually Qualified Designer and College Leavers require for acceptal positions with the Leavers of the College College

Applicants should be pre pred to accept responsibility and to trave a necessar within regions of the U.K. Pluse write to : Miss Felicity Thomas. Purceil Miller Tritton and

University of Otago

## **Appointments Vacant** also on page 23.

UNIVERSITY APPOINTMENTS UNIVERSITY OF EAST ANGLIA NORWICH COLOUR GRAPHICS
AND
COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN
RESEARCH

Applications are invited for two posts of Research Assistant (Orade 1A) on S.B.C. and (Orade 1A) on S.B.C. approached projects in the Longitational Dennetry Froject led by D. A. R. Forder, led by Objected with the action of the Compile of the Compile of the Compile of the Whom further actions may be obtained). One post is concerned with the action and the compile of the Compile <del>\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*</del>

The University of Sydney ROYAL PRINCE ALPRED HOSPITAL CHAIR OF PATHOLOGY Applications are invited for the Chair of Pathelogy at the Royal Prince Alfred Hospital which the Alfred Hospital which become vacant on the retigenment of Professor V. McGovern in 1980. This is a local to the Pathelogy of Sydney and the University of Sydney and the Royal Prince Alfred Hospital and is located primarily in the lusapital.

DUNEDIN, NEW ZEALAND LECTURER IN LAW position of Lecturer in Law at the University of Otago.
The University of Otago. uceration. Sylary: NZ\$13,722-516,861 per. Satay: NZS10,772:510,001 Pendings.

To Lecture will have the right of the course of the practice as a barrieter, subject to the control of the University Council, Further particulars are available from the Assocition of Common-vealth Universities (Apples, 50 Cortes opp. Square London 1977), and the University of the

NOTICE

LEGAL NOTICES

LEGAL NOTICES

Re: KEITH PROWSE TRAVEL Limited (in Voluntary Liquidation) and the Companies Act, 1948. And the Companies Act, 1948.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Grediens of the above named the Grediens of the above named Company are required an or before Friday. 4th January, 1980: 10 seed their names and addresses and particulars of their dobts or claims to the understand Mr. Isn Poter Fullius, F.C.A., of 76 New Carentals Breet, Limbon, Wilm Mah. the Underston of the said Company and it so required by notice in such the soft from the said Lindingsion and it so required by notice in such the company and it so required to example from the said Lindingsion and the said Lindingsion of the said Company and it so required to example the said Lindingsion and the said Lindingsion of the said Lindin

Dated this 23rd day of Novem-IAN PETER PHILLIPS, F.C.A., Chartered Accomplant, Liquidator.

RA: LIGHT OF INDIA (CATERERS) Limited (in Voluntary Liquidation) and the Companies Act. 1948. And the Companies Act, 1948.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Creditions of the above manned Companies are the above manned Companies are adversarially the state of the state

Dore 1979 this 27th day of Novem-CHARLES ACCOUNTS LANDS

Re: NEW WAVE CLOTHING Limited in voluntary landation; and the voluntary landation; and the Companies Art. 1948.

NOTCE is hereby given that the Companies has been shown a manead Company are required an or before Friday. The Lith January. 1968, to send their names and addressed and particulars of their debts of claims to the undersigned Vir. Landation of the Peter Phillips. F.C.A. at 75 New Companies. Survey. London, William Companies. Survey. London, William Companies, and it so required the landation and the service of the said their south of the service of the said their south of the said their said their south of the said their said thei

Ro: CEFCO HARDWARE Limited and The Companies Act, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given, garsumar to Socion 293 of the Companies Act, 1948, that a Mechan of the Creditors of the above panels company will be held at 76 Now. Cremital Street, London William Sall, on Wednesday, the 12th Ball, on Wednesday, the 12th Ball, on Wednesday, the 12th manifold in Socions 199 and 290 at the said Act.

Decembed in Socions 199 and 290 at the said Act.

Date the Sald Act.

Date the Sald Act.

Date of Northern Director. COMMERCIAL SERVICES

THE SPEEDS up business L'APPER SE LA CONTRACT DE SE REPLIE L'ACTUMENT DE L'ACTUMENT DE

COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY

HEW BOND ST. 350 se. 11. acres. 23.000 p.a. or 375 sq. is. acres. 25.000 p.a. 409 0133.

King George's
Fund for Sailors

to aid elderly and disabled seafarers Last year KGFS distributed some £275,000 to aid elderly and disabled seafarers.

To allow for inflation, we need to provide much more this year.

more this year.

We cannot allow our aged and disabled scalarers
from the Royal Navy, the Royal Markets, the
Merchant Service, the Fishing Industry to suffer
from our lack of funds. Please send a domain or covenant to aid us in vital work. And, when preparing your Will, please do not forget us. 

Mr M. G. Talbot Rice Latest appointments

Mr M. G. Talbot Rice
A service of chanksquiving for the
life of Mr Mervyn Talbot Rice was
held on Friday at Sr Michael's,
Chester Square. The service was
conducted by the Rev E. G. H.
Saunders (son-in-law), assisted by
the Rev Dr J. P. Hickinbotham.
An address was given by Canon
Douglas Webster and the blessing
was pronounced by Beshop S. F.
Allison, Lessons were read by Mr
Nigel Talbot Rice (son) and Mr

millenson.

Lady Elizabeth Bassel, Lady Bensein.

Sir Edmund and Lady Complon. Sir Korner of Grubb. Daphne Lady Hebris.

Lady Locinits. Sir Honry Mancetts.

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Mr M. Dipolo. Mr J. A. Mullian.

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Mr D. Oped. Mr J. Tyser Hoard Covett.

Mr Lewis Wist. Mr Early Mr J. Mr J. Holle.

Mr D. Oped. Mr J. Tyser Hoard Covett.

Mr J. Mr J. L. Ball Starmen.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr J. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. L. Ball Starmen.

Mr J. J. L. Ball Starmen.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr J. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr M. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr M. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr A. Mr M. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr M. Mr J. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr M. Mr J. Mr M. Milliams.

Mr J. Mr M. Mr J. Mr M. Mr M Trust awards prove no lack of architectural skill and factory built in an exotic "arabic" style.

Other award-winning entries outside London include the Byker housing development in Newcastie-up-Tyne, the new transport Interchange in Bradford, an extension to the National Gallery of Scotland in Edinburgh, and a handsomely renovated tenement block in Glasgow.

The London awards include the rebuilt Courts Bank in the By Our Planning Reporter
The latest group of Civic Trust
awards, sponsored by Bass Ltd
and announced yesterday, provide
we come reassurance that Britain
is not as devoid of architectural
skill and imagination as is often

The London awards include the rebuilt Courts Bank in the Strand and the restored Old Brass Foundry at Woolwich Arsenal; a new dining hall for Harrow School and an eytension of the West Ger-man Embassy in Chesham Place.

They also include the flood defences built to protect 42 listed buildings in Chiswick Mall, where it was essential not to detract from the appearance of the water-from.

mend also that the minimum ben-

Law Report December 3 1979 nily Division

# o-habitation before arriage a factor duties and obligations begin on the marriage and not before. It is a complere cheapening of the marriage relationship, which I believe—and I am sure many share this belief—is essential to the wellbeing of our society as we understand it to suggest that premarital periods, particularly in the circumstances of this case, should, as it were, by a doctrine of relation back of matrimony, be taken as part of matriage to count in favour of the wife, performing, as it is put, 'wifely duties' before marriage." Bis Lordship said that in that case neither party was worthy of

Lordship, stating that the should be careful not to its discretion by a narrow action of the statutory nes of section 25 of the nes of section 25 of the tomial Causes. Act, 1973, d a broad general approach words "to have regard the circumstances of the and "to their conduct" considering financial profor a wife who had lived ser husband for 24 years marriage. The marriage assed only four months he husband refused to conco-habitation. A decree is granted to the wife in the circumstances of this case, should as it were, by a doctrine of relation back of matrimony, be taken as part of marriage to count in favour of the wife, per forming, as it is put, "wifely duties" before marriage."

His Lordship said that in that a see neither party was worthy of praise for his or her moral attitude, or for his or her moral attitude, or for his or her continuing of a family.

Lordship, who was giving

Lordship, who was giving nt in open court after a in chambers, made an or a lump sum of £8,000 it of the wife. Vicholas Wilson for the Ar Nicholas Price for the

LORDSHIP said that the la Pollsh-born engineer, to the United Kingdom leaving behind in Poland and baby boy. During he worked in engineering. 6 he formed a smalling company, and in and the wife commenced ation, a son being born in In 1950 the wife began part time in the husactory, and full time in they lived in a house in ondon bought by the bus ad in 1957 he bought a bungalow in Berkshire, he conveyed both properrustees on behalf of the

attention.

the years the business successful concern, with occupying a responsible The parties married in fter the husband was in Poland by his Polish 1972 another matrimonial as bought with money rom the husband or the but the husband refused is wife in the new house. is wife in the new house.

he wife had realized that money was being trans-the husband's son in was found that the bus-taken £24,473 wrongte money was repaid by

the wife and the son ut the husband's shares 200. The money was in the sale of the second line wife, who went to the bungalow with her

She had been faithful, loving and hard working. She had helped to build up the family business, managed the home and brought up a son of whom both parents were proud. She had earned for heresif some part of the value of the business.

The question his Lordship asked was whether he could do justice—that which was fair, just and reasonable between the parties—if he ignored—the earlier history and the wife's behaviour before marriage. Would it really offend a reasonable person's sense of justice to ignore those events and that behaviour? He had no doubt that the answer from the reasonable man would be that they must be taken into account, and not only could those matters be taken into account—whether under the phrase "conduct" or "in all the circumstances of the case" but section 25 cast a duty upon him to do so. isband, now 68, had pital and a state retire-sion of £1,319 a year-ied the former matri-ome. his son having n not to charge him.
fe, who was now 57,
ump sum to buy a small
he factory. Mr. Wilson. said that a lump sum ied as over the years coked after the home by and helped to build spany's prosperity. opposing a lump sum, that the purpose of sec-o 25 of the 1973 Act are justice between husfigure. Her claim for periodical payments was dismissed. It might be that, in view of Sir George Baker's words, some would say that the judgment would encourage relationships outside marriage, but in his Lordship's judgment the occasions upon which a court was likely to hold that justice required such recognition would be very few. The decision would do nothing to undermine the institution of marriage.

Solicitors: Speechly, Bircham; vife not between a man

istress: that the mar-lasted only a few hat the husband had ous to the boy; that bould look to her son and for maintenance; husband needed every pital in order to secure ity for the future.
e relied strongly on
Campbell ([1976] Fam e Sir George Baker, said: "It is the cere-triage and the sanctity

e ceilings not 'plant' However, it was clear that in reaching their decision the commissioners had not applied the "functional" test that had recently been restated by the Court of Appeal in Benson v Yari Arm Club Ltd ([1979] 1 WLR 347).—did the faise cellings perform a function in the actual carrying out of the company's trade? Describing the cellings as "cladding" merely indicated that they were a covering, and there was nothing to suggest that they were necessary for the functioning of any of the equipment; nor could they be described as part of the means by which the company provided food and drink to its customers.

Even assuming that the equipment converted by the cellines was (Inspector of Taxes) utogrill Ltd Justice Fox delivered Nov 20]

him to do so.

The wife needed a lump sum to enable her to buy a fiat. The sum of £8,000 was not an unreasonable figure. Her claim for periodical navments was dismissed.

Solicitors: Speechly, Bircham Warmingtons & Hasties.

re incurred by a caterny. Fortes Autogriff
e installation of false
three restaurants it
ad converted between
74, did not qualify for
st corporation tax in
capital expenditure on
sion of machinery or sion of machinery or the purposes of the hip so held in allowing

inp so held in allowing y the Crown from the missioners for BrighI upheld the company's had incurred expendie 58,000 on the proviam" within the meanions 41 and 42 of the
1971, as amended, so
ly for the first year and drink to its customers.

Even assuming that the equipment supported by the cellings was itself "plant", the "ciadding" could not itself amount to "plant" unless it could be said to be partition of catering was performed. A permanent ceiling, real or false, was part of the premises in which the company's trade was carried on and the fact that "plant" might be attached to it did not of itself bring it within the relevant definition.

DSHIP, delivering a igment, said that the igment, said that the igment, said that the igment, said that the igment of incomster and suspended uctural ceiling. In the yeen the two were anical devices, including the igment of igment ig anical devices, includ-lectrical conduits, fire i other equipment used any in the carrying on less of caterers. The system of the false cell-provide cladding for lal services and as such the definition of

definition.

The finding by the commissioners that the ceitings were "plant" was not hinding on the court; the matter was in part at least a question of law. There was nothing to indicate that the commissioners had directed their minds to the functional test; they had applied the wrong test and the appeal was allowed.

Solicitors: Solicitor of Inland Solicitors: Solicitor of Inland Revenue: Capel, Cure, Peachey & Bates, Brighton.

definition.

## es have too many ts in hotels

their retiring rooms : hour (in one case at

Wooding and Others ld spend fewer mights Lord Justice Lawton e Court of Appeal. He indigment in appeals signdants whose trials rad Criminal Court in several weeks.

SHIP, who was sitting stice Chapman and Mr shift said that the jury of case had spent three hotel at a cost to the 1,152. The court had by the deputy circuit of from the South reuit that between and October 31, 1939, ent 41 mights in hotels. entral Criminal Court, c within the South cut, 15 juries spend 20 a might.

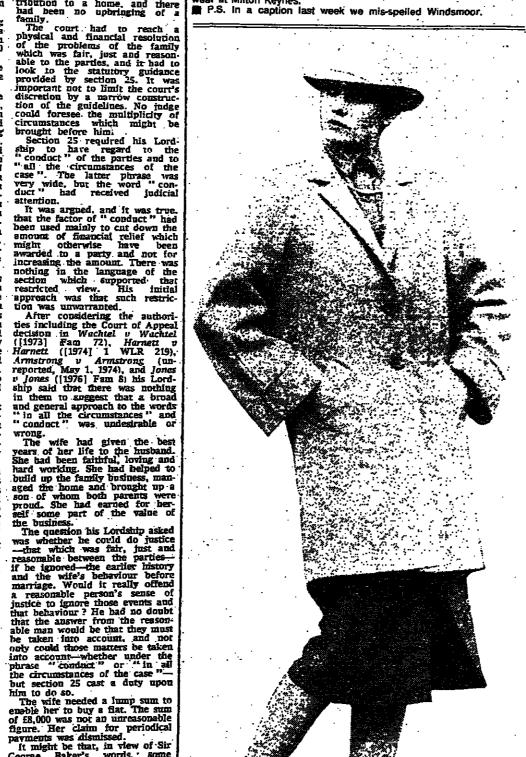
The cust varied with Central London it was 500 a might.

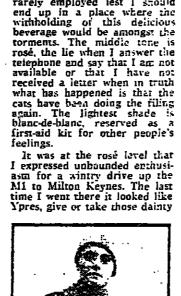
The scopted that the ich was followed before ng juries consider their their retiring rooms hour (in one case at morning.

by Prudence Glynn

Three outilits from the Alexon Sportset range which are ell colour co-ordinated and can be jingled about as you wish. Most important new shape; the car coat, which is going to be the cover up for the new shorter skirts next spring. 
Below: Pure wool a length car coat, price £69.00, worn with a straight grey skirt with a slit in the front, price £24.95, and a warm-handle cotton brushed shirt, price £25.95. 
Below right: Lilac tweed overcoat worn with a toning check scart. It costs £89 in 100 per cent wool. The lilac check skirt is £25.95. 
Bottom: Grey and burgundy plaid kilt in 100 per cent wool, price £31.50, worn with a colour co-ordinating small check tweed blazer, price £39, a burgundy gilet, price £11.95, and a grey tie-neck blouse, price £39, a burgundy gilet, price £11.95, and a grey tie-neck blouse, price £17.95. 
The hats in the pictures are by Charles Batten, and the shoes from Russell and Bromley. 
All these clothes are available from Alexon Sportset shops in stores throughout the country: to name but a tew, Selfridges, London, Harvey Nichols, London, Rackhams, Birmingham, Kendal Mine, Manchester, Browns, Chester, Debenhams, Nottingham, Ricemans, Canterbury. 
Right: Anthony Stanbury among his distribution softwear at Milton Keynes.

P.S. In a caption last week we mis-spelled Windsmoor. Three outlits from the Alexon Sportset range which are all colour











lace curtains shielding the in-I tell three shades of Ite. The darkest permitted is burgundy and is very rarely employed lest I should end up in a place where the withholding or this delicious beverage would be amongst the torments. The middle tone is rose, the lie when I answer the rejendance and say that I are not habitants from the prying eyes of acres of mud and blasted trees. Furthermore the object of my visit was to be a huge new distribution centre for the huge, not new, Steinberg group of companies.

Resders will probably find Alexon and dear old Horrocks the most familiar names, but we should not omit to mention Act 111, Villager, Butte Knit nor an unnamed division which pushes 25 per cent of the company's output into the racks of Marks

Embarked upon my wine dark sea of dishonesty I did not either express the fact that the group had so far signally failed to catch my design imagination, or that the last dealings I had had with it was an outraged communication from its then and Spencer. communication from its then petition to him. If we cannot head, who was also the chairman of the Clothing Export Council, telling me that I had single-handedly destroyed the mantle industry by advising readers that overcoats were going to be out of fashion for a few years (all to do with ambivalent hem-lines and soft looks etc and layers). It was rather jolly to discover this unexpected power in my typewriter—what should I try next? A nation going barefoot?

Which goes to show that one should never tell lies of any but the blanc-de-blanc kind for when I arrived up the unlovely MI and traversed what now looked like Verdun it was to meet a superb, modern business housed in a Moonraker style complex; it was to find that I was totally out of date with what the group is doing and it was above all to be quite unprepared for the dominant per-sonality of the managing sonality director.

Anthony Stanbury came into the fashion business 19 years ago with one thought in mind, to change it; to update this seat-of-the-pants, fractured, seat-of-the-pants, undercapitalized, low return on investment but yet magic indus try into a rational entity. He sought quality price, design that was topical but not outre. and a gradual replacement of old machinery. If anyone has the qualifica-

tions to do so it must be Mr Stanbury. The son of one of the great figures in the industry. Philip, grandson of Alex-ander who fled a Russian Pogrom to bring his tailoring skills to this country, nephew of Jack Steinberg another puissant figure who is married to no less than the sister of Sir Isaac Wolfson. It is hard to think of a finer lineage. Add to that deep-set aquamarine eyes that deep-set aquamarine eyes, a deep-seated sense of social commitment coupled with the sense to recognise that if you really are worried about your weight it might be better not to have chocs after lunch (but he does) and you have quite a second-label are feed. remarkable man for 36.

Anthony Stanbury drives a sage green Range Rover, is sage green Kange Kover, is married to a member of the beety Vestey family and still does not think he has got the fashion business straight, though figures would argue this. More remarkable is that instead of laying all the blame at labour's door he is more inclined to blame management. Since my own first inklings of Since my own first inklings of the socialist ideal were stirred by watching an inheriting ass at work I like Mr. Stanbury's acceptance of responsibility. It smacks of reality. He wants to know why he cannot generate the same level of productivity through his factories in Port Talbot, Cardiff and West Auck land to be compenitive in price with, say, West Germany, and at the same time to provide that higher standard of living and higher sense of monivation of his ever-present competitors

# Teddy Needs A Home This Christmas

Techy wall make a Relang timed for some one the Cincinnot Fe's aid a heart And so and you ... The Techy Bert Shop, Lowlon land chosen the Design Deutschi indeed notify, it Manyometal have for their conditions, exist, and whose in spining As an exist book was a pit many lettly in Spinion Factor Caristeen paper, paper as each from the Lender, and sealed with the parameter. All you the treet, and senses when the pre-sense, the year
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The First Sen Sens London, List. 42 Nev: Broad Street, Louise ECSA 18Y, (Chaque, Barclayean Visa in Accoss appayon

SIMONE MIRMAN

For your Christmas presents for your Christmas parties cocktail hats and nonsense gorgeous for bandeaux and caps knitted bats and scarves to match, all at reduced prices. 9 Chesham Place, Belgrave Square.

distribution Milion Keynes can handle half a million garments at any one time: they are shipped inex-orably off the sort of machinery you see in lames Bond films onto the lorries belonging to the firm and thence without packing and creasing onto the rails of two hundred shops within stores.

This system of selling has been held to undermine the personal authority of buyers, their local knowledge of what the customer wants and also to trap the customer in an area designated to one manufacturer which she then finds does not suit her.

Anthony Stanbury fights this problem all the way with his Alexon departments. "We work with the retailer, not in com-

wants we train our staff to pass her on to another department and not just to dump her but to put her into good hands." A neartening concept in retailing if ever I heard one. Another idea is to monitor sales by making a note of the customer and letting her know when the next batch of goodies is in. Equally sensible, though I thought it resided only in the madam shops now.

"You have to remember that in most cases when a woman comes out to shop she really wants to buy something. We try our best to provide it. After all there is nothing in life more frustrating than not being able to get what you want."

Ah, how true, Mr Stanbury,

# Perfect Christmas Gift Perfect Peter Saunders A Silk Shirt for L16.50

Peter Saunders has, on his Eastern. travels, found the classic shirt. In beautiful, pale ivory pure Fuji silk, with stiffered collar and culls, for lasting elegance, and it is washable. It embodies the style and quality which has made him famous. And, as you'd expect, he offers his find at a remarkable realistic price — a mere £16.50 (including V.A.T.) with his usual money back guarantee, less than half the price one normally expects to pay for a shirt of this quality. Bostsites, 357/36, 377/38, 397, 40, 417, 427



And a typical P.S. As you might expert, Peter Sounders dien't secure empry banded. He has a FREE 3th for brooch in its own packed waller, worth 15.

Orden must be recreated by Orde Determinento ensure delivery indice Corresmas. Pest free from Peter Saunders, P.O. Box 54. Easton Grey, Malmesbury, Wittshire. Your remainment of \$15 St should be made proble to "Reders A.C. Feter Stunders, Euscon Greet and shall remain your meney until the good have been dispatched toyou in the address specified.

Peter Saunders



## **SWISS PURE WOOL PRINTS** 54in wide—£8.25 yd

Largest selection ever. Regret, no samples. FINE DRESS FABRICS 87 Baker Street, W1 01-935 5876 3 mins. Baker St. Station

## A PRESENT FOR THAT EXTRA SPECIAL SOMEONE-YOU.

Ask your Santa for something wonderful this year, the present of a lifetime, a fabulous Fendi fur. Right now, there's up to 50% off original prices.

## FENDI at Browns What more could a girl ask for?

23-27 South Molton Street W1 and 6c Sloane Street SW1

## Grants for Convalescence

The Frederick Andrew Convalescent Trust makes grants to professional women, working or retired, married or single, towards the cost of medically recommended convalescence. Enquiries welcomed.

Further information and application forms from:

Andrew & Co., St. Swithin's Square, Lincoln LN2 1HB Tel. 0522-32123

## Stock Exchange Prices

# Small selling

ACCOUNT DAYS: Dealings Began, Nov 19. Dealings End, Dec 7. § Contango Day, Dec 10. Settlement Day, Dec 17

		§ Forward bargoins are permitted	l on two previous days		i i santa di salah s Salah salah sa
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**BUSINESS NEWS** 



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PRICE CHANGES



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Needlers 4p to 43p Norton W. E. 3p to 15p Shell Trans 10p to 338p Taibex 1p to 84p Tunni Hidgs 'B' 8p to 300p 11p to 155p 10p to 368p 6p to 70p 8p to 381p 12p to 246p

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# Dollar reaches new low against Many changing jobs barred from the mark and gold price soars

The dollar plunged on he world's foreign exchange markets yesterday, closing at a new low against the Deutsche mark. Disenchanted dollar holders scrambled for gold, and the price cored the price soured.

Currency markets have been shaken by the growing tension between Iran and the United States. Fears that anti-American feeling is now spreading to other Middle East countries led to great pressure on the dollar yesterday.

yesterday.

Gold—a traditional currency hedged in uncertain times—leapt by \$16.5 to close at \$432.25 an ounce. This is its highest closing level, although the price reached \$437 an ounce at the fixing on October 2.

There was hectic activity throughout the day on the bullion markets. The gold price did not react immediately to the did not react immediately to the Iran crisis, but later took off sharply and has risen by \$39.25

in the last week.

The world's financial system is uncertain about the longterm effects on markets of the which many foreign exchange

**GOLD PRICE** dollars/oz

lar a lasting blow. It seems that it will no longer be the sole currency for oil payments. The freezing of Iran's assets will almost certainly deter some in-vestors from holding dollars in

take currencies other than the dollar in payment for oil, according to a senior official for the Iranian central bank. Mr Ali Ma'nayi, the head of its international relations, said the bank had begun asking several companies for payments in other currencies as soon as the United States announced the

freeze on Iran's assets, and some are believed to have paid in a mixture including the Deutsche mark and the Swiss Iran is likely to raise the

question of pricing oil in a basket of currencies at the Opemeeting the week after next. Some dealers reported yester-day that "everybody was trying to sell dollars". The rate would have gone down further with-out some help from central banks. The Bank of England was thought to have been sell-ing some sterling and the West German Federal Bank bought dollars during the afternoon. Nevertheless, the American currency dropped below DM1.71 for the first time to close at

The Swiss franc gained most against the dollar, although it did not reach its record heights of last search its record neights of last autumn. After touching SwF1.5555, the dollar closed at SwF1.562, a drop of 21 per cent since Friday. The Swiss have recently taken measures to strengthen the franc. Sterling gained ground against

the dollar yesterday, closing above \$2.20 for the first time

day. Against a basket of currencies, the pound rose to 70 per cent of its end 1971 value during the day, but closed at 69.9 per cent, was unchanged from Friday.

Of the major currencies the yen made least headway against the dollar. It rose from 249.4 yen to the dollar on Friday to 248.8 yen yesterday. It has been estimated that the Bank of Japan had to spend about \$4,000m propping up the yen last month.

The dollar's weakness probably means that American interest rates will climb back up. There were some hopes last week that they had peaked, but Eurodollar rates rose yesterday from the previous week's levels.

Speculative buying, inuing firm prices for precious metals and lower warehouse stocks lifted copper prices on the London Metal Exchange yesterday. At the afternoon close, cash wire bars had gained 547 a tonne to £1,035 and three month futures were 541.75 up to £1,037.25.

# Citibank seeks court ruling to clarify status of Iranian funds 'frozen' in London branch

Banking Correspondent Legal action in connexion with blocked Iranian funds amounting to more than \$3,000m (£1,400m) held in the London branches of several major United States banks in-tensified yesterday.

Ciribank, whose chairman, Mr Ciribank, whose chairman, Mr Walter Wriston, has been one of the staunchest supporters of President Garter's action to freeze official Iranian deposits in the United States banking system, has begun proceedings against Bank Markazi, the Iranian central bank, in an attempt to clarify where its London branch stands legally on the question of frozen funds.

There has been considerable

There has been considerable uncertainty in international banking circles as to whether American banks can extend the freeze on Iranian deposits to their London branches, where the bulk of Iran's external deposits are held.

Denmark's

Mr Anker Joergensen the Danish Prime Minister, yester-

day announced a stringent economic package designed to

reduce Denmark's balance of payments deficit by 6,000 mil-lion kroner (about £530m) by

The move follows a 5 per cent devaluation of the Danish currency against others of the

European monetary system (EMS) last Thursday. The new

gusterity programme prolongs the government's present prices

and pay freeze, initiated on November 5, until the end of February 1981.

Limited exemption is allowed to productive sections of in-dustry, to compensate for price rises in raw materials. House

rents, frozen at present, are to remain subject to tight

controls.

The new measures which the Social Democratic minority Government is to present to parliament for a first reading tomorrow, also include tax reforms, amendments to the automatic wage indexation system to curb wage increases, higher wealth and property layes a rise in corporation tax

taxes, a rise in corporation tax from 37 to 40 per cent and a

tax increase on private pension schemes from 25 to 40 per

Another proposal gives employees a third of the places on company boards. There is also a scheme for compulsory profit-sharing for workers. Funds totalling 4,500 million kroner are planned to be set aside for job creation projects.

austerity

package

1933.

controls.

writs against five New York the courts.
banks for the release of their Citibank's
London deposits.

The Bank of England, after intense discussions with British and foreign banks, continues to maintain that the issue is one for the courts to decide. The Iranian central bank

now going through the British High Court for the repayment of more than \$3,000m of dollar deposits in London. The writs show it is claiming \$1,796m from Bank of America, \$416m from Manufacturers Hanover Trust, \$332m from Bankers Trust, \$321m from Chase Man-hattan and \$175m from Citi-

One of Iran's commercial banks, Bank Saderat Iran, has also filed writs against American Express Bank for the return of £1.01m held in London and \$18m from the London branch of Credit Lyonnais which is being held in Nassau. Another commercial

began its challenge on the have secured the return of ster- default of loans in which they legality of the move by issuing ing deposits without going to are syndicate members. Citibank's initiative has been

prompted by a wish to sort out the complicated legal issues as soon as possible because of "the effect which the present crisis is likely to have on the monetary system as a whole". The action, which has the

backing of the American govern-ment, will seek "declarations in connexion with the accounts held by Bank Markazi with Citibank in London to resolve the present legal problems which the bank in London is confront-It is also asking the court

to push through the proceedings without delay and has asked Bank Markazi to cooperate in achieving this. Meanwhile the rift between

American and non-American banks over the Carter freeze also appears to be widening. Japanese banks have now told Chase Manhattan that they will not join in declaring Iranian

The Japanese seem to be

convinced that Iranian bor-rowers will do their level best to meet their international obligations. David Cross writes: The

Iranian Government yesterday sought to reassure international bankers that it intends to honour "all of its legitimate foreign debts" despite earlier indications to the contrary.

In an advertisement de-

It is likely that output prices will have to 20 up substantially seribed as an open letter to the American businessmen the during the remaining months Iranian embassy in Washing of this winter, which in turn ton said the United States press is likely to lead to high rates had recently presented to the information until public reports to the effect that
"Iran repudiates foreign debt.
leaving the impression that all foreign debt is to be dishonoured."

"The truth of the matter is:
"The truth of the matter is:
"The truth of the matter is:
wall into next vear
The relatively good November figures for factory gate prices brought down the whole-sale inflation rate for the past six months to an annualized rate of 17 per cent. Raw material and fuel costs in the bassy stated. "Those transactions which have been repudi-

tions which have been repudiated are few in number and

# Report of oil cutback by Libyans adds to western supply worries

Libya is reported to have cut back its December oil exports, adding new uncertainty to the West's ability to get the sup-plies it needs over the coming months.

Reports of cuts throughout the Middle East are intensify-ing as pressure mounts on Saudi Arabia to modify its policy of producing more than policy of producing more than it wishes and of selling oil to the Aramco consortium of American companies at \$18 abarrel, at least \$4 cheaper than the cost of comparable crudes. Ali Akbar Moinfar, the Iranian Oil Minister, yesterday flew into Saudi Arabia to persuade the Saudis to limit their production. Saudi Arabia has been producing 9.5 million barrels a day instead of the 8.5 million figure it would prefer to conserve its resources. Saudi Arabia's maximum sustainable Arabia's maximum sustainable production figure is estimated at 10 million barrels a day.

As a wave of unrest continues to sweep Muslim countries, the threat of cutbacks has taken on strong political overtones.



Libya yesterday apologized to on supplies of the United States for the attack and the conti-on its embassy in Tripoli, but find a solution observers of the oil market tinian question.



on supplies of political unrest, and the continued failure to find a solution to the Palesber cuts was made in the influential Petroleum Intelligence Weekly. Companies' pur-chases from the state marketing company had been cut, in some instances by 15 per cent, bringing reductions which had originally been planned to start in January into effect this There are also reports that

Iraq intends to bring back its production from 3.3 million to 2.7 million barrels a day. It is now the second largest producer in Opec after Saudi Arabia, and a cut of this magnitude would, on top of the others that bave been threatened, hir the West hard. Kuwait is known to want to

cut output from 2.2 million barrels a day to 1.5 million barrels a day. The United Arab Emirates is intending cuts and

Emirates is intending cuts and so is Venezuela.

There are growing doubts that Iran can continue production at its present rate of 3.2 million barrels a day, which is well below the original target of 4 million barrels a day. The refinery at Abadan is in bad shape and the oil fields are encountering increasing problems countering increasing problems

# Report criticizes nationalized industries' accounting

# Flexible figures improve the image

racts about Britain's nationalized industries are being hidden from the public and Parliament, the Consumers Association, pubglisher of Which? alleges in a report published

Consumers Association commissioned the City analysts
Phillips and Drew to examine the accounting practices of eight nationally-owned indus-

It concludes: "It is not possible to compare or judge the financial performance of nationalized industries from their published accounts or to make any useful assessment of how they perform against the targets that are laid down for

them."
The flexibility in accounting rooms during the transition from historic to current cost accountancy methods, says Con-sumers Association, enable both profits and losses to be underestimated to improve the in-dustries "political" mage. Phillips and Drew criticize the frequency with which accounting policies have been changed, making it impossible to compare performances between in-

dustries, or from one year to

to have been too influenced by an offsetting gearing adjust the effect that the changes ment.

would have on their published The report says there is a profits."

unlikely" that voluntary agree-ment could bring uniform treatment of depreciation policy or gearing adjustments.

Policies on depreciation were the principal difficulty in making comparisons. The report recommends the Government should establish a committee to issue accountancy guidelines for all nationalized industries and that these should all go over to full current cost accounting as soon as possible. Only British Gas and the Post Office include full current cost

accounting depreciation charges in their main accounts. Gearing adjustments were found to be a principal source of controversy, with British Gas, National Bus Company and the Post Office all forcefully

denying their relevance nationalized industries. The report suggests that the simplest solution would be to look at profits at pre-interest levels. It adds that if a figure for current cost accounting post-interest profits is required

rofits." strong case for rationalization The analysts think it "highly in financial targets set for the nationalized industries, and sug gests that the best basis would be current cost accounting pre-interest return on capital employed. At present this is used only for British Airways and telecommunications. Estimates of the industries'

results using current cost accounting shows substantial differences from those acrually reported. The Electricity Council's pro-

fit of £765.2m in 1977-78 would have been £924.4m on an his toric cost basis, but only £258.4m on current costs. British Steel's reported loss of £128.5m becomes a loss of 5461.6m on current costs and the National Coal Board's profit of £121.1m appears as a loss of £256.4m, excluding government support.

Nationalized Industries Accounting Policies, Consumers Association, Caxton Hill, Hert-ford SG13 7LZ. Price £15.

Robin Young

# transfer of pension rights

Almost three quarters of people changing jobs (in contracted-out employment) are not being allowed to transfer their pension rights. Their applications are either being rejected occuping to put into a permanently pending tray.

Pension fund managers complained yesterday that transferability, acknowledged to be the

ability, acknowledged to be the next great goal of the pension industry, far from becoming easier to obtain has been increasingly disallowed since the new state earnings-related pension scheme came into operation 18 months ago.

related guaranteed minimum rose by 13 per cent and is fore-ression (GMP) with employers assuming the responsibility for the GMP with contracted-out pension schemes.

employment.

entirely but many have made it clear they will not take on GMPs in respect of past service. The fund managers from the outgoing pension funds, on the

Squeeze on

profit margin

by industry went up by ! per cent in October, a smaller in-

crease than expected. But the price which industry had to pay

for its raw materials and fuels

went up by 11 per cent, widen-

ing the already wide gap which has emerged in recent months

between the extra costs which companies are having to pay

and the prices they have so far felt able to pass on.

same period raced ahead at an annual rate of 22.2 per cent.

with a particularly sharp rise in

October as higher fuel prices came through. The continuing

problems in Iran are likely to

lead to further upward pressure

Against this, the pound has been relatively strong in recent

weeks, which tends to cut the

sterling cost of oil to industry.
Industry has been absorbing some of the higher raw material

prices which it faces despite other pressures on its costs.

Labour costs continue to in-crease sharply as earnings mount, and the fact that whole-sale prices have gone up by less

than either input prices or the likely increase in labour costs

indicates a severe squeeze on manufacturers' margins.

Figures for hire purchase and other new credit also sug-

gested an October fling before the Chancellor's decision to

impose a credit squeeze on November 15. Total new credit

extended rose to 5664m, up from 5616m in September.

Factory gate prices charged

industry's

By David Blake

other hand, are refusing to negociate transfer values for leavers if the GMP element is to be left frozen within the old fund. "It is en involerable situation", said Mr Griff Shepherd, pensions manager at Grand Metropolitan.

Although there are those within the pensions industry who think such attitudes "reprehensible" and "discriminatory against job leavers", both pensions consultants and employers who currently do accept transfer values think that the situation will get worse as GMPs become increasingly unliable. valuable.

pension schemes.
Transfer values which include GMP present the new employer with an open-ended sions industry successfully negofinancial commitment on tisted in respect of deferred pensions not "earned" during pensions (left with the company until retirement; which can be Employers are not turning either 8! per cent or 5 per cent their back on transfer values plus an additional premium to the state.

The pensions industry wants similar limited revaluation for transferred GMPs. Mr Michael Pilch, chairman of the National



Mr Michael Pilch Association of Pension Funds. said yesterday that the Government "had missed a golden opportunity" to support the principle of transferability in last week's Social Security Bill. One consolation for changers does exist. Even if they are unable to take a trans-fer value to their new employers, the opportunity may not be irretrievably lost. It is always possible to re-open a request for a transfer value and, if the law in respect of GMPs is changed, most companies will be prepared to blow the dust off old applications.

## Hoffmann-La Roche forced to switch from gas at Scottish plant

Hoffmann-La Roche, the Swiss drugs group, has been told that a gas supply is no longer available for its £140m vitamin C plant being built at Dalry, Ayr-

The announcement by Scottish Gas, which came as a sur-prise to the Roche management, has forced the company to abandon plans for gas to be the primary source of energy. Designs have been altered in favour of a coal-fired power plant, with oil as a back-up

These changes will increase the eventual cost of the project. which is attracting about £50m in government aid, although the company would not say by how much. One of the additional costs will be for the provision extra rail sidings, to take

coal deliveries.

The company's decision has come as an unexpected bonus to the National Coal Board, which had earlier agreed to supply about 220 tons of coal a day to the plant from local

At the time it was estimated that this would mean more than 50 extra jobs. The amount of coal now likely to be supplied is thought to be nearer 500 tons a day.

poned no longer.
Mr John Hornibrook, works director for the Dalry project, said gas was preferred for several reasons. It was, for example, cleaner for the proposed technological process. example, cleaner for the pro-posed technological processes, policy to be altered in favour He explained that it was not of the industrial user.

until August that Scottish Gas discovered that it had oversold supplies and was not able to provide for the Dalry plant's needs. Until then, the company believed supplies to be avail-

day, Scottish Gas said that after investigating its fuel options, Roche had concluded that gas was not essential to production.

"An offer to supply some gas was made in May this year. It was not taken up within the option period. No further offer is being made because of the changed supply situation in the gas industry."

Despite the rethinking over

fuel, civil engineering work on Roche's plant, which will provide 450 new jobs, has begun and the first of the chemical engineering contracts have been awarded.

A long battle was fought by government ministers in 1978 to persuade Roche to come to Scotland rather than Switzerpany executives. In recent months, gas officials have been embarrassed

by the strength of demand from both industrial and domestic users. Only last week, Sir Denis Rooke, chairman of the British Gas Corporation, said Scottish Gas's inability to guarantee supplies has disappointed the company, not least because it was told only after several months of negotiations.

The company waited for a supplies a large supplies has disappointed the company, not least because it was told only after several months as it had taken on. He said the "panic flight from oil" was the main reason. The company waited for a couple of months to see if the position improved, but has now decided that a decision on energy sources could be postsupplies have been given a expect continuous supply this

## Peachev

Tables, page 20

## **Property Corporation Limited**

Highlights from the Statement by the Chairman Lord Mais "When I became Chairman in the early months of 1977 and

your Board was reconstructed we faced a substantial loss.

We come to you today with pre-tax profits of nearly £3 "I am glad to tell you that the Directors recommend a final dividend of 2p per share making 3p for the year compared with 20 per share last year . . . . "

"Pre-tax earnings for the year rose by some 50% to £2,868.000. Despite the sale of properties totalling over £16 million, net rents were maintained at the level of 1978. The sale of Park West has enabled us to pay off our bank borrowings and at the year end the Company had cash or short term deposits amounting to some £8 million . . . the sale of Park West and other low-yielding properties will enable your Company to achieve a more stable and higher quality income for the future." "We are actively seeking and negotiating further opportunities for reinvestment and development, particularly in the commercial and industrial field, and at the year end had property purchase commitments amounting to some £1.6

Summary of results for the year ended 24th June 1979.

	24 June	24 June
	1979	1978
	£,000	£,000
Profit before Taxation	2,868	1.902
Profit after Taxation	1,612	843
Profit attributable to		<u> </u>
Shareholders	1,543	886
Earnings per Share	7.4p	3.9p
Dividends per Share	3p	2p
Net assets per Share	177p	132p

Peachev Property Corporation Limited 19 Stoane Street London SW1X 9NE Telephone 01-235 2080 Telex 262676

## **Duties to be** imposed on **American** fibre imports

The European Commission has decided to impose antidumping duties on imports of acrylic fibre supplied by the American Cynamid Corporation. The duties, which are to be published officially in the next day or so, are expected to range from 7.2 per cent for discon-tinuous acrylic fibre to 26.8 per cent for continuous filament. A meeting of EEC trade decided that action should be taken against cheap fibre imports from the United States. ments has been felt in particu-lar on the Italian market, where the United States share inthe United States share in-creased from 1.1 per cent in 1977 to 6 per cent in the first quarter of this year. In the same period the share captured by American acrylic producers in the Community market as a whole doubled to 3.4 per cent from 1.7 per cent.

### Italy index up

Italy's wholesale price index rose 2.1 per cent in October to 154.6 after a 1.9 per cent rise in September. This puts the index 19.6 per cent above its level of

## Dutch wage talks fail

Dutch employers and trade unions have failed to agree on wage rises and labour conditions for 1980. This means decentralized wage bargaining will take place in each industry next year. Talks broke down when the employers said their offer of 2 per cent was the maximum for pay rises.

## Swiss liquidity move

At the end of November, the sight deposits of banks, trade signt deposits of banks, trade and industry—a key barometer of Swiss liquidity—rose 2,024m Swiss francs to 9,086m francs (about 52,581m). But if the increase in the credit facilities of around 1,600m francs is subtracted, it shows a liquidity level of around 7,400m francs. Since not all of the new 7-day swaps are expected to be renewed, the would bring the level back to around 7,000m francs, the range the Central appears to have been

## German metal losses Profits in the West German metal industry have fallen despite more favourable earn-Employers' Association said in Cologne that around 20 per cent of German metal firms Metal Industry might show a loss for 1979.

French cartel fined The European Commission has fined three French ferti-

has fined three French ferti-liser manufacturers each 85,000 European Units of Account (£55,250) for operat-ing an illegal sales cartel on the West German market. The companies, Societe Generale de Engrais SA, Compagnie Francaise de L'Azote and Societe Chimique des Char-bonnages were found to have infringed Article 85 of the Treaty of Rome through chan-neling all their fertiliser neling all their fertiliser exports to Germany through a subsidiary known as

## Islam debates trade

Increased trade among Islamic countries as part of re-vamping world trade was urged by Malaysia at a 42-member international Islamic conference in Kuala Lumpur, Mr Mahathir Mahommad, the trade and industry minister, said that Moslem countries supply 60 per cent of the world's petroleum and tin. 40 per cent of its cotton, one-third of crude rubber.
30 per cent of timber and 20 per cent of vegetable oil.

## Reserves fall again

6.14

Japan's foreign reserves of gold, convertible foreign currencies and Special Drawing Rights fell by \$3,107m (about (£1,635m) in November to \$10,166m at the end of the month, the finance ministry announced. This is the second time that Japan's foreign reserves decreased from the previous month's level, following October's \$2,062m drop. October's \$2,062m drop.

## Prices maintain rise

West Germany's producer price index (base 1970) rose 0.4 per cent in October to 156.4 aiter a similar 0.4 per cent gain in September. This was an increase of 6.5 per cent against October, 1978, compared with a 6.2 per cent year-on-year in-crease in September.

## Diesel investment

Kloeckner-Humboldt-Deutz of Cologne is investing more than \$50m (over £26m) to produce pir-cooled diesel engines in a factory bought from American Motors Corporation. Production will start in summer 1980.

£11.5m Nigerian deal Biwater Shellabcar, of Dorking, has been awarded turnkey contracts worth more than 111.5m to supply, install and commission its Biwater Tower water treatment plants in various parts of Nigeria.

## Galveston gas find

the present impalance between the American (80 per cent) and A natural gas well on Block 393 of the Galveston Island area European (18 per cent) shares of the information market, Dr Anderla says, "then no mater how successful we are in boostin United States federal waters south of Calveston, Texas, encountered three productive zones between 4,300 and 7,400 fact, Houston Oil and Minerals ing our telecommunications and electronic data-processing and chip-making industries, the

## Mr Brezhnev gives frank report on Russia's economic shortcomings

# Dismal end in sight to Kremlin five-year plan

As the 1,500 delegates to the recent session of the Supreme Soviet return nome, they take with them the clear message that all is not well with the Soviet economy, and there are formidable problems ahead as their country moves into the 1980s.

The Soviet leadership reassured them that the Soviet Union was still a mighty economic power with a rising standard of living, increased production and a commitment to satisfy the demand for more

and better consumer goods.

But the figures given by Mr Nikolai Baibakov, chairman of the state planning committee, paint a dismal picture of per-formance this year and of what can be achieved in 1980, the final year of the current (ive-year plan. And Mr Brezhnev, in his report to the senior Communist Party officials who really run the country, was devastatingly frank about the difficulties and shortcoming of the Soviet

Overall growth this year will probably be only about 3.6 per cent, compared with the target of 5.7. The grain harvest of only 179 million tons, compared with last year's record of 237 million, means that a lot of valuable hard currency will have to be spent on increased grain imports.

Oil production next year will be 606 million tons compared to the original target of 640 million and the growth of industrial output will be 4.5 per cent, a drop from the high rates enjoyed in earlier years.

Of course the weather accounted for the poor harvest. But the severe winter also had a considerable effect on Soviet

But Mr Brezhnev's report made it clear that it was not just the weather: It was bad management, poor quality work, bottlenecks and shortages and a general lack of initiative.

He said nothing that Western observers have not forecast for some time—a growing and serious shortage of oil, the poor return of the vast agricultural investment, chaos on the railways—bur he did not attempt to play down the scale or significance of these shortcomings.

He said enormous amounts of money had been invested in industry and the labour force had been increased, but the final result this year was less than it should have been, and less than the country's potential allowed.

The party chief did not offer any new dutions. The long-term difficulties can be reduced to one very simple diagram: a triangle consisting of Siberia where the natural resources are, Central Asia, where the surplus manpower is, and Western Russia, where most industry is located.

The difficulties in the industrialized West are aggravated by an acute labour shortage because of low birth rates over the past 20 years. Mr Brezhnev has said that all growth must now come from increased productivity instead of increased additions to the labour force. But unfortunately this has not occurred.

In 1977 Soviet output per worker was only 55 per cent of that of the United

industry: The statistics for the first half of the year were the worst for a long time, showing that many sectors of the economy were failing to live up to their plan.

States, in spite of vast increases in state investment (the only sector of the economy now running well ahead of plan) productivity appears, if anything, to be declining. The Soviet leadership, well aware of the gravity of the situation, responded this summer with a lengthy resolution, which reversed all ideas of decentralization and called for a tightening up of central

> control. It aimed to improve the planning process, make factories more responsive to consumer demand, channel investment into automation and cut back new construction. It went into details about what needed

to be done: measure a factory's output in terms of volume sold instead of volume produced, speed up the commissioning of new equipment, improve the standardiza-tion of consumer goods and the quality of output, withdraw obsolete articles from production, and tiest outlets more closely to their suppliers.

It also called for greater economic accountability by individual enterprises, an increase in material incentives available to them, more investment in scientific and technological research

However, Western observers suggest the complexity of the new demands will effectively lead factory managers to carry on much as they have done before.

The Russians can point out that predictions for Western economies in the next few years are even more gloomy. But, given the traditionally high Soviet growth rates, the new trends will present any new adership in the Kremlin with its biggest

Michael Birryon

## Cars survey predicts a stagnant UK market but growth in Europe

By Edward Townsend New car sales throughout the world are forecast to rise from 34.3 million to 37 million units a year between 1982 and 1984 but the British market is expected to remain relatively stagnant in the face of continued growth and expansion in the rest of Europe.

The predictions, in a survey of the world automotive in-dustry published today by Economic Models, are that the United Kingdom car market will total 1.69 million this year fall-ing to 1.5 million in 1981 and failing to rise above 1.7 million a year by 1984.

Despite thes light fall in EEC new car registrations expected for 1980, the report says the

By R. W. Shakespeare

Meryseyside has become the

focus of another factory occu-pation by workers, after the de-cision by Airfix Industries to close its Meccano and Dinky Toy opeations in Liverpool and make almost 1,000 employees

tory in Binns Road yesterday, 940 workers—almost the entire shop floor and office labour

force-voted unanimously to re-

ject the company's redundancy plans, which include pay in lieu of notice, and to mount a

round-the-clock occupation of

By Edward Townsend
British printers have again
appealed to the Government to
increase the duty-free quotas on

paper imported next year from European Free Trade Associa-tion countries, but United Kingdom paper makers want to

see the quotas held at present levels. There are hopes that a

compromise may be reached.

A British Printing Industries

Federation statement said the industry faced increasing com-

petition from printed matter which entered the United King-

dom, often free of duty, from countries which enjoyed access

Europe should also aim to gain a 30 per cent share of the world telecommunications market by 1990, the Commission says, together with 30 per cent of the world market for commission and the world market for commissions.

puters, mini-processors and soft-ware; and a 30 per cent share

of world deliveries of electronic

These targets were presented in a Commission strategy paper

prepared by Viscount Etienne

Davignon, a Member of the Commission, at the European

Summit meeting in Dublin last

week, and are to be announced

roday at an online information

conference in London by Dr Georges Anderla, director of information management of the

At present the nine countries

the European Communities

hold about 18 per cent of the

28 per cent of telecommunica-tions; 18 per cent of computers,

mini-processors and software;

and ten per cent of electronic

components. In the informa-

tion services area the target

means a fivefold or sixfold

growth in the size and output of the European information

supply industry by 1985.

If nothing is done to correct

components.

Correspondent

redundant.

fiscal policies are expected to have their full effect. The move towards even lower rates of growth of output and real in-comes is expected to be parti-cularly severe in the United Kingdom.

Falls are also forecast in France and Germany, pulling the EEC sales total for 1981 down to 8.55 million against 8.74 million for 1980. Japan and the United States should recover in 1981 with the recover in 1981, with the American market rising to 10.8 million and Japan's to 3.37 mil-

A gradual expansion in western economies from 1982 onwards should benefit the United Kingdom. France and Germany are expected to show the best growth, with the trough of the current recession United States market rising to is expected in 1981, when current restrictive monetary and the Japanese to 3.6 million.

Meccano plant occupation starts

Friday. Now all the men will work a rota system for an in-

At the weekend, a security

company moved in, on the in-

the premises.

Mr Frank Bloor, GMWU conno way are we convinced that A token workforce, including vener, and chairman of a newly-Mr Frank Bloor, GMWU con-

in a position comparable with

that of its foreign competitors,"

the statement says.
Under the terms of a compli-

notably the Nordic nations, are governed by quotes which the British Government may raise

by up to 5 per cent a year.

EEC to give financial aid for databases

Disagreement on paper import quotas

takeover of

structions of the management, the company to change its mind

stock, materials and equipment throughout the trade union

Seven unions have members this factory has increased conin the Binns Road factory, but most of the men belong to the General and Municipal Workers coupled with a reduction of the months, and this has been coupled with a reduction of the months.

free imports of printing and writing papers.

"The printing employers federation argues that the Government of the consumption, any increase in

erament should do all in its the quotas next year would power to place British printers placeplace further strains on

cated system of quotas and unchanged since 1975, with the triffs, imports of paper and board from the Efta countries, a quarter of United Kingdom

defnite

At a meeting inside the fac-to board up windows. There is ory in Binns Road yesterday, understood to be about £2.5m of

overall expectation of world demand is therefore optimistic. overall The prospects for the produc tion activities of the major companies beyond 1982 are complicated by the widening distribution of the car market between consuming countries. The continual expansion of assembly plants throughout many different areas of the world, will only strengthen the world, will only strengthen the position of the European-based multinationals, it says. The strength of the leading manufacturers as centres of design expertise and production knowhow "will ensure their prosperity into the mid-1980s".

The British industry, says the report is objuvily for more

report, is obviously for more dependent upon a home market which is stagnant and a scat-tered set o fsmall export mar-

are with us and we have asked for their help to keep the fac-

tory working. Some production is taking place today."

Mr Bloor said the object of the "work in" was to persuade

about the closure. There would

be a campaign to enlist support

some 300 in the labour force. In

output and job protection.
But the printers argue that

many quotas for printing and writing papers have been left

imports and the printing in-dustry has to pay duty on 36 in per cent of Effa imports of these grades.

## Mr Tom Boardman : encourag-Aid for the smaller company

Investigations into the possibility of large companies com-bining to help small companies are being carried out by Bir-mingham and Leeds Chambers of Commerce. The London Chamber, working with nine large companies, including Shell, Marks & Spencer and IBM, is already operating an agency whose aim is to help small companies and inner city. most of the shop stewards, had elected joint action committee, been occupying the plant since said: "We are here to stay, and union officials were given two we will work for as long as we hours' notice of the closeure on can. Supervisors and foremen small companies and inner city regeneratio nin London.

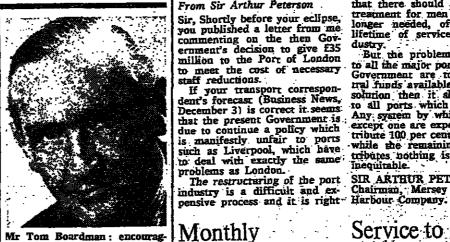
By Patricia Tisdali

Assistance is being given in the form of counselling and management expertise rather tha nin cash handouts. In addition the London Enterprise Agency, which claims to have parries since its establishment in April, is building a "small firms estate" and is in the process of drawing up a code of behaviour to guide large com-panies in commercial dealings with small.

The Birmingham Chamber plans to start a similar project and discussions with a number of large companies are at an

In a letter to Mr Michael Heseltine, the Secretary of State for the Environment, Mr of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce (ABCC), says that similar developments are taking place in Leeds.

Mr Boardman was outlining the work which Chambers of Commerce are doing to help inner city areas. The AECC has agreed to collaborate with local authorities and Mr Boardman says it intends to "encourage those Chambers who are not yet playing a full role to do so".



## payment of phone bills From Mr I. T. Collinton

Sir. Your correspondent Mr. R. T. Arguile (November 27) complains of the difficulties in obtaining the Post Office's agreement to his settling his telephone bills by banker's order.

The restructuring of the port

In early 1976 I received a very heavy (but unfortunately accurate) telephone bill which prompted me to ask the Tunbridge Wells Telephone area manager if I could in future pay by monthly standing order. Somewhat to my surprise, he arread without detuny and proscreed without denur end provided a payment reference number to enable such payments to be correctly identified. The only condition was that outstanding debit balances on quarterly bills should be settled within a formight.

This system has worked without a nitch for nearly four years. I do not begrudge the Post Office the small credit balance I have accumulated. Yours faithfully. I. T. COLLINSON, 15 Quakers Hall Lane, Sevenoaks,

November 27.

## High interest rates From Mr Gregory Macdonald Bills dated August 7. 0.073%

Sir, Perhaps you will allow a foomote of at least nostalgic interest to the discussion of the highest interest rates in our modern financial history? For a few years before the last war both the American and the both the American and the British governments were able to borrow in the money markets at rates which reduced the leaders to the position of account-This was the successful period of Roosevelt's New Deal

period of Roosevelt's New Deal when, the average wholesale price index being more or less stabilized, deposits were piling up in the banks and there was a fall in commercial borrowing, lasistent government borrowing, with little competition, forced down the rates. In September 1925 the builterin of the 1935, the builtin of the National City Bank of New York showed the following rates of interest on American shori-term Treasury Bills during

rities bearing 1 per cent nominal interest, except in the form of Treasury Bills." As we have seen, the Treasury Bill rate was even lower.

Yours faithfully, GREGORY MACDONALD, Wimbledon SW20.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

# Private health penalties

From Captain D. G. Goodwin Sir, Mr Knott (Business News letters, November 21) is not alone in feeling aggrieved at Bupa's latest policy of penalizing the over-65s. When I was faced with this situation earlier this year I could hardly believe it; I genuinely thought there was some mistake.

I pointed out to Bupa that its policy meant, in effect, that we older subscribers were now subsidizing the newcomers for whose custom Bupa was angling; that our generation had, over many past years when we were younger and had minimal claims, been cheerfully "sub-sidizing" the older subscribers claims; and that it was unfair that now that we had "served our term" we should suffer

for our custom at our age. No healthy young people be able doubt it reckons that it will to fund the advertised benefits

Sharing the cost of

docks redundancies

own advantageous new scheme than it will lose in the over-65s who have to leave. One can only admire Bupa's bard comdened by its sense of moral CAPTAIN D. G. GOODWIN,

Hampshire. From Mr J. H. M. Weston

the tables being turned on us interruption, as a protection so blatantly.

But Bupa does not wish to see it that way. It knows that we are inevitably captives; no one else is going to compete by receiving subscriptions from for our custom at our age. No healthy young people be able doubt it reckons that it will the fund the advanced beautiful.

treatment for men who are no

lifetime of service in the industry.
But the problem is common to all the major ports and if the

inequitable.

Service to

of Directors

From the Director General of the Institute of Directors

Sir, It would be inappropriate

for me to comment on your

report in the Business Diary on

Friday, November 30, of the events in the institute preced-

ing my term of office as Direc-tor General, However, I do wish

to comment on your statement that "the effect of sympathy for the last Director General eventually resulted in Randolph's

departure". This is not correct.
Mr Randolph agreed in 1976
to serve a three-year term of

office as chairmen, which ended in September, 1979. I was delighted that on the conclu-sion of Mr Randolph's pre-

determined period of office the Council of the Institute recog-

nized his service by appointing him as a vice-president.

Mr Randolph has therefore not "departed" from the institute and, in addition to being

a vice-president, he continues as chairman of our important

European and International Committee.

In this country Treasury bor

rowing was being carried on at the low race of 10s 6d per £100.

In January of that year it fell to 3s 10d.

On December 2, 1935, the

Government invited applica-tions for £100,000,000 in 1 per

cent Treasury Bonds 1939-41 at

98 per cent. Keesing's Contem-

porary Archives commented on that item: "This is the first time in the financial history of

the United Kingdom that the

Treasury has borrowed on secu-

WALTER GOLDSMITH,

Director General, Institute of Directors,

Institute

Sir, I sympathize very much with Mr R. D. Knott in his predicament as a Bupa sub-scriber. I joined the other similar large organization, now known as Private Patients' Plan (PPP), when in my thirties shortly after the war. I regarded my membership, which has continued without

gain more recruits under its for members as they

was shocked a few years ago PPP informed m: that a: reached a certain age ti of my subscription woul to be increased solely b of my age. The reasons were very similar to the to Mr Knott, i.e. that if and incidence of increases with the age subscriber '

I should have though would have hoped th-organizers of Bupa an would have taken into a erhemes were launched. Fortunately I have r company that, as the rist death at 69 is consi greater than it was when out my policy at 3 premium will be increa Gosfield Hall.

## Interest on ca tied up in that there should be generous

house purcha Sir, In your issue of No 24, the "Readers' I column begins with an about entitlement to against a solicitor as a of the delayed completi-patrichaser purchaser.

Government are to make cen-tral funds available towards its The advice given, quite printely, is to refer the so the society's Guide to fessional Conduct of So. solution then it should do so to all ports which need them. Any system by which all ports except one are expected to contribute 100 per cent of the costs while the remaining port conrestorate conduct of so-but states as though it fact that "you should interest reimbursed by solicitor". The reference tributes nothing is unjust and guide is to the So Accounts (Deposit L SIR ARTHUR PETERSON Chairman, Mersey Docks and Rules, having statutory ity, which provide for or its equivalent to b where "having regard in circumstances (including amount and the length for which the money is like held) interest ought ness to the client to be for him ".

Because of the neces stances in order to de what fairness requires, clearly not be in ever of delayed completion 1 client will be entitled t est on the purchase mor On the occasions wi On the occasions with contractual date for contactual date for contactual more than not be the case to possibility of completing examined from day to the item of the completion would take within a substantial would be impractical to would be impractical t

to earn interest.
The above-mentioned adjudicate on a dispute solicitor and client in stances such as these w MALCOLM C. LEAF, Secretary, Non-Contentious Busine

Non-Contennous busines The Law Society's Hall, 113 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1PL. November 26.

## Currency

costs From Mr David Anders

Sir, I would like to suggestion to Mr R. B (Letters, November 22 ence his currency word Instead of posting his French francs or pay small fees necessary to the francs to sterling a sending a draft to Fr pay the deposit for his accommodation next suggest he should use to purchase the require for his deposit and k French notes for use holiday. In this way he can l

costs to the minimum must accept that rates fluctuate. DAVID ANDERSEN. Thomas Cook Limited Thorpe Wood, Peterborough PE8 6SB. November 27.

# Obstacles facing inventors

From Mr. M. E. A. Passmore Sir, The leaders of government and industry, are constantly emphasizing the importance of inventions to our technological survival, but the departments responsible for nuturing new ideas, including the Notional ideas, including the National Research Development Council prevent private inventors from developing new enterprise by withholding finance at every

step of the way.

Private inventors are constantly paying to file patents with the petent office, after which process there are annual maintenance fees. They also have to meet the expense of all the research work necessary to turn the idea into a saleable commodity.

In these days of high cost

borrowing the private inventor. cannot carry out a research and development programme without outside funding. No company will take up the work without credible evidence of research. Withour an income from his work the inventor will be mable to maintain his patents and they will lapse. Once unprotected the pirates can move in and use his work simply by purchasing a copy of his patents from the Stationery Office for a small fee.

not intended to work in the following way but we now have the ingredients for a public fraud and scandal.

1. The leaders of government and industry constantly asking for new ideas.

2. Private inventors diagramly filing new ideas with the
comparoller of patents and in
due course failing to maintain
them through lack of support
the NRDC and governthe NRDC and governsystem has tremendous ment departments. 3. In effect the patent office

can be wrongly used as a bank of ideas which can be drawn on without a penny of royalry being paid to the inventor, thereby saving a company con-siderable sums of money which would otherwise be the income of the inventor.

At present, ideas which spring from the universities or research departments in in-dustry are funded by government or industry as part of a programme and are the property of either government or industry, depending on where they were initiated. Private inventors year, results are ventors very rarely receive help and when they are offered finance it is invariably on the condition that the inventor signs away his right to control his creations.

As a private inventor myself, with patents in the United Kingdom, the United States and elsewhere, I would like to see a campaign aimed at the heart of the problems outlined above. The public is enritled to know what is happening to the

used to help the privat

tial, one doctor going s to say that a system mine would allow built which would save a resources and give tural freedoms not po:

Yet I have spent i In get my ideas prope tions are still neither nor disproved by an Requests have been through my MP and no avail. I have now. the point where I longer maintain my par-I would like to see deal worked out for Pr ventors, as my story which is repeated a times over in all part country.
Yours faithfully, M. E. A. PASSMORE,

Chiseldon, Wilishire SN4 ONA.

### same reasoning applies to the present technological depen-dence of Europe-which is ciency of cigarette packing. The work has been sponsored by the tobacco machinery division of closely related to information Molins The Communuity's balance of The company has applied for payments deficit for informafour patents to cover innova-tive aspects of the work. The new web machine operates automatically and continuously for Technology News an eight-hour shift, feeding the packaging machine with metal setting target.

tion services stock at \$1.900m five years ago. It has now reached \$2,000m. "We simply must reverse this trend and regain some of the ground lost". Dr Ander a says. the mid-1980s, at least

dependence.

500 new databases and valueadded services should by created in the Community countries. The French alone aim to create 50 new databases by The bulk of the new databases and related equip-ment, Dr Auderia suggests, hould be set up and operated by the private sector.

Academic link with industry

The value of industrial' academic collaboration in design and development has been well demonstrated in recent projects at Surrey University and the postgraduate Cranfield Institute of Technology. One

The European Commission is digitalized, integrated networks has produced a specialized to provide financial support for of the future operating in machine for cigarette packing, the setting-up of detabases and Europe wil ibecome mere physical the other a new type of air filcal extensions of the United ter for use in power stations, States networks and the traffic chemical works and other inwill forever be predominantly dustrial plant. At Cranfield, 11 MSc stu-

one-way'.

The oil crisis is a remainder of the dangers of excessive de-pendence on foreign suppliers, Dr Anderla points out, and the macrines and systems have designificantly the speed and effi-

foil or Cellophane. Preciously, about 20 stoppages per shift were needed to load fresh reeis

Now, up to 30 reels can be loaded at the start of a shift and the machine then runs automatically, detecting the firmsh of one reel, accelerating the next up to speed and then joining the leading edge of one to the trailing edge of the

At the University of Surrey at Guidford, the filter project has involved an inventor, the university, the National Research Development Corporation and an industrial company. Mr Derek Purchas, a consultant chamical engineer conceived chemical engineer, conceived the idea; with NRDC suport he did small-scale development work in the chemical engineering department at Surrey.

This was followed by a three-year postgraduate re-search project, also NRDC-backed, at the university; and national market.



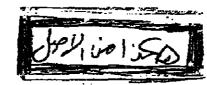
the adoption of the concept by

Begg, Cousland and Company of Glasgow. Conventional industrial air filters work rather like a vacuum cleaner in reverse: dust-laden air is fed into a chamber containing filter bags, and at intervals the autilow is stopped and the coating of dust on the bags is removed by mechanical shaking or by reversing the airflow. The new system, known as

Becodex, employs a compact stack of sloping, shalow filter boxes. Dust is removed by high-frequency, small amplitude vibration, giving more effective cleaning and causing less damage to the filter material.

Efficiency, compactness and design flexibility of the new process were confirmed in a prototype built by Begg, Cousland, and the device has now been launched on the inter-





## BY THE FINANCIAL EDITOR

# Speculators in gold

i continues to delight its supporters. r nudging record levels yesterday, it ed at \$432.25, up \$16.50 over the week-Many of the metal's advocates expect price to reach \$500 before the end of the

teir thinking is familiar. Chaos in Iran, the danger of repercussions elsewhere te Middle East, a sharp oil price rise in the month, persistent currency bility, particularly in the dollar, are ved to demonstrate gold's attractiveness

t not everyone in the market shares iew. There is a contrary argument that is fundamentally overvalued and that ent price rises are caused by speculation lew big investors.

normal times, fabricators account for of demand. Of total gold supply in of 1,741 tons, manufacturers took 1,552

t fabricators have almost left the conorary market, preferring to use up s. At the same time, dealers report y interest in coins and small gold bars, h not enough significantly to move

s, then, is almost wholly a speculators' et. But it only needs a few of them in ket as volatile as the present one to ate sharp swings in the price. And as as these major buyers are pessimistic will go on forcing the price up,

ctary policy

## ubts in ... erica

ican economists meanwhile have begun restion whether the apparent policy val implicit in the Volcker package of er 6 is quite as revolutionary as it ly seemed. On the face of it, the ge suggested a fundamental change in

d States monetary management. Federal Reserve Boards appeared to abandoned any attempt at controlling st rates. Or had it? Now that the es of the crucial Federal Open Marcommittee meeting which determined ickage have been published, it is far clear that the Fed has, after all, ed its strategy in quite such a radical

old policy was to determine what of interest rates was compatible with sired rate of monetary growth and o supply the market with the necesank reserves to sustain that level of it rates. The key Federal funds rate raised or lowered depending on er the monetary aggregates were r undershooting targets.

ker appeared to have thrown all way. The new policy was to deter-what volume of bank reserves was tible with the monetary objectives ten to supply that level of reserves. st rates would be left to sort themout on the basis of the resultant t forces. United States economists delighted and the dollar duly

it appears that one of the Fed's ons was simply to administer a sharp tne marke of dampendit demand and slowing the economy. emphasis on reserve control was meant to be as rigorous as the mar-lieved. The rejuctance of the Fed to that measure of reserves it is watchst closely is being taken as confirmathis. Moreover, now that two months lapsed since the package it can be that monetary growth, although ting, is by no means in a vicious a. And Mr Volcker's indication that ery policy might be relaxed to acdate further oil price increases is more questions about how committed t money the authorities really are.

## industries

## tical ities

Association has just produced on counting policies of the nationalized ies is a very odd document. It comin about equal proportions, City m and consumerist fervour; and the sult is on the one hand a damning ient of past and present inconsist-in the public sector; and on the a programme for amendment which to put it mildly, to be politically Still, out of the mouths of babes

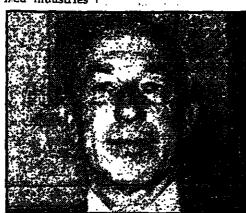
ie ways the report which the Con-

of the mouth of this particular

suckling, in the formidable person of Mr Martin Gibbs of Phillips and Drew, comes a survey of the accounting policies of eight nationalized industries which indicates: first, that in the amount of information disclosed, the accounts of nationalized industries are no worse, and in some respects much better, than their counterparts in the private sector; second, that they have been changed at exceedingly frequent intervals changed at exceedingly frequent intervals in recent years, but almost always in ways quite acceptable under the accounting practices then current; third, that those changes (which centre on depreciation policy and adjustments for inflation) have very frequently had the effect of smoothing down excessive returns on the one hand and holstering up insidequate returns. hand, and boistering up inadequate returns on the other; and fourth, that returns in general, on both historic cost and inflationadjusted bases, have been pathetic in comparison with those of the private sector.

There are problems to the findings contained in the report, on content and intent. For content there is the fact that, as the authors of the report themselves admit, true comparability is impossible to achieve

For example, attempts to adduce CCA figures for the eight industries concerned are hampered by the subjective element in the CCA approach. More serious in the end, however, is the fact that the report's principal recommendation—that the nationalized industries should lead the way in the introduction of CCA, in the interests of compar ability-as almost certain to founder. There are too many political factors involved in the presentation of the profits of national-



Debenhams, whose chief executive and chairman-designate is Mr Robert Thornton (above), had reduced gearing to around a third at the last balance sheet, and the position has apparently remained stable

Nevertheless, an uncomfortable slice of Debenhams's debt is short-term. Hence part of the reason for the sale of the Caters supermarket business to Cavenham which will yield some £14.5m, and the negotiations to sell the Harvey Nicholls site in Knights-. bridge which could well bring in over £20m. These two together would reduce unsecured borrowings, which stood at £51m at the last balance sheet, by two thirds—and there is a trading point, too, since Caters is losing money (although Debenhams won't say how much) at the hands of the large price-cutters

## Bad for the sector

Ladbroke's failure at appeal to retain its London casino licences marks the fall from grace of a company which only a year ago was being referred to as the leisure sector's blue chip "

On a straight forward valuation Ladbroke's shares are arguably relatively cheap. Helped by current year casino profits, this year's pre-tax profit could be about £48m. Next year profits from property, bookmak-ing, and other operations could range from about £25m to £30m

This would point to a p/e ratio of only around 5 and maintainable yield of over 12

These calculations, however, are unlikely to staunch selling pressure, particularly from institutional fund managers, in the face of what amounts to a loss of credibility. What is more, the court decision has (justifiably or not) cast the whole gambling ector back into its old role as the somewhat tainted stockmarket sector with lowquality earnings. This must remain the case until the issues involving Coral Leisure are resolved and the Gaming Board makes its intentions clear with regard to the future structure of the gambling industry through-

## Hugh Stephenson

# Siren song that should be ignored

Last week in Brussels, Lord Carrington made a speech by way of setting the general pro-European context in which the Prime Minister's distinctly anti-European tactics for the then coming Dublin summit should be put In the course of it he made some strikingly positive moises about British participa-

positive mises about British participation in the European Monetary System, which in January will celebrane its first birthday in its present incarnation.

We intend to join the EMS as soon as conditions permit and as soon as the implications for sterling of being a petro-currency are clear, he said. The clear implication was that we are now closer than ever to joining the system. Conventionally speaking, it has in the past been for Chancellors of the Exchequer to make important statements about exchange rate policy. The fact that the Foreign Secretary should thus venture into this field should, therefore, be taken as evidence that something is afoot; or at least that the Foreign Office has recovered its nerve about policy in this area after its advice was comprehensively rejected this time last year, when Mr Callaghan declined to join the EMS party.

As an ex-diplomer no one has greater admiration than I for the skill and professional quality of the Foreign Office. The European Monetary System, how-

blind spot so far as that organization is concerned.

No one is in favour of unnecessardemarcation disputes. There is doubtless a case for Sir Geoffrey Howe making speeches about industrial relations as well as Mr Jim Prior. But the exchange rate is one area where the Cabinet would do best to heed the advice of the Treasury and the Eank of England.

Treasury and the Eark of England.

Politicians and diplomats connected with Europe have had the EMS blindspot ever since the EEC summit meeting at The Hague in 1969 with Chancellor Brandt in the chair. The notion has been that, since it proves difficult to advance the Community beyond being a mere common market in difficult areas like foreign policy, the EEC Parliament, defence, pollution the EEC Parliament, defence, pollution counts, energy policy and the like, the clever, easy way forward is to make a leap in the dark rowards monetary

The fact is somehow ignored that The fact is somehow ignored that time and again it has been proved that monetary union, if it is to work, requires a degree of diminution of national sovereignty that is quite unacceptable politically. Why foreign offices should think that governments are presented to reduce their control. are prepared to reduce their control over their own economies in these important areas when they are not

powers to an elected European Parliament is genuinely perplexing. Of late the argument has been

advanced that in its first year the EMS has not done as badly as sceptics predicted. The argument is a little less

strong since the devaluation of the Danish krone last week.

But, in any case, it is rather like saying that it pair of Siamese twins have done much better in their first year than anyone expected. That is to say, it is true in so far as it goes, but not much further.

The degree leaves in the Experient

The danger larent in the Foreign Secretary's speech is that between now and the next EEC summit in February the subject of our entry into the EMS will become a negotiating token to be placed alongside and traded with items like offset for the foreign exchange costs of the British Army on the Rhine, French concessions on sheepmeat British concessions an fishing policy. It is the trabit in the chanceries of Europe for these and other like issues to be put on one list for the great horse-trading session.

Mrs Thatcher is clearly determined to reduce our net EEC budget contribution of some £1,000m. It might be tempting to some to see the damage that the process of this negotiation will undoubtedly do to our relations with

other EEC members being sweetened by a promise to join the EMS. It would be an odd conjuncture.

Odder still for a government as strongly committed as this one to a policy of monetarism in one country. For all the lessons of the period since Mr Barber was Chancellor and floated the pound out of the then EMS experiment, are that a rigid domestic policy for control of the money supply cannot long be combined with a fixed

exchange rate.

In phases where the pound is strong there comes the point where the sale of sterling by the Bank of England to hold the currency down in line with its fixed parity causes the domestic money

fixed parity causes the domestic money supply to expand out of control.

It this is what Lord Carrington understands by his reference to the implications of sterling being a petrocurrency, then his reservation is sufficient to ensure that we shall not join the EMS in the foreseeable future. This, however, was not the impression that he left with his audience.

Mrs Thatcher's government is determined to bring inflation under control by making the pound a strong currency

by making the pound a strong currency supported as long as necessary by high interest rates. So long as that battle is in progress she would he most unwise to heed the siren voices of the

# Keynesians and monetarists-are they really poles apart?

The monetarists are having a field day. In country after country, the Chancellor of the Exchequer: (or his equivalent) seems to be jumping up and de-claring to the world his complete and recent conversion to the monetarist faith.

the monetarist tanth.

It would all be more convincing if people in similar positions had not agreed that "we are all Keynesians now" some two decades ago. The situation is not so simple as it would appear, and there seems a good chance that the baby (growth) is being thrown out (growth) is being thrown out with the Keynesian bathwater.

The monetarist statement, that increases in the money supply are "everywhere and always" at the root of the inflationary process, seems to ignore the possibility that such

money supply increases may sometimes also be at the root of economic growth.

In Japan, for instance, one index of the money supply increased by almost 18 per cent in 1973, nominal gross national product (GNP) increased by 16.4 per cent and real GNP by 10.7 per cent. Japan experi-10.7 per cent and read GNF by
10.7 per cent. Japan experienced only a 5.5 per cent
rise in the consumer price index in 1973 — and the increase
in money supply, therefore,
produced more growth than inflation

Britain (assuming some occurs)
will be a small fraction of this etail price index inflation rate. then are not the Keynesians the Similar increases in money more correct?

supply may well lead to a greatly different growth and inflation outcome: to explain this, by assuming different underlying trend improvements in national economic growth rates, ignores the challenge of attempting to understand what is actually sping on is actually going oc.

Both Keynesians and moneta-rists believe that the money supply is important, but they hold this belief for different reasons. Keynesians generally believe that a high rate of increase in money supply will drive interest rates down, producing an investment boom and subsequent growth.

Monetarists, on the other hand, believe that a high rate of increase of money supply will only spur demand and stoke inflation.

## Extremes

Keynes, in his "Law of Effec-rive Demand", postulated that increased demand (at least in the depression situation which was his touchstone) would create its own supply; the lead-ing monetarist Friedman seems to go the opposite extreme, postulating that increases in demand are wholly inflationary. But does it not depend on circumstances? Does it not The money supply in Britain circumstances: Does it not sibly increase by 18 per cent or so in 1979, but you may safely bet your rapidly depreciating money supply? If the banking pound that economic growth in system is organized to extend credit increases in increase in credit increases in credit increases in credit increases in credit increases in increases in credit increases in increase in credit increases to industry as investment credit, as in Japan,

mer credit. the purchase of pre-existing assets (via say paper sales to pension funds on the secondary stock market; and short-term industrial finance, as in Britain, then are not the monetarists the more

If the financial system is organized to supply a great deal of cheap long-term industrial investment credit, then a country receives higher investment and growth when money supply expands.

On the other hand, if the financial system channels most of carriers finances most of carriers finances.

of savings finance to short-term consumption, then more inflation seems inherently likely. You prints your money and you gets no choice, but you

and you gets no choice, but you do get the result your financial system is organized to produce.

By taking into account the aperation of the credit system it is possible to develop a general theory of money, growth and inflation, within which keynesiantism and mone-tarism are but they extreme and tarism are but two extreme and special cases. It is not surprising that this can be done, but it surprises us that it has not apparently been done before. Within that theory there are

some clever variations of the system. In Japan, for instance, virtually unlimited industrial funds are available at an average repayment rate equal to the

system principally channels new total real deposits. This solves funds to housing loans, consumany problems, for if the public

many problems, for if the public are not the original source of funds then they cannot so easily cause a liquidity crisis by taking their money out of the banks.

Since the Bank of Japan (except in 1973) keeps the interest rate nearly equal to the inflation rate, it has to supply funds to meet the demand for them. Businessmen, for their part, discover two things: first. part, discover two things; first, that borrowed money is a counterpart of real resources because the consequence of the equality of the interest rate and the inflation rate is that the

annual repayment is equal to the fall in the value of the borrowed money and the real value of the borrowed money is ultimately repaid.

excess of the amount borrowed, and second, there are many opportunities for making money on projects earning a cash-flow over the interest rate of (say) 10 per cent pa.

Meanwhile, in Britain, busi-

Cash flow

So businessmen do not find it advantageous to borrow unless

nessmen discover they cannot make money on bank loans averaging about two years duration at (say) 17 per cent. Few projects earn the repayment rash-flow of over 60 per cent

ance, only a shortage of viable projects." (Why not loan the funds for 24 hours? Then there would be no loan-funded viable investment projects in Britain and an even bigger surplus of

Also in Britain, the rule of monetarism—an inverse Keynesian demand management attempting to hold demand down (via money supply restrictions) to the level of output—is applied to an industrially collapsing economy. British politicians and economists seemed to have jumped from the demand management into the monetarist fire of money supply control.

The former theory expanded demand, the latter theory limits demand, but neither assiss growth by a great deal. A policy of supply expansion and the cheapening of investment credit seems not to be considered, for the British do not appear to understand their economic situa-

Yet a better economic under standing may come, albeit slowly. Britain need not de-cline; the remedy seems obvious, and truth, however often turned away, will ulti-mately triumph. For it is results that count, and there will be no industrial revival in Britain unless cheap investment funds are made available to fuel growth.

Ĉ. John C. Carrington and Ĝeorge T. Edwards, 1979. interest rate.

The Bank of Japan "supports" investment credit banks by giving them money to lend and by discounting loan bonds, so the big banks "overloan", no shortage of investment fin.

projects with the temporation of the cash-flow of over 60 per cent cash-flow of over 6

# Flying the flag at Mossmorran

After two years of frustrating although orders probably will delays, which are estimated to have cost about £25m, work on Esso Chemical's £300m ethylene Harry Hornsby, director cracker at Mossmortan, Fife, has begun in earnest.

Although the project requires final shareholder approval and is stil lthe subject of a planning appeal, Esso Chemical is sufficiently confident of the outcome to have awarded a contract for detailed design. This tract for detailed design. This will involve the expenditure of between £2m and £3m over the

next couple of years.
For Esso, the 500,000-tonnesa-year plant represents a plat-form from which to expand business on the Continent.

But the project is also vitally important for Britain's hard-pressed heavy plant manufac-turers. The Process Plant Association believes that, ultimately, investment at Moss-morran wil be more than £1,000m.

Industry leaders have been lobbying government to ensure that the lion's share of the work goes to British manufacturers,

Harry Hornsby, director general of the Process Plant Association, says that the industry is determined that work should not go to foreign com-petitors offering to work at "unrealistic, knock-down

So far, only a small proportion of orders, for equipment on the gas separation plant elsewhere on the site, have been placed. Of these, it is under-stood, less than two-thirds had gone to British manufacturers, a proportion which Mr Hornsby says is "less than adequate'. Mr Horusby and his colleagues, after preliminary talks with Department of Industry officials, hope to meet Sir Keith Joseph, Secretary of State for industry, fater this month. They will tell him that what they want is no "protectionism", but a "more nationalistic approach" by British-based buyers when ordering equip-

## John Huxley

Plant fabricators are particularly auxious to pick up ork at Messmerran. A lack of new orders over the past two years has led to a reduction of about 27 per cent in the industry's workforce. Over the same period the rate of new orders won has dropped from £100m.

Mr Hornsby will tell Sir Keith that new orders are needed now if the industry is to bridge the gap and remain intact until the expected up-surge of capital investment in the 1980s and 1990s.

"It is known, for example, that as supplies of North Sea gas begin to run down in the 1990s there will be a need to build large-scale plant in the United Kingdom to make syn-thetic natural gas", says Mr Hornsby. "Il seems likely that there will be a need for some

larger units would at 10day's prices involve investment of sombe £500m each."

quate heavy engineering resources to supply these plants in the future."

Government officials tend to

years, despite decline in orders.

because of increased competi-tion from overseas, including developing countries, where wages and material costs are lower, British suppliers would have to accept change and incorporate advanced tech-pology if they wished to prosper. prosper.

How British manufacturers

example, is less clear to Government officials. An audacious suggestion that the granting of government sid [£60m in the case of Mossmorran] should be made conditional and the case of model of the case of Mossmorran control of the case of Mossmorran case of the case of Mossmorran case of the c

with its chosen designer—and almost certainly main contractor-Lummus, comes to order equipment, it will on so and delivery, company source:

salesmanship must be directed towards showing that it can produce the right goods, on time and at the right price.

# Business Diary: Ergo-an Irish wheel • England the brave

ou heard that the Irish einvented the wheel? thange, this is no joke, American Express n has been noin ed enough to award a prize to the

Irishmen-two accountcivil engineer and a have taken the top n the British Junior r of Commerce export competition, sponby American Express. roduct is a new type of trolley wheel whose bend to absorb bumps

1, says it is "the biggest rough" in wheel design ong time. The product. called Ergo-wheel, has ar applications for hosrolleys and there are ities for use in airports ermarkers. group claims that to

McKormick, the market-

e same smoothness of prolley would have to be d with more expensive esuspension or pneuma-

ell as the cash prize, the low has the opportunity priate with American for the use of up to in long-term capital or to exploit their inven-ness company is planned the are high bopes for he wheel in Europe and ted States.

Where were you at precisely 8.45 am, 21 years ago today. Well, if you lived in London you would, if you had any sense, still be in bed reading The Times. There was an absolute stinker of a fog outside, which those of you with memories which stretch back that far will remember made getting to work a virtual impossibility.

But some men are made of the strength of those present services to the positions of those present services to the product of the product of those present services to the product of those present services to the product of those present services to the positions of those present services to the product of the present services to the product of the product of the present services to the product of the

But some men are made of sterner stuff. One such was Glyn England, now chairman of the Central Electricity Generating Board, but in those days the head of a small group in the board which studied environmental problems.

According to an article in the forthcoming edition of Clean Air—clearly a magazine which will become essential reading for contemporary historians—Mr England was taking off in a Dakota aircraft to undertake some observations for a clean air project.

I can only say that if I had been Mr England I would have made a bee-line for home as soon as I heard the name of the man who was to be flying the plane—the only aircraft incidentally to take off or land at London airport that day.

I mean . How would you like to fly off into a pea-souper with a man called Captain with a Hazard?

Taking the biscuit vesterday Sir Rector Laing with the as Hambro Businessman of the Hambro Businessman of the Year was Sir Rector Laing. Year tropby yesterday.

for general services to the business community and the country, over an indefinite period, most of those present at the award luncheon will have been aware of Sir Hector's longly expense on secondary lonely stance on secondary picketing last spring. He was the first employer to take out an injunction against pickets



"as a blow for freedom and sanity". Like his chivalrous namesake Sir Hector is prepared to fight for the causes be believes in; one of them is management discipline and leadership. He continued this theme in his acceptance speech at the presentation lunch saving that "one of management's most urgent tasks is to change attitudes to the creation of wealth." fight for the causes he believes

A firm believer in employee share-ownership schemes, Sir Hector said he would like to see the principle extended to enfranchising workers who do not wish to buy shares so that they become involved in some of the responsibilities carried only by shareholders.

 Transcendental meditation strikes again. Seven industrial managers and technologists are learning about it this week in a bid to combat the effects of stress at work. Each day of a week-long course being organized by the Cranfield Institute of Technology, dele-gates will have a special TM session and attend a one-day conference on Thursday at add to the embarrassment some Cranfield and Mentmore senior bankers in Lothbury feel Towers, headquarters of the about it. Maharishi European Research

University.

As Cranfield puts n, individuals are the "intervening variables" between whatever

during the lorry driver's strike and TM is seen as a practical "as a blow for freedom and way of helping people to cope way of helping people to cope with the turmoil of their working lives.

In my case what causes stress

is hearing academics use jurgon like "intervening variables". Perhaps I need a course in TM. • National Westminster staff. looking forward to moving into their new home, in the shiny tower dominating the City sky-

line at Bishopsgate, will have to wait a little longer. There have been pickets outside the site for the past month as a result of an electrical subcontractors' dispute. But the principal problems lie with the contractors Mowlem who can still not provide a date for handing the building over.

NatWest had been hoping to start moving its fast expanding international banking division sometime this year according to chairman Robin Leigh-Pemberton writing in last year's annual report.

Through thick and thin the bank has insisted that the tower has been worth every penny of the £100m it has cost. But the latest delays are only going to

1 hear that there is growing speculation among Eurocrats over the future of Jack Peel, variables" between whatever the ever youthful former causes stress and stress diseases general secretary of the

National Union of Dyers Bleachers and Textile Workers Peel, whose right-wing views precipitated his fall from his seat on the TUC general council at a time when the brothers were displaying distinctly left-wing tendencies, found a niche for himself in Brussels. He created a considerable impression with his sartorial elegance (as befits a

Lextile worker)
He joined the Commission a director of industrial relations but it now appears he has become an adviser in the same area-a sideways move seen by Commission watchers as a likely preliminary to a job outside the Commission. A consultancy job perhaps?

Industrial disputes have side

effects these days that reach the farthest corners. When a colleague urgently wanted a 2p piece to telephone home from his local railway station yesternis local raiway station yester-day he was confronted with a notice in the ticket office saying that coins were not being changed for this purpose hecause of a "national short-age". The Royal Mint con-firmed that it is still trying to catch up with demand after the disruptions to coin production caused by the public employees pay dispute this summer. My colleague says he hopes his wife

Malcolm Brown

20 plants over a period of 10 can be assisted in winning to 15 years with a capacity of orders at Mossmoran, for 6,000 to 12,000 tons a day. The

"As indigenous oil and gas supplies dwindle, there will also be an even greater need for regular and planned development of nuclear-fuelled electricity generation. We must, therefore, ensure that Britain maintains and develops ade-

share this view of the country's long-term plant needs. A recent study" by the Process Plant Economic Development Committee concluded that large amounts of process plant would be bought over the next 20 despite the present But the report warned that because of increased competi-

ditional on buyers giving orders to British companies has seen promptly — and rightly — rejected, as being contrary to the Treaty of Rome More subtle forms of pressure are available to ministers, but they would prefer to see British companies win orders on merit. When Esso, in conjunction

on the criteria of price, quality So whatever the outcome of its discussions with Sir Kenth, the industry recognizes that its

Technology prospects in the process industries, available (free) from NEDO, Millbank Tower, Millbank, London. SWIP 4QX.

## **BREMNER & COMPANY LIMITED**

General Warehousemen

STATEMENT FOR HALF YEAR TO 31ST JULY, 1979 The Directors have declared an Interim Dividend of 1.15 pence per share. This dividend will be paid on 24th January. 1980, to shareholders on the Register of Members. at 21st December, 1979.

The results for the Half Year to 21st July, 1979, based on unaudited Accounts are :-

1973 £149,888 £159,500 Trading Profit ..... 42,520 Add: Interest Received .... 67,887 PROFIT before Taxation .... E217.775 £202,020 110,637 82,126 Deduct: Taxation ..... £107,138 £119,894 NET PROFIT: after Taxation Less: Interim Dividend .... 63,480 60,720 £43,658 £59,174

The Tax charge for the current half year is calculated at 52% (1978—52%) and the provision shown is the total estimated tax liability of the Company.

Advance Corporation Tax paid is £73,217 (1978— £76,126). Turnover for the half year under review showed an increase from the corresponding period last year, taking into account the rate of inflation then pertaining. The increased interest received reflects the higher interest rates existing during the period.

The result for the full year will again depend on the important Christmas trading period,

BREMNER & COMPANY LIMITED 44 Glassford Street, Glasgow G1 1UW onstr

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Stock markets

# Only gold shares stand out in cheerless day

three-week account got off to a slow start on the stock market yesterday, curbed by problems on the industrial front.

Dealers reported that business in equities remained quiet. The wage battle between the miners and the National Coal Board deterred investors and weekend reports of further

Ranks Hovis McDougall report today annual figures. At half-time last May, the group expected a second-half down-turn. However, bread prices rose in the wake of the ory Tory election victory and there have been no strikes. Market expectations of £30m for the year against £31.1m could be too cautious. Some say Ranks made £31m and perhaps usefully more. The usual uncertainties apart, Ranks seems poised for a surge to £40m or more this year. The shares are

tough action by the Government to control inflation did nothing to help. Only gold shares managed to maintain their ascent, helped by the worsening situation in the Middle East and a bullish circular from Sheppards & Chase that pointed to gold remaining a firm spot next year. The brokers foresee nearly \$500 against last night's figure

Little activity was reported in gilts early on, although some demand was experienced later following a better-than-expected

close slightly off the bottom. Unilever was 6p lower at 458p,

Unitever was op lower at 4350, while losses of 3p were registered in ICI at 355p, Pilkington Bros (reporting this week) at 248p. Fisons dipped 2p to 232p and Courtaulds shed a penny to 78p. Beecham were unchanged to 132p. here Clarac continued to at 120p, but Glaxo continued to ride against the trend rising 2p to 418p.
Gold shares remained bouyant

as the bullion price continued to rise an dthe gold mines' index rose 4.2 to 238.5.

rose 4.2 to 238.5.
St Helena gained \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$27\frac{1}{2}\$ and Kloof put on \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$22\frac{1}{2}\$.
Western Holdings was \$\frac{1}{2}\$ stronger at \$44\frac{1}{4}\$, while elsewhere in mines, Consolidated Gold Fields recouped 3p of Friday's fall at 339p.

Among companies reporting, Giltspur fell 6p to 70p, with interim profits below expecta-tions, and Matthew Hall, with a reduction in trading profit, slipped 4p to 151p. W. E. Norton was 3p easier at 15p and Bremner retreated 2p to 56p.

performance in the Whilesale Prices Index.

By the close, longs were mostly unchanged, while shorts

Weekend comment knocked on the improved terms from S. & W. Berisford 11p to 156p, David Dixon which fell 6p to but it was good for an 8p rise 110p. Shares in Whessee were suspended at 140p pending a

cent, 1985, at 1984.

al After opening 0.5 down, the After opening 0.5 down, the FT Index fell to its lowest point of the day of 2.6 at mid-day, before closing 2.2 down at 418.5.

Leading industrials were slightly lower, through lack of interest, although a better performance after-house colors. to 27p.

News that Ladbroke had falled in its appeal to win back its gaming licence left the

shares 3p easier at 139p, but Coral Leisure seemed unperturbed, rising 2p to 62p. turbed, rising 2p to 62p.

The failure of the London conference to gain a ceasefire in Rhodesian, left Rhodesian bonds looking weaker, with losses of £5 in Southern Rhodesia 2½ per cent, 65-70, at £112. Southern Rhodesia 4½ per cent at £95 and Southern Rhodesia 6 per cent at £139.

On the bid front Montfort (Knitting) improved 6p to 89p

suspended at 140p pending a further announcement, with shareholders wondering if this could finally be the news that

Rothschild Investment Trust has sufficient faith in Leo Group to buy a further 18,000 shares. This brings its total holding up to 1,451,492 shares or 20.7 per cent of the group. RIT can now consolidate Lep profits. The news at half-time was that profits in the first six months had grown usefully (from £1.95m to £2.44m) and that since then business had heen satisfactory. The shares are 260p.

Costain 2p down at 142p is now ready to make a bid. However, some observers do not rule out £112. Southern Rhodesia 4½ per cent at £95 and Southern Rhodesia 6 per cent at £139.

On the bid front Montfort in some circles. EMI shed 2p to 131p but Thorn improved by

was a penny firmer at 340p but.
Averys remained unchanged at
261p. Dawnay Day continued
t close ground sliding ip to 51p
following the lack of faith in
Bettaman American inclammed at Britannia Arrow, unchanged at 194p, to make a counter to the unconditional bid from Rothschild of 60p.

child of 60p.

Racal proved to be a nervous feature of the electrical sector, falling 5p to 219p ahead of interim figures later in the week. Muirhead were also weak following the decision to delay publication of its results until january, with the shares falling 12p to 246p. Plessey were also nervous ahead of today's second-quarter statement and shed 2p to 107p shed 2p to 107p

Equity turnover on November 30 was £149.691m (12,612 bargains). Active tooks yesterday, according to the Exc relegraph, were BP "New",
Consolidated Gold Fields, BP,
Lasmo, Seatchi & Saacthi,
Racad, Barclays Bank, Midland
Bank, Shell, Spillers, Coral
Leisure BAT's,

## Latest results

Brebner & Co (I)	Profits £m 0.26(0.18) 0.25(0.20) 2.1(2.0) 2.1(2.0) 1.5(1.3) 0.51(0.48) 0.13a(0.57) 0.05a(0.23) 0.219(0.421) of tax on pensh gross multiple	Earnings per share()() 20.05(17.16) 0.54() 0.10a(2.77)() 0.82(1.75) ce per share. I	Div pence 1.75(1.37) 1.15(1.1) 1.5(1.2) 2.0(1.5) () Nil() 0.4(0.39) 0.45(0.45) Elsewhere in end by 1.428.	daire ————————————————————————————————————	(ear's total) 3.5)))) lividend
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# Slower going at Giltspur

Financing investment out of cash flow has pur a brake on three years of specialcular profits growth at Mr. Maxwell Joseph's industrial services

Joseph's industrial services group, Ghtspir.

In the six months to September 30, 1979, pre-tax profits rose £116,000 to £2.1m on numover up from £40.3m to £47.8m.

The international exhibition The international examinon and display services subsidiary, Expo, again made the largest contribution, of £941,000, but this was slightly down on the first half of last year. However, Mr. Thomas Harker, group managing director explained that some £500,000 had been used to finance the United Kingdom and American expan-

unlikely to come through in the current period but they ought to boost profits next year.

The engineering davision in a freight and motors, harder disparity and the disectors creased his contribution by almost 50 per cent to £498,000 side, which comes into the disparity of the full despine the impact of the strike, freight division, is involved in year increase.



the exporting of engineering products. It saw a baccup in orders as a result of the dis-ruption. The freight side, however, is recovering from last year's downsorn and sucressed its pre-tex profit in the six months from a previous £350,000 to £504,000. The motor distribution activi-

ties, based on BL cars and trucks, saw some difficulties over supplies and profits slipped from a previous £775,000 to £589,000. The resionalization programme in this division is lakely to sake 18 months to put it right.

Despite the capital expendi-ture of the first half, borrow-ings have been reduced, and Mr Harker reports that, with the increased interest rates, the sion.

The benefits from this are Mr Maxwell Joseph, chairman group will try to reduce borrowings still further by the year

## Gold bars over-the-counter

From this morning, branches of the Standard Chartered Bank will be selling gold bullion over the counter

The move follows strong demand for bullion in the Far East where the bank's Hongand Singapore branches have been selling gold for nearly a year. But sales in the United Kingdom were made possible by the abolition of exchange controls.

Gold's spencular rise this selling of the standard chartered of a market in the price of the bars every morning. Standard Chartered is propossible by the abolition of exchange controls.

Gold's spencular rise this selling continuing clusive London Gold Market and a subsidiary of Standard Chartered. Standard Chartered of a market in the price of the bars every morning. Equally important, would not be carrying "massive builtion by effering to repurchase the bullion by effering to repurchase possible by the abolition of exchange controls.

Gold's spencular rise this Goldsmid, a member of the excost about £40. Mocatts & Goldsmid will set

# Matthew Hall in 10pc advance

Hit by transport and engineering strikes, which cost the group for the full year remains un- previous 1.8m to £2m. However, around 500,000, oil and chemical certain. However, with less than new subsidiaries have been set engineers Matthew Hall did re a month still to go, it looks up in Houston and Singapore month profits by 10 per cent in show a similar rise to the first compaines will depress earnings the period to September 30, nine months. If so, they will this year.

At the pre-tax level, profits 1978 total of £7.1m, to £7.8m. rose from £4.8m to 5.4m. Howfrom 3.6m to £3.4m.

putes and the bad winter delay- £1.3m.

ed the start of several contracts By contrast, oil, and chemical and he admits that the outcome engineering improved from a well to raise nine likely that year's profits will and the start up costs of these take the final figure, from a For shareholders there is 20

per cent dividend of 2.35p, Despite a good showing from which would have equalled 3.52p ever, stripping out a bigger mechanical services, the elec before the one for two scrip interest credit of £2m, against trical, instrument and northern issue. There is also a further £1.3m, trading profits slipped plumbing subsidiaries did not 0.252p net per share which remake the expected recovery, sults from the change in tax Sir Rupert Speir, chairman, The contribution from this divi- level after last year's final was reports that the industrial dis- sion fell by over a quarter to announced. The shares fell 4p

## Thyssen world and domestic output up

Thyssen, the German steel and turnover in stainless steel sector started well despite losses during last winter's pay conflict, but production was only slightly above the 1977-78

However, proceeds from steel sales were gradually improved, enabling the company to increase turnover by seven per cent to Dm7,800m (£2,060m)

and engineering group, said its by 15 per cent to Dm2,800m.
world and domestic groups Thream said in sover. Thyssen said in several increased production and turn-over in most sectors during the year to September 30. The steel year to September 30 despite because of foreign exchange In the domestic steel division

fixed-asset investments totalled Dm587m in the past year, while investments in the stainless steel division were Dm76m.

In the capital investment goods sector turnover was little changed at Dm8.400m.—Reuter.

# Dixon-Montfort: Panel steps in

By Alison Mitcheli The Take Over Panel has

stepped in to try to clarify the confusing David Dixon bid for Montfort (Knitting Mills).

Simultaniously with Dixon raising its cash and share offer to an equivalent 89p per share vectorial and share of the confusion of the co yesterday, a buyer appeared in the market to mop up any shares coming on offer at

shares coming on other at around 90p.

Palma Textile Group, owned by Mr Peter Bailey has a 12 percent stake in Montfort but Mr Bailey would not comment last night on whether or not it was his group which was doing the howers.

Merchant Bank has already accept seen the Panel. David Dixon & Son (Leeds),

Panel in advance, over dealigs in the market, and show that the action is not prejudicial to the sharebolders' interest. A decision from the panel

The terms of the increase his group which was doing the offer are one Dixon ordinary result.

buying share plus 426p in cash for Dixons shares yesterday fell today e will probably not every six Montford shares. 5p to 110p while Montford's have the same choice for he has been summoned to see the Take-

seen the Panel. David Dixon & Son (Leeds).

The dispute between Dixons a subsidiary of the Dixon Holdand Palama centres on Rule 37 ing company, yesterday anand Fakus centres on Rule 37 a subsidiary of the Dixon Holdand Fakus centres on Rule 37 ang company, yesterday anof the Trakeover Code which
states that anyone with a commencial interest in the subcome
of an offer must consult the
Panel in advance now delice. The company was hit by the bankrupacy of a supplier but Mr Harry Turpin, chairman, reports that production is now back to normal. The second

subsidiary companies, IMI Pax-man and Reddirch Controls, to-

### **UNITED KINGDOM** Considerable progress made towardsimprovingmanu-WESTAFRICA facturing efficiency Group turnover and profits Introduction of new products continue to derive principally on a selective basis has from West African operations. progressed Results for vear Business in Nigeria was disproportionately affected dominated by general downtum by road transport dispute. in economy-but there are now encouraging signs of recovery. Policy of strengthening and expanding local manufacture continues. GREECE Salesofecibleoil productshow substantial increase. Manufacture of own brandmargainehas commenced **EASTAFRICA AUSTRALIA** In Kenya traditional trading operations of Cussons Assisfaciony years supplemented with local Existing local product manufacture of range of tionshortlytobe toiletrics and cosmetics supplementativitin manufacture of Imposite which are enjoying good Leathertoiletsoan.

# Paterson Zochonis

# Satisfactory results despite adverse trading conditions

In the year ended 31st May 1979 trading was affected by adverse conditions in some of the group's major overseas markets and by industrial disturbances in the United Kingdom during the

Group turnover at £192 million was down 10%; profit before taxation fell 14% to £16.8 million; earnings per share were 53.16p compared with 57.32p for the previous year.

Atotal dividend of 9.0p pershare (1978-8.0p) is recommended which is covered 5.9 times.

4tistoo early to make any firm profit forecast for the year but figures to hand and present indications suggest that whilst the first half year's results will be lower than those for the corresponding period of last year, profits for the full year, subject to unforseen circumstances, will not be less than those of last year?

IOHNZOCHONS

Paterson, Zochonis & Co. Limited, Bridgewater House,



60 Whitworth Street, Manchester M16LU.

## Concentric may bid for Samuel Groves ing for shareholders to approve the disposal of Greenbat.

lands-based group which makes control equipment, valves and pumps, etc., is having talks with Samuel Groves and Co, which may lead to Concentric making an offer for Groves. The price is expected to be about £1.1m. Groves is a leading United King-don manufacturer of aluminium the hotel and catering in-

In the year to September 30, 1978, Concentric made a pre-tax profit of £1.51m, against £2.45m in the previous 12 months, on sales of £33.23m, compared with £31.54m. Concentric's board is being advised by Robert Fleming and Groves' advisers are N. M. Rothschild.

## Fairbairn may sell Greenbat offshoot

The board of Fairbairn Lawson has reached agreement for the disposal of its subsidiary, Greenbar, subject to share-holders' approval. Details of the disposal together with the 1978 annual report and accounts and the 1979 interior expresses. and the 1979 interim statement will be sent to shareholders as soon as possible. Notice will also be given to shareholders to re-convene the annual gen-eral meeting, adjourned from August 31 1979, and convene

NSS's £3m takeover in cash-and-carry

# NSS Newsagents has agreed to buy Ian Yates Ltd for £3.16m, plus the value at

February 29 next of net current assets and of certain listed securities; the price will be be subject to adjustment if changes in capital gains legisla-tion result from the 1980 budget. Yates are a wholesale cash and carry business in the confectionery and tobacco field with headquarters in Man-chester. The price will be satisfied by the issue by NSS

## Tarmac moves out of West Germany

Tarmac has disposed of the emainder of its West German business to local German in-terests for about £5m in cash The group no longer has any trading activities in Germany. Tarmac has made losses in Germany recently and started pulling out of that market last year. Earlier this year, Tarmac reported that its international

through a year of "barsh read organization, IMI Cornelius, justment to the changes in its will comprise the present IMI main Middle East markets, subsidiary companies, IMI Pax-Talbex tumbles into losses

In spite of the Talbex of the IMI subsidiaries to the Group's turnover expanding by four organization. IMI will nearly 36 per cent to £15.1m, make a cash payment to Corapretur loss of £131,000 was nelius of \$23m (about £1m). The annual turnover of the last, against a profit of £573,000 last time. The board is continuing with the recovery programme and tuntil the effects. gramme and until the effects of the Government's economic policy and of Tablex's own plans are more evident, it conpians are more erioent, it considers it in the best interests of the group not to decrease liquid resources. So, there is no dividend, against 0.820 gross last year. The "first-quarter's profits are "considerably" higher than last time.

IMI to link with

US vending company An agreement has been reached, subject to Government reached, subject to Covernment and other necessary approvals, between IMI and the Councilns Company of Minnesota, United States, to form a joint organization in Europe, which will be owned equally by the parties, in the beverage dispense and vending business area. The joint

subsidiary companies in Europe. In addition to the contribution

Marshalls (Halifax) doing well Lifting pre-tax profits for the half-year to September 30 by 24 per cent to £1.62m, Marshalls (Halifax) is boosting the in-terim dividend from 2.23p to 2.85p gross. "The group con-

tinnes to perform strongly.", declares Mr David Marshall, the chairman, and I am sure that the profit for the full year will compare favourably with last

Pre-tax profits for 1978-79 reached a record £2.66m. The group has identified new profit opportunities, some requiring additional capital expenditure and this was £1.3m higher than fixed the small profit and the small profits and the small pr for the similar period last year. Turnover was up from £14.58m to £16.67m.

Mr Norman Hay, the founder, chairman and joint managing director of Norman Hay, has died after a long illness. Mr L. F. Titramb continues to exercise the responsibilities of managing

NORMAN HAY

WESTPOOL INVESTMENT Revenue for half-year to October 31 after interest and expenses, £565,000 (£240,000). CRAMPHORN

With sales up 15 per cent to just short of £8m and expenses contained at an increase of 15 per cent Cramphorn reports a rise in net profit of £48,561 to a record £270,569 for the 53 weeks ended july 7, 1979. The directors recommend an increase in the dividend of 1.50 per share making a weal

SCOTTISH LIFE ASSURANCE

## Briefly

rates as from November 23. Revisions apply also to vesting selfemployed and occupational scheme
plans. Under the company's Personal Pension Bond with profits,
benefits for an annual premion
of £500 payable by a male life
aged between 44½ and 45 taking
his pension at age 65 would be:
tax free cash of £11,982 and a
pension of £3,455.76 per annum
payable mouthly in advance for

WINCHESTER LANDON TRUST Offer made on behalf of Messrs Jack Gardner and Montague Fisher closed on November 30. Accept-ances have been received in res-pect of 1.90m shares (68.4 per

## cent). Offerors now control 68.97 per cent of the issued share capital of WLT. WHEWAY WATSON

Turnover for half-year to Sep-tember 29, £6.55m (£7.06m). Pre-tax profit down from £421,000 to £219,000. Board reports that if year's results are as expected, year's dividend will be raised by 121 per cent. ANTOFAGASTA RAIL

Board of Antofagasm (Chiii) and Bolivia Rallway advising stockholders that offers by Turis-mo E Inmobiliaria Bio-Bio of 50p for each preference share and 41p for each ordinary are reasonable. Company is to purchase Hart and Co (City Road) for £375,000 cash plus value of Harts net tan-gible assets to be ascarting WEST OF ENGLAND TRUST

ARMITAGE SHANKS GROUP Ceramics Investment of the Netherlands has acquired 20,000 shares bringing total holding to 6.332m shares (20.11 per cent).

UNIGATE MANCHESTER DEAL.
Unigate has acquired, for an
undisclosed sum, business and
assets at Trafford Park Road,
Manchester, of Springfield Transport and Warehousing Group, a
subsidiary of Williams Hudson
Group. J. F. NASH-RELIANT MIR J. F. Nash Securities has received acceptances in respect of 4.477m Reliant shares (76.9 per cent of those not already owned), and 84.963 Reliant preference (85.0 per

## **Options**

The subdued tone of the equity market was reflected among the traded options mar ket yesterday where dealers reported conditions as being on the quiet side. The total number of contracts reached 346 com-pared with Fridays figure of 375.

Conditions among the traditional options were also quiet Olls continued to figure promi-nently among shares dealt with calls being made in Premier Oil, Utramar and KCA International. Doubles were com-pleted in Cons Gold, Howard & Wyndham "A" and Stylo Shoe

Jewelbond's offer for ordinary capital of Estates and Agency Holdings not already owned by associates of Jewelbond accepted for 8,200 shares (0.2 per cent). Offer now clused.

# RETAIL SALES

The following are the seasonally of retail sales and value of new

e l	Depa	ment creci	Trade.	by the
		Sales by	Percentage change latest 3 mostle on previous 3 mostle	New credi
ı- İ		YOMO# 1970 == 100	क्षी अस्मान्यः गर्यात	Em.
£	4070	10.00	en agent agent	_
į.	1978 Oct	110.2	4.5	515
	Nov	110.5	1.1	568
	Dec	113.8	2.6	501
	1979	1:4	. 77 - •	·-
r	Jan	109.6	2.9	525
	Feb	110.4	4.4	532
	Marc	110.8	-4.2	526
l-	April	115,4	36	566
١.	May	P13.5	7.0 24.0	622 680
-	June	120.3 108.7	. 6.9 ···	6312
.	July	111.5	1.1	654
y	Aug Sept		-20	616
y	Oct		-103	664
ď				
-	r rev	1980		:

## WHOLESALE PRICES

The following are the indices (1975=100) of wholesale prices of manufactured goods and the basic materials and fuels purchased by manufacturing industry released by the Department of Industry

	Output Price of prices materials (home and sales) fuels		% change on previous 6 months at annual rale	
14. / 1 <del>4</del> . 1	(1)	(2)	(1).	. (2)
1978		100 100		
Nov.	157.1	147.3	7.0	0.7
Dec	158.3	148.3	7.5	1.8
1979		·		•
Jan	160.0	150.8	8.2	7.0
Feb	161.7	152.2	9.1	11.4
March	163.2	153.5	9.9	12.4
April	165.5	158.4		18.2
			11.7	19.5
May	167.7	151.0	14.0	
June	170.9	164.6	15.6	23.2
July	174.8	165.4	19.4	20.3
Aug	176.3	166.5	18.9	17.7
Sept	178.2	.189.7	19.2	22.2
Octr	180.3	175.7	18.7	23.0
Nov p	181.4	178.0	17.0	22.2

# ress appointments NANCIAL NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS

## iree to n board **Spillers**

Hon J. Andrew Turner, chairman and chief ive of Dalgery, Mr G. Pryce, managing director tety UK, and Mr Maurice i, deputy managing direc-Dalgety UK, have been ted to the board of Spil-

. V. Perry is joining the of Flexello Castors and G. Hogg has been made chairman of Hogg Group.

J. M. Thornton has a director of J. and J. Mr R. D. Field has been ed a non-executive director.

ed a non-executive directive company.
In company.
In director, has been anaging director of Lyle g to succeed Mr Herbert kinshaw, Mr Brian B.
Ompany secretary, is to Icial director. Mr Walkwill continue as chair-Win Elsden has been massing director of

ed managing director of Business Systems, He s Mr John Blagden, who come deputy chairman director of THI Group

## ternational

ver

of Nigeria, in which through UAC Interhas a 40 per cent has published a prosfor an issue of £20m tent unsecured redeembenture stock 1994 as its long-term financing the prospectus includes. he prospectus includes st of pre-tax profits for ended September 30 ess than £35m against

er say this estimated uantifies the effect on geria of the difficult and business condi-Nigeria. The forecast ould result in a contri-from UACN to Uni-979 pre-tax results of sinst £30m, a reduction effected in Unilever's arrer results announced

## alis order

lijke Bos Kalis West-Group said its operat-pany received a 300m order from the East state of Dilbouti to

der includes the conof a factory in early ich will produce 5,000 cated houses, and the p of services such as ower, water and roads.

## onds

GUESE BANK, Banco no of Portugal, is rais-n through a nine-year it. Lead-managed by ink SA Luxembour-te credit has an inter-margin of 1 per cent ndon Interbank offered bor) throughout.

VTINA: A \$250m Euroor the Republic of a is currently under on. Likely terms for include a six-year life oterest rate margin of it above London Inter-

C BOND: In Brussels million European unit it 91 per cent 15-year Kredietbank Inter-Group is on offer until

RIDAY Westdeutsche nk Gironzentrale ex-o announce terms of

## ınk Base Rates

ys Bank .... Bank idated Crd15 idated Crdts 17%
re & Co ... \*17%
Bank ... 17%
1 Mercantile 17%
1d Bank ... 17% estminster . . inster .....

ms and Glyn's 17% y deposit on sums of OU and under 15%, up 225,000 15%, over 100, 15°-10.

# Promoting greater understanding of commodity contracts

A conference on contracts and law, organized recently by the Grain and Feed Trade Association (Gafta); had as its main tion (Gafta); had as its main objects to provide a forum in which to consider the law as it applies to commodity contracts; to promote a greater understanding of international commodity contracts including those of Gafta and to promote understanding of the effects of recent and pending changes in legislation.

legislation.

In a paper on the general law of contract, Professor A. G. Guest, Professor of English Law, King's College, University of London, reminded the conterence that contracts depend on an offer and an acceptance, but usually there is no need for any formal written agreement (as evidence—the motto of the Baltic Exchange. "My word. My bond.").

However, there can be com-

word. My bond.").

However, there can be complications: for example, when the acceptance includes variations or when the discussions are agreements to agree, which may depend on a formal contract. But if the main points have been agreed, there will ordinarily be a contract.

The incorporation of stead

ordinarily be a contract.

The incorporation of standard terms should also be familiar to the London commodity markets and it should be well understood that once a contract has been concluded it can be varied only by the agreement of both parties.

Mr Derek Kirby Johnson, a solicitor, spoke on the theme that the law was made for man and not that man was made for the law. On the offer and acceptance, be clarified that sellers should put a time limit on an option to buy. Specific provisions or typed alterations to a standard form were to a standard form were deemed to over-ride the printed form because such pro-visions were obviously more immediately in the parties'

On contracts and warranties, all stipulations should be viewed in the light of the actual effect on the parties of any breach of the term, ie, whether the term is a fundamental condition, any variation of which would entite the other party to say that the contract was at an end or some-

other party to say that the contract was at an end or something which should be settled by allowances.

This might be a matter for lawyers to decide. All stipulations should be viewed in the light of the actual effect on the parties. In any event, the default provisions of the contract remain in being for the settlement of the dispute.

Letters credit were in effect separate contracts and had to be complied with in all particulars and they might lead to difficulties if they varied from what was agreed in the original contract. Mr Johnson said that he questioned whether it was still correct to say that quality disputes formed the largest proportion of disputes in commodity trades generally.

Grounds of illegality or unsured the largest proportion of disputes in commodity trades generally.

Grounds of illegality or un-lawfulness had been pleaded as a reason for revoking a con-tract. The House of Lords had decided that it would depend where the place of performance was to be which law would apply and, therefore, government action in one country was not a valid legal reason for failing to perform in another. in another.

In manufer.

It was important to note that English law did not provide for "string" trading at all; hence the reason for printed contract forms containing the necessary provisions and the practice of having quality arbitrations between the last buyer and first seller.

and first seller.
Rights to interest on unpaid purchase monies should be reserved in advance. If there was insolvency, unascertained goods were transferred to the Receiver.

## Diamonds as an investment

In an economic analysis of in an economic analysis of investment grade diamonds, Hasenfeld-Stein, the major United States diamond manufacturing and trading corporation, points out that the price of diamonds, like those of common stacks, said and and account of the control common stocks, gold and real estate, responds to the interac-tion of the forces of supply and demand.

As inflation speeds up, so

does the demand for diamonds and prices move with the ebb and flow of the real gross national product Analysis indicates that a 1 per cent increase in inflation generates about a 1.5 per cent rise in diamond prices while a similar rise in real GNP will push up prices by a multiple of about three.

by a multiple of about three.

In times of recession, however, the sharp dampening effect of falling real gnp on diamond prices is muted. DeBeers, the diamond mining and marketing cartel which controls about 80 per cent of the world's rough diamond supply, tends to reduce supply when recession strikes and demand slumps, the review said.

With inflation almost certain With inflation almost certain to continue into the 1980s, investors will probably continue to forsake currency-deno-

vestors will probably continue to forsake Currency-denominated investments in favour of real assets, especially collectibles. World gap is expected to increase, though the United States and world economies will be plagued by intermittent bouts of inflation. When these occur, DeBeers, as in the past, will probably When these occur, DeBeers, as in the past, will probably cushion the impact on prices by curtailing supply, the review said, and in that environment diamonds should provide the investor with an excellent long-run return with minimum downside risk.

Commodities Editor

Landos Grain Patares Markets (Galia). EEC origin — BARLEY was lerely steady.—Isn 59.33. March 17.50: Vay 210190: Spet 254.75; Nov 93.40. Sales, 113 lots. WHEAT was farely lically—len 296.75; March 2101.10; May 2105.10. 296.75; March 2101.00. 231rs, 82 lots.

## Commodities

## Discount market

Credit flows proved adequate yesterday and no assistance was required of the authorities. With an eye to right conditions expected later in the week the market had opened a little nervously, with 152 per cent tentatively indicated for fresh overnight money.

But it soon became clear that a flat day was in prospect. The clearing banks were not doing much, and business really started around 152 per cent. In quiet frading, rates eased to 152-1 per cent over the course of the morning, and drifted on down to closing kevels around 141-1 per cent during the afternoon.

around 143-1 per cent during the afternoon.

The market had to fund a small net-Treasury bill take-up and there was a small figure for increased note cicculation. But liquidity was generated by bank balances that came across from Friday a small amount above target and by a moderate excess of Exchequer disbursements over Revenue

## Money Market Rates

Piral Class Finance Houses (Mit. Raters)
coulds 172 6 months 174

Planne House Base Rale 15 7's

# Recent Issues Jame price in parentheses \* Ez dividend. \* [aqued by lander z Nij paid, a 210 paid, b 220 paid, f Pally paid g 150p paid.

## Foreign exchange report

The dollar suffered further widespread and sharp losses on foreign exchanges yesterday. Libya's burning of the United States embassy in Tripoli triggered off fresh selling at the outset, and the dollar weakened further later when rumours spread round the Continent that auti-American demonstrations were taking place demonstrations were taking place in Saudi Arabia. The dollar plunged below 1.7100 against the German mark for the first time

Sterling ended 1.25 cent higher at 2.2130 against the dollar, having reached 2.2175 at one time. The effective exchange rate was finally unchanged at 69.9, after 70.0 at noon and at the opening.

German marks strengthened from 1.7300 to 1.7080 at the expense of the dollar, while Swiss francs gained from 1.5980 to 1.5620, and French francs rose from 4.06375 to 4.0200. The Japanese yen improved from 249.40 to 248.80.

LME metal stocks

Stocks in London Metal Exchange official warehouses at the end of last week (all in tonnes except silver) were: Copper down 3,750 to 136,425; Tin up 80 to 1.895; Lead up 225 to 19,050; Zinc down 600 to 41,700; Aluminium down 1,275 to 9,225; Nickel up 270 to 5,932; Silver up 1,410,000 to 10,360,000 troy ounces.

## Sterling Spot and Forward

Market 1889   Interest   Intere	Copenhagen Franklist Lisbra Madrid Milan Oslo Paris Stockholm Vienna Zurich	dise 2-2pf prem par-8bc dise 2bc prem-8bc dis 4r-3sir prem 3r-3sir prem 3r-3sir prem 3r-3sir prem 22-12gra prem 4-8c prem	1-Sure disc Tu-Buyl press 25-130c disc 25-130c disc 25-250c disc 25-250c press 6-60c press 57-410c press 18-7-55c press
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### J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited 3 Lovet Lane London EC3R SEB Telephone: 01-638 8651 The Over-the-Counter Market

7'1 3W		enre	Ch ge	Gross Divipi	Yld !v	P/E
_	Airsprung Group	77	+1	6.7	8.7	*4.5 *2.7
39 35	Armitage & Rhodes	43	_	3.8	9.0	*6.5
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13	Bardon Hill	93		5.0	5.4	10.2
13 50	Deborah Ord	<i></i>	_	•		
33	Dehorsh New Urd	-			_	
	Fully Paid Kigots	93	_	47.5	5.0	<u> </u>
40	Deborah 171° CULS	353	_	17.5		*8.1
40	Degotal 171 "	105		12.8	12.2	.0.1
20	Frederick Parker	110	_	16.5	15.0	
10 15 17	George Blair	61	_	5.2	8.5	*3.6
:5	Jackson Group	114		7.2	6.3	10.0
77	lames Burrougn			31.3	12.5	*4.9
50	Robert Jenkins	250	_	14.3	6.4	<b>*5.9</b>
ŶÕ.	Torday Limited	225	_		. 4.3	<b>*3.7</b>
14	Twinlock Ord	19 ł	_	8.0		-3.7
14	TWINIOUX OIL	76	+1	0.8	15.8	<u></u>
22	Twinlock 12 ULS	54	+1	2.6	4.8	11.5
23	Unilock Holdings	80		4.4	5.5	5.3
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ints prepared under provision of SSAP15.

## Dollar spot Sterling: other rates markets Australia Babrein Funiand Greece Hongtong Irea Ireand Kuwaii Malay (ia Mexico New Zeal and Saudi Arabid Singapore South Africa " Ireland qualed to US currency. "Capada \$1; US \$85.71-88.74 **EMS:** Euro currency unit rates

+1.44 -0.79 -0.45 -0.62

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**Euro-\$ Deposits** 

Authorized Units, Insurance & Offshore Funds									
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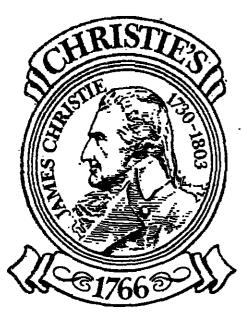
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Important Italian and French Drawings. Catalogue 53.50.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11 at 11 a.m.
Fine Dutch, Flemish and German Drawings. Catalogue 13.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 11 at 11 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. Important Wood-Carvings, Sculpture and Bronzes. Catalogue 22.50.

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RYDE PARK HOTEL ON THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27 and FRIDAY, December 28 there will be an exhibition in the Baltroom of the Hyde Park Botel of Works of Art to be sold in January by Christie's King Street and Christie's South Kensington.

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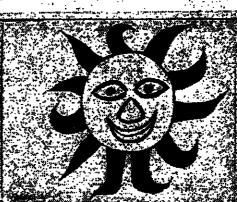
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candlesticker; selected Old Sheffield plate;
Illust, cal. II.

Reduction; P. H. L. Ionaics, A. Leu: B. FAIRINGS; POT LIDS & STAFFORDJimbons; L. Ransch; B. Gistelli,
J. Thorse, F. Stacobant; L. Willems, Ithus,
candesticker; selected Old Sheffield plate;
Illust, cal. II.

Reduction; P. H. L. Ionaics, A. Leu: B. FAIRINGS; POT LIDS & STAFFORDJimbons; L. Ransch; B. Steinhold; G. Steelli,
J. Thorse, F. Stacobant; L. Willems, Ithus,
can, II.

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SELECTED WATERCOLOURS & DRAWPNGS incl. works by E. F. Rejeckade; Lady
E. Baller, A. Thorteirn, J. C. Hatrison;
E. Blampied; T. S. Robins; H. S. Stammard;
A. J. Convenivegan; F. B. Hardy; Illust, cat.
Ifp.

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Incl. works by B. J. Bloomers; Sir W.

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Hutchinson; P. H. L. Ionaics, A. Leu: B. FAIRINGS, PAIRINGS, POT LIDS & STAFFORDIncl. A. J. Character at 11 a.m.

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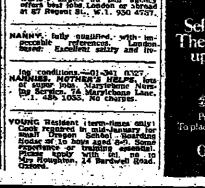
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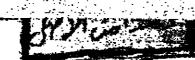
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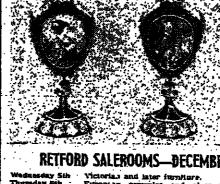
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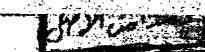
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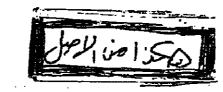
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المنافي والمنافرة والمنافر

the villagers of Pipli. northern India, where 80 per the men were sterilized during the Emergency. the Moonsoon (ITV, 9.00)

cidence of screening preventing my seeing, and commenting on, last week's opening instalment of Grigsby's trilogy Before the Monsoon; about India on The laurels that have been heaped on its head have grind my teeth in frustration. I have, however, seened in the series (ITV, 9.00). It is good, perhaps very not outstandingly good, mainly I think because it argely of statements made to camera. But what ly during Mrs Gandhi's state of emergency in 1975—the sed who had to make way for Sanjay Gandhi's brutal n squads in old Delhi, the men who were forced to be the students who were tortured, the women who illiated, the father who lived in hope without realizing on for whose life he pleaded, had already been done to prison. The film, then is a catalogue of terrible its against Mrs Gandhi, many of them delivered in rm, some in photographs but most of them, as I have atements to an unscen interviewer. Next week, we shall

t's edition of Chronicle (BBC 2, 8.35) is about the ization of Peru and should appeal not only to gical students (though the thrust of the programme in their direction, I believe) but to anyone who was ned by Peter Shaffer's play The Royal Hunt of the whose appetite for more information about the lucas rfore, have been whetted. Ian Holm is the narrator.

inderstand some people's objections to the way Johnny thropomorphizes animals. They must feel the same ney. A lot of other people, though, and especially will be delighted to know that Mr Morris is back again w series of Animal Magic (BBC 1, 4.40). He is joined, enters, by Rocky, the Rockbopper Penguin, and Cocky,

unemorate the third anniversary, today, of the death in Britten, his opera The Turn of the Screen, based James's chilling short story, is broadcast direct from m Coliseum tonight (Radio 3, 7.30). In spectral stereo,

IE SYMBOLS MEAN: † STEREO; \* BLACK AND WHITE;

# **Broadcasting Guide**

Edited by Peter Davalle

## TELEVISION

BBC 1

12.45 pm News and weather. 1.00 Pebble Mill at One: includes Family Matters, with legal, medical and financial advice from David Delvin. Par Petch and Vincent Duggleby

cent Duggleby.

1.45 Bagpuss: story of an old cloth cat. Close dawn ot 2.00.

3.25 Dechran Siarad: Welsh lesson. 3.55 Play School: the story of Ashok's Kite. 4.20 Secret Squirrel; cartoon. Scuba-Duba-Duba. 4.25 Jackanory: Janet Mew con-tinues reading The Elephant War, by Gillian Avery.

4.40 Animal Magic: Johnny Morris with another series about fur and feather. Includes an unusual personnention (see Personal Choice). 5.05 John Craven's Newsround: junior newsreel. 5.10 The Record Breakers: the smallest, tallest, fastest this that

and the other. Includes an attempt on the world record for parallel bar dips. 5.40 News: with Peter Woods. 5.48 News: with reter words.
5.55 Nationwide: London and regional news features.
6.50 Rolf Harris's Cartoon Time: includes Bugs Bunny and Tom and large.

Jerry. 7.29 Film: Blindfold (1966). American comedy-thriller with Rock Hudson as a psychologist in-volved in a plot to kidnap a scien-tist. With Claudia Cardinale, A cut above the average. 9.00 News: with Kenneth Kendall.

9.00 News: with Annieth Actional.
9.25 Time Express; awful American
series in which Vincent Price and
Coral Browne are conductors on a
train that takes people back into
their past, for adjustments. This journey is not recommended.

10.15 Mainstream: the weekly arra programme that whizes round the regions and occasionally comes up with something of interest.

10.45 Question Time: Robin Day,

plus panellists, plus audience, in a free-for-all discussion. The panel: Conservative MP Eidon Grafiths. Observer editor-in-chief Conor Craise O'Brien, journalist Gaia Servadio and former industry secretary Eric Variey. 11.45 News and weather, Regions

BEC 1 VARIATIONS: Scotland: 12.39
sen News. 5.55 Reparting Scotland:
6.50 On the Green. 10.15 Current
Account. 10.45 Can Sec 11.20 Write
Away. 11.25 Walastraum. 12.05 and
News and weather. Walest 4.40 pm Ci
d r Eric Samson. 5.55 Wales 10.01;
6.50 Haddiw. 7.05 Pobol: y Cwrn. 7.35
Theorie Awards. 2.55 Some Vottlers do
'Ave 'em. 11.45 News and weather,
Northorn Ireland: 2.52 pm News. 5.55
State Committee of the Co weather. Especial recalling Especial recalling Especial Special Special Press. Lindon Special Research Flavour of the Midhards. North Home bown. North Esst. What's Concret North Home bown. North Esst. What's Concret North Home. Waster- The Dobby South Pare Liventon Scuth West Markey Day Out.

the young jobless (r). Closedown at 4.35 10.05 am Bustness World:

were made.

teachers, schools and housing and their relationship with commerce, Closedown at 10.30. Closedown at 10.50. 21.00 Play School: same as BBC1,

BBC 2.

11.25 Write Away, how to write better personal letters. Also Andrew Sachs (Manuel in Fawity Towers) with spelling hints.

11.40 A Child's Place: repeat of 11.40 A. Child's Place: repeat of Sunday's programme about children's rights—Klds and Play Space. Closedown at 12.05
2.30 the Engineers: with the technical director of Coalbrookdale Iron Foundry, Ron Clark (7).
3.00 Whistle Blowers: the journalist and the law of libel and contempt. Chris Dunkley introduces (r).

3.30 The Living City: sociology series. Today: Who Ordered their Estate? (r). Closedown at 3.55 4.10 A Taste of Work: advice for

THAMES

At 4.33
5.35 Laurel and Hardy: The Hoosegow\* Stan and Oliver in prison (that is what Hoosegow means). Made in 1929, when most of the couple's best short films

5.55 Grange Hill: comprehensive school series. Today? a school unischool series. Today: a school uni-form protest.

6.20 The Waltons: part one of The Return in which John-Boy tries to revive an abandoned mine.

7.05 Cricket: First Test, Highlights from the fourth day's plan between Australia and West Indies. From Brisbane.

7.35 News: with sub-titles for the hard of heraing.
7.40 Testament of Youth: final part of Vera Brittain's biography. The Great War is over and Vera takes up writing and politics. Not much more than a tidying-up episode. really, but not to be missed none the less (r).

3.45 Georgie Fame and Company: music show, the guest is Alan Price, who once partnered Mr

4.15 Get it Together: pop music show. Includes the Electric Light Orchestra and The Inmates.

up the last, and thinking about the future in this mountainous area of

9.25 pm: Man Alive. The Baby Business—how childless couples can buy their own baby in the 10.15 The Mike Harding Show: last

of this series of one-man comedy shows, with music. Tonight, Mr Harding ventures into the Lanca-shire jungle and goes to a posh

10.45 pm: Rugby League: The 1979 Challenge Cup final, Widnes v Wakefield (highlights).

11.20 News and weather.

11.35 The Old Grey Whistle Test: rock music, With Judie Tznke and UK. Presented by Anne Nightin-gale, Closedown at 12.15 am

### Also, collecting Toby Jugs and an item on Christmas cards for black neonle 9.30 am Next Term : 9.30 A Place people. 2.45 The Love Boat: comedies on board a cruiser. Today: Gopher the

to Live (the spider); 9.50 Bozanic Man (crucible of life); 10.20 Good Health (need for sleep, exercise); 10.35 How we Used to Live (Victorian Christmas).

torian Christmas).

11.00 Cartoon Time: featuring Barnie, Goggle and Smuffy Smith.

11.10 Little House on the Prairie: family stories. Today: a hurricane makes Charles Ingalls (Michael Lansdon) consider his future (r). 12.00 Simon in the Land of Chalk Drawings: Bernard Cribbins tells

12.19 pm Rainbow: the theme is legs, in humans and animals.
12.30 The Sullivans: yet another family series this morning. This one is set in Australia.
1.00 News: with Peter Sissons.
1.20 Thames News: with Robin

1.30 About Britain: West Country tour with a boxing booth owned, and still run, by 80-year-old Ma

4.45 Magpie: magazine for young

5.15 Star Gardens: a chance to admire the perennials that grow in the garden of Noel Dyson, the tress. A pleasant programme, esented pleasantly by Keith For-5.45 News. 6.00 Thames News: local round-up

of news and features.
6.25 Help I Joan Shenton with more advice for people in need of 6.35 Crossroads: the motel series.
Tonight: a confession for PC 2.00 After Noon Plus: are mort. Cater. 12.15 am C gages a good idea ? Experts tell us. 7.00 Year of the Child: Too Old Vince Hill.

for Toys; second in this new series. The story of the problems faced by a 13-year-old girl and a 14-year-old boy who, as undergraduates at the University of Washingron, Seattle, have to try and fit into an adult educational world. 7.30 Star Games: stage and screen

stars compete in athletics, with Michael Aspel trying to impose a semblance of order. 8.30 George and Mildred : domestic

comedy series with Yootha Joyce and Brian Murphy. Tonight: a sad departure for George's goldfish. 9.00 Before the Monsoon: part 2 of this important series of documentaries about recent Indian history.
Tonight: India in the iron grip of
Mrs Gandhi's state of emergency
isee Personal Choice).
10.00 News. 10.30 Film: Madhouse (1974) Hor-

ror thriller about a horror star (Vincent Price) who is much better at this sort of thing than he is in the EBC's Time Express (also on tonight). Peter Cushing co-Stars. 12.15 am Close: Poetry, read by

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### RADIO

Radio 3 5.55 am-8.05 (mw only from 7.00) Cricket: Australia v West Indies. 6.55-7.00 (mw only) Weather:

7 nn.7 05 (whf only) News. 7.05 (vhf only) Records: Debussy, Mozart.† 8 Debussy, Mozart.† 8.00 (vhf onl; ) News. \$.05 Records: Cherubini, Chopin, Schubert (Sym 3).†

9.00 News. 9.05 Records: Kadaly.† 10.06 Chamber music: Schubert, Berg.† 10.35 Interval reading. 10.40 Chamber music: Smith, Dvorak, Brahms.†

Smith, Dvorak, Brahms.†
11.30 Quartet: Holmboe.†
11.30 Quartet: Holmboe.†
1.00 pm News.
1.05 Six Comments.
1.20 Ulster Orch: Harty. Handel.†
2.00 The Polignac Salon.†
3.05 Piano (John Lill): Bach, Hindemith, Balakirev.†
3.50 In Short.
4.00 Piano (Lill): Brahms, Beethoven (op 111).†
4.55 Jazz Today.†
5.25 Homeward Bound.†
5.45 News.

5.25 Homeward Bound.†
5.45 News.
5.50 Homeward Bound.†
6.15 At Home.†
7.10 Harpsichord (Puyana): Telemann, Boil, C. P. E. Bach.†
7.30 Opera: The Turn of the Screw by Britten (live from London Coliveum—ENO Friend) Act 1.†
8.25 A.R.T.H.U.R. and M.A.R.T.H.A.; love story for computers.†

puters.† 8.45 The Turn of the Screw Act 9.45 A Child of Lir: portrait of Hamilton Harty. 10.45 The Beecham Legacy: Mehul, Stravinsky, Adrian Beecham, Men-delssohn (Sym 5), 11.45 Organ: Messiaen.† 11.55-12.00 News.

Radio 2 VHF 6.50 am Regional news, weather, 7.50 Regional news, weather, 5.50 pm Regional news, weather, 11.00-11.30 Study on 4: Por acui 5.00 am News Weather, 5.04 Steve Jones.† 7.32 Terry Wogan.† 10.03 Colin Berry.† 12.15 pm Waggoners' Walk, 12.30 Derek Hobson.† 2.15 David Hamilton.†

WAVELENGTHS: Radio 1 medium wave 275m/1089kHz or 285m/1053kHz. Radio 2 med wave 330m/909kHz or 433m/593kHz and 58-91 VHF. Radio 3 med wave 247m/1215kHz and 90-92.5 VHF. Radio 4 long wave 1500m/200kHz and 92-95 VHF. Greater London area only; med wave 720kHz/417m. LBC 261m, 97.3 VHF. Capital 194m, 95.8 VHF. World Service; med wave 648kHz (463m). BBC Radio London 206m, 94.9 VHF.

### REGIONAL TV

Granada

Radio 4

6.30 Today.

9.00 News.

7.00, S.00 News.

7.30. S.30 Headlines.

10.00 News. 10.05 In Britain Now.

9 30 Tuesday Cally Wine

12.55 Weather. 1.00 The World at One. 1.40 The Archers.

2.00 News. 2.02 Woman's Hour, 3.00 News. 3.02 Lister with Mother.

3.15 Men at Arms (2.1† 4.10 Bookingh. 4.40 Pretiew.

4.45 Story. Bridge. 5.00 P.M.

Water Under

5.55 Weather.
6.60 News.
6.30 Many a Slip.†
7.00 News.
7.05 The Archers.
7.20 Policing Freedom: Discussion.

8.05 In Touch. 8.30 The Magic of Music.+ 9.15 A Sideways Look: Talking to

9.30 Kaleidoscope.
10.00 The World Tonight.
10.30 The Hornblower Story (1).†
11.60 A Book at Beddine.
11.15 Financial World Tonight.
11.30 Today in Parliament.
12.00 News. weather

.00 News, weather. .15 am-12.23 Inshure forecast.

Yesterday in Parliament.

11.00 News.
11.05 Play: The Striking Image,
11.05 Play: The Striking Image,
11.35 Strik Small Voices (2).
11.35 Sounding Off,
12.00 News.
12.00 Down Your Way,
12.50 Weather

6.00 am News Briefing. 5.10 Farming Today,

As Theore extent: 11.00 am The Flint-stones, 17.20 History Around You, 11.35 Certoon, 11.45 A Handfur of Songs, 1.20 pm Granada Heparts, 2.45 Fainty 5.10 The B Your (19ht, 5.15 Crostroid, 6.00 Granada Reports, 6.30 University Challenge

Grampian As Thames except: 9.20 First Thing 11.00 Supersay 11.50 The Animales 1.20 pm Gramptan Headlines. 2.45 Yaung Ramsat. 5.15 Survival. 6.00 Gramptan Today, weather, 6.08 Out of Town 12.15 am Reflections. 12.20 Gramptan Headlines.

Westward

Southern

As Thames except: 11.00 am Little House on the Prairie, 11.50 The Animales, 1.20 Pm Southern News, weather, 3.45 Georgie Fame and Company, 5.15 Dict Tract, 5.20 Cross-roots, 6.00 Day by Day, 12.10 am Southern News, weather, why are you Afraid?

ATV

Ulster As Thames except: 11.00 am The Herbs, 11.15 Larty the Lamb, 11.25 Stars on Ice, 11.50 The Animates, 1.20 pm Lunchtline 2.45 Young Ramsev, 4.13 Ulster Headlines, 5.15 Cartons, 5.20 Cmegoads, 6.00 Good Evening Lister, 12.15 am Beddime.

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ines, 11.00 Animated Classics, 1.20 pm North East Headlines, 5.15 Mr and Mrs. 6.00 Northern Life, 10.30 North East Headlines, 10.35 Come In. If You Lan Get In. 11.05 Film The Hogge That Wouldn't Die (Barbara Manwyck, Iklchard Egan., 12.25 am Enlugue.

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7.30 Folk 79.† 8.02 Sporting Special: soccer, boxing, 11.02 Laughter in the Air, 12.05 am Brian Matthew, 2.03-5.00 You and the Night and the Music.†

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5.00 am As Radio 2, 6.00 Dave Lee Travis. 9.00 Simon Bates. 11.31 Paul Burnett. 2.00 pm Andy Peebles. 4.31 Kid Jensen. 7.00 Per-sonal Call. 8.00 Mike Reid. 9.50 Newsbeat. 10.00 John Peel.† 7.50 Newsocat. 10.0 June Feet.;
12.00-5.00 am As Radio 2.
VHF RADIO 1 and 2: 5.00 am With Radio 2. 8.02 Tuesday Night is Gala Night.; 9.02 Max Jatta.; 9.55 Sports Desk.
10.00 With Radio 1. 12.00-5.00 am With Radio 2.

World Service

am With Radio 2.

Crossroads 5.00 Report West, who Report Wales, 5.30 Georgie Fame and Company 10.00 News, Report West Hoadling-Hardling-H

Channel As Thames exerpi: 12.30 pm The Sullivans. 1.20 Channel News, What's in Where, weather, 5.15 Sam. 6.00 Renor at Six, 10.28 Channel news, weather 12.15 am Commentaires. Weather.

As Thames except: 11.00 am Cartona Times 11.10 The Mackengle Affair. 1.20 pm Calendar News, weather 2 45 Cubbages and Kings. 3.15 Calendar Tuesday, 5.15 Bonkers, 6.00 Calendar,

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Matthew William:

IMMONDS. On July 4th. 1979.

at Shrudells, Wallord to Hugh

and Jane! Ince Smith:—a

daughter (Tanya Janet Victoria)

a stater for Juliot.

daughter (Tanya Janet Victoria)
a stater for Jailiot.

ULLMANN.—On December 1 at the
Wibeck Clinic to Susie Ince
Hill: and Michael—a daughter
Johannah.
WOMACK.—On 19th July, 1979.
to Joanna (Hodger, and Wichael
—a second son (James William).
YOUENS.—On November 30 at
Ciencagies Hosoital, Singapore,
to Annabelle and Richard—a Son
(Adam James), a brother for
Christian and Arabelle.
ZIEGLER.—On November 1, in
Washington DC, to Janot (mee
Icaacs) and Charles, a mach
loved and wanted son (Matthew
Charles), a brother for Victoria.

DEATHS

BDEL MOREIM. H.R.H. PRINCE
NOHAMED.—On Saturday 1st
December in Istanbul, Regont of
Egypt, 1952 to 1955, son of
Kindise Abbas Himil II. hasband
of H.H. Princess Nesistan,
father of a Prince Abbas Himil
and Princess Rebal to be
burled in the Cairo family,
mausoleum on wednesday Sth
December.

December.

ADAMS.—Or December 2nd, 1979, neacefully at her home, in Sournemouth, Kathleen May, 93, widow of Dr Henry Adams, of North Shields Loving mother of Ronald and the late Jean, and a devoted grandmother and great grandmother. Cremation Thursday, 6th December at 3.15 p.m., at Bournemouth Crematerorium. Enguries to Deric Scott, Portugal Lodge Funeral Home. Bournemouth 34311.

1DAMS.—On 3rd December, 1979.

Reverend C. H. Persons, the Vicarage, Burford.

BETHELL.—On November 29th. 1979, suddenly at home. Jackoming and the Jackoming and the Jackoming and the Jackoming and the Jackoming and Frends, Fungral pit also. In Jackoming a hor request, Memorial service, with frequent Mass. Friday, December 7th, at St Alossius Church. Oxford, at 12.00 noon.

CMURSTON.—On December 1st, 1979, at home, at Woodcle. St. Andrew, Guernsey, Sandra, wife of Lord Churston, mother of David Wynne-Griffiths, peacefully after a long liness. No flowers. cocks.—On 50th November, 1979.

DEATHS

ness. Funcral has taken place. Danations. If desired, to Cancer Remounch.

Epidon DSON.—On December 3nd.

1979. Rupest Jamos Kinghners, aged system years, adorad irrigs son of Anthony and Hillary and yerly dear standards of Jill Truster. Funeral service on Friday, need, wellington Berteller, and Company. 15 desired. In Lenkarnia Research. Lombard St., London ECSV 94U. Ford.—On Decomber 2nd, Oxford. John Ford. MA. DSC. Jet director East African Trypenosomissis Research Cryamboulon beloved husband on Granboulond between Husband and Amanda. aged 69. Cremation private. Ford.—On Decomber 2nd 2017 a singer of Hills Place. Curry Rivel. Sander of Hills Place. Curry Rivel. Sander Developed Private cremation. James of Hills Place. Curry Rivel. Sander Private Cremation 29, 1979. ARRE.—On November 29, 1979. ARRE.—On November 29, 1979. F.R.C.P. W.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

to the District Nurses, Association, Hyers Street, Bath.

1979. In her Both year, Lellawite of the Life Brigsdier W. F.

1979. In her Both year, Lellawite of the Life Brigsdier W. F.

1971. In her Both year, Lellawite of the Life Brigsdier W. F.

1971. In her Both year, Lellawite of Geoff of Littledown Fatte

1972. Hence Carlon Control Fatter, Cantonia Carlon Swiller, Carlon Carlon Swiller, Carlon Carlon Carlon Swiller, Carlon Carlon Swiller, Carlon Carlo

2 p.m., followed by cremation at Oakley Wood. No flowers by request.

MOMBER.—On December 1st. peacrfully in hotolital. Staan Elizabeth nee Agnew. mach loved by Robin. High & Arlan. Puncral service at 1 pm followed by private cremation. No flowers, piease. Enquiries to J. H. Kenyon Ltd. tel. 101-634 Joj24 NANKIVELL.—On 50th November. 1979. James William. of Ellesmere. Strongshire. Funeral at Etiesmere Parish Church. December 6th, at 3 p.m. No flowers. Tranksgiving service at Elicomere Colloge Chapel. Feb. 7th. 1980. at 3 p.m. On flowers. Tranksgiving service at Elicomere Colloge Chapel. Feb. 7th. 1980. at 3 p.m. On December Std. peacefully at Waiton Rouse Nurs.

.—On 28th Novem ham Charles Alexa derling hashand of

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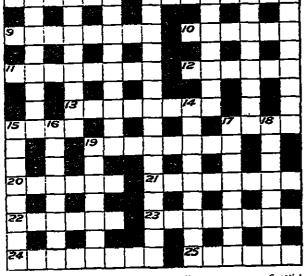
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BIRTHS BATHETT.—On November 30th, in Landon, to Georgian and Charles

Lindon, to Season — education of the purpose of the control of the

Op 30th November, at as Hospital S.E.I. to one Tindal-Cardi-and Hugh—a son

The Times Crossword Puzzle No 15,089



I Puts in a place that's safe as houses [6].

having formed 5 Resort supreme, work included Right (6-5-4).

15 Present for Françoise, shows she's no boy (4).
17 Get pain in back when taking pieces inside (4).
19 Brief flight—yearn to be (3. 5).
17 Witnessed editor supporting at match (3).
18 Generous applause, but not everyone joins (5).
19 New suit in cooler material

free of gravity (8). 29 Cut in magnitude of sound back on the road (8). 22 Dandy had on his ensemble (vulgar fashion) (6).

23 Poor ladia out in dramatic test (8). Note what's known about evil haunted castle here

23 Moves timidly, like Liberal amid Left and Right (6).

2 Richard couldn't get even this—how petty! (3-5). 3 Guide's first part about fine French city (8).

# Not even an extra crust at

.. Not if you're old and live in one of the world's hunger countries. You'll be " lucky " to have one scanty meal.

**Christmas** 

If you who read this expect enough to eat this Christmas, and even gifts and good cheer, then sea town ? befriend someone who will Right (6.5-4).

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Right (6.5-4). go hungry unless you help.

the starving. Food supplies urgently needed.

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stamp needed) Please let us know if you would like your gift us**ed** for particular purpose.

## PERSONAL COLUMNS ALSO ON PAGE 23

DEATHS

STUDD. — On November 30.

1979. After a long tilness. Born callantily and indeptity. The Revil Roper American Study. The Revil Roper American and Son of the Study. The Revil Roper and son of the Study. The Roper and son of the Study. The Study December 6 at 2 pm. initiative and Doddiscombeloigh, Deventhire, 21 11.30 am. Friday December 7. No Rowers or letter, donalisms if desired for St. Peter's Ardingly where he was Revior for acrity 9 years. C. o Mr. H. Ardins. 1 Mumbon Road, Ardingly or to the Cancer Research Campaign, 2 Carliam House Terrace. London, SW1.

WALEWSKI.—On November 30th, suddenly, Dr. Antoni Walewski, and Michael. Femeral December 6th in Bradford. R.I.P.

WEMMAM.—On December 1st. 1979. Dorothy Mary. of 34 Cookam Valley Road, South Croydon, vidow of Gilbert, devoted mother of Peter and Mancy and Grandmother of Peter and Mancy and Grandmother of Peter and Mancy and Grandmother by request. WINE AND DINE DEATHS FRESH PATE DE FOIE GRAS EN-CROUTE FROM GEORGES BRUCK, STRASBOURG From £35 to £117 available at SIRLEY & COEDMINS LID. 66 Fulham Rd., Landon SWS. YACHTS AND BOATS

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you on your birthday and every
dat'. Lore.—Giles.
ROBINSON, HYMAN.—In loring

ROBINSON, HYMAN.—In Ioving momery of my father who died 4th December, 1948.—Lionel. SAMSON.—In loving memory of Freds. who died ith December. 1968.—J. S. and P. F. VOS. BERNARD.—In ever-forting memory of our beloved hasband father, son, who left as 80 Suddenly 5 years ago today.—Fam. Peter. Geoffray. Num. **ANNOUNCEMENTS** 

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